ABSTRACT

Research on the problems of representative democracy in the context of the modernization policy case Dinoyo market town of Malang, conducted to find out how the problem of political representation, and political preferences of each member of Malang city DPRD in the case. Theory used in this study is the theory of political representation Penechel Hannah Pitkin.

In this study, the authors use this kind of qualitative research strategy case study (case study), as well as data collecting technique by using the observation (observation), in-depth interviews (in-deep interview), and documentation (documentation). In this study obtained data from legislators, especially Democrats faction, PDIP, Golkar, the Office of the market and the management P3DKM and surrounding communities. Subject of study is determined by sampling the informant purposiv predetermined based on the needs of the necessary information about the problem of representation in the context of market development Dinoyo case.

The findings in this study is the occurrence of problems in representation in the context of the modernization of traditional markets Dinoyo a modern market, among others: (1) The occurrence of indifference towards the political aspirations of the merchant, in which the plenary session of parliament passed a draft agreement kerjasma (2) in response to market modernization policies Dinoyo, members of Malang there is a discrepancy between the factions supporting and who refused. The faction in favor of another faction of the Democratic Party, PDIP and Golkar, and the fraction of the refuse consists of the fraction of PKB, PKS, PAN and the combined fractions (Gerindra, Hanura and Peace). (3) The failure of political parties in the regeneration process, giving rise to representative figures are not sensitive to the interests of the people.

Key word: Democracy, Representative Democracy and Political Preferences