ABSTRACT

The low purchasing power of the poor to food clearly opposed to the goals of national development. Where one of the goals of national development is to realize that people have food security in various situations and conditions. Various policies have been adopted by the government to achieve food security ensures the availability of adequate food for residents, especially the poor. Finally that until the decision to implement the program of food aid through the Raskin program operations conducted by BULOG. In practice, the Raskin program different kinds of constraints such as a target, abuse, lack of support for local government or other errors. Therefore, community participation and the role of government is essential to achieve the success of government programs.

The objective of this research is to know the implementation of the Programme of Raskin (rice for poor families), how the role of institutions in the district level, District and Sub-Regional Division North Surabaya in supporting the success of the implementation of Programme of Raskin (rice for poor families) and to find out how public participation towards the success of the implementation of the Poor Programme.

To answer the abovementioned problem, qualitative research method is used with descriptive research type. The choosing of informant is done by purposive. Data is gotten through the observation process and deep interview, while also using documented data sources and investigation of online data. The validity of the data is tested through the data source of triangulation which is presented is the valid data. Analysis and data interpretation is done by three section that is open coding, locates themes and assigns initial codes or labels in a first attempt to condense the mass of data into categories. Axial coding, that is an organized set of initial codes or preliminary concepts, and selective codes, involves scanning data and previous data, makes comparison and contrasts after most or all data collection is complete.

Results obtained from this research indicates that the Policy Programme rice of the poor (Gakin scheme) can be said has not effective yet because the government is less precise in determining the target group. While the form of public participation in the implementation of the Raskin program can be seen from the participation in the planning, implementation, supervision and evaluation program to enjoy Programme implementation of Raskin and to know how public participation towards the success of the implementation of Raskin program.

Keywords: Programme of Rice for the poor (RASKIN), Role Government, and Public Participation