

ABSTRACT**Decision Making Process to Become Acceptor of Long-Term Contraceptive Method for Family Planning in Low Parity Young Fertile Married Couple in Surabaya
(A Study in Subdistricts Tambaksari and Sawahan)**

Research background was low and declining use of long-term contraceptive method (LTM) in Fertile Married Couple (FMC). The purpose of this study was to analyze the decision-making process to become acceptor of LTM and non-LTM family planning in Low Parity Young Fertile Married Couple (LP YFMC). The design of this study was quantitative study with case-control approach. This study was conducted at subdistricts Tambaksari and Sawahan, Surabaya. The unit of analysis was LP YFMC who made the decision to use LTM and non-LTM family planning. Sample size was calculated proportionally and complying the sample size requirement, which was 186 samples. Results showed that the attitude ($p = 0.028$), social support ($p = 0.035$), characteristic of LTM ($p = 0.000$) and perceived behavioral control ($p = 0.000$) had influence on the intention to use LTM, and intention ($p = 0.000$) had influence on the decision to use LTM. The results can be used as a basis for developing BKKBN strategies for managing and marketing long-term contraceptive methods of family planning.

Keywords: decision making, family planning acceptors, long-term contraceptive methods, low parity young fertile married couple