CHAPTER II

LITERATURE REVIEW

This chapter deals with theoretical framework and review of related studies. First, the writer reviews related theories used in this study: cohesion and the types by Halliday and Hasan (1976) in their book entitle "Cohesion in English" as the main theory and Renkema (2004) as the supporting theory, especially in lexical cohesion. Second, the writer also reviews some related studies which are convenient to this study.

2.1 Theoretical Framework

2.1.1 Cohesion

One of the principal criteria in discourse paid most attention to is cohesion. Cohesion is semantic relation between an element in the text and some other elements that is crucial to the interpretation of it. It refers to relations of meaning that exist within the text, and that define it as text (Halliday and Hasan, 1976). From that definition, cohesion means linking phrases together so that the whole text is clear and readable. Cohesion is expressed partly through the grammar and partly through the vocabulary. Therefore it can refer to grammatical cohesion and lexical cohesion.

In Cohesion in English (1976), Halliday and Hasan divide cohesion into two categories: grammatical cohesion and lexical cohesion. Grammatical cohesion