

ABSTRACT

The aims of this study were to find the philosophical dimensions, to find the legal principles and to arrange the new arguments on the utilization of the fisheries resources in the Indonesia Exclusive Economic Zone (IEEZ) in order to establish Indonesia as the World Maritime Axis. This research was categorized as a doctrinal research at which it applied *conceptual approach, statute approach, statute approach and comparative approach*. The results of this research find that first, the fundamental philosophy of the utilization of the fisheries resources in Indonesia EEZ is to suffice the food needs of the Indonesian on fisheries. In the context of establishing Indonesia as the world's maritime axis, the marine resources in the fisheries sector must be fully served for people's welfare. Second, the utilization of the fisheries resources in the Indonesia EEZ purposes to establish Indonesia as the world's maritime axis requires legal principles as the base norm to sustain the strength of a legal norm, namely the principle of justice, the principle of sustainability utilization, the principle of legal certainty, the principle of sovereignty, and the principle of the archipelago state and the principle of welfare. Third, the regulations of the utilization of the fisheries resources in the Indonesia EEZ should be made to establish Indonesia as a global maritime axis. They require effective and efficient legal frameworks by integrating and harmonizing national laws with the international laws and law enforcements. Those legal frameworks and law enforcements becomes the pre-requisite to provide legal certainty in Indonesian legal system to accelerate the establishment of Indonesia as the world maritime axis.

Keywords: utilization, global maritime axis, legal principles