

**VALIDATION OF UV-VISIBLE SPECTROPHOTOMETRIC METHOD
FOR THE DETERMINATION OF TETRACYCLINE
CONCENTRATION IN SHRIMP**

Muhamad Nizar Ilham Kusuma

ABSTRACT

The use of Tetracycline to treat bacterial diseases in aquaculture with excessive amounts has the potential to encourage the emergence of antibiotic-resistant bacteria. The purpose of this study is to ensure that this method can be used as an option to determine the concentration of Tetracycline in shrimp. UV-Visible spectrophotometer instruments are used to measure the absorption of electromagnetic radiation at several Tetracycline concentrations. The optimal wavelength obtained for Tetracycline analysis was 273 nm. The parameters of the validation methods used in this study are selectivity, linearity, precision, accuracy, the limit of detection, and limit of quantitation. The proposed method showed good selectivity that the maximum absorption of Tetracycline was not affected by the absorption of other compounds contained in the sample. Linearity test with a range of analytes concentrations of 0.375 ppm to 3.75 ppm produced $r = 0.9982$. The accuracy (%recovery) of Tetracycline was 111.52%, while the precision (CV) was less than 16%. The limit of detection value was 0,288 ppm, and the limit of quantitation value was 0,96 ppm.

Keywords: Tetracycline, UV-Visible Spectrophotometer, Method validation, Shrimp

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Praise the presence of Almighty God S.W.T. for the blessings and goodness that is always given to me upon completing this undergraduate thesis entitled "Validation of UV-Visible Spectrophotometric Method for The Determination of Tetracycline Concentration in Shrimp".

I would like to thanks the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Universitas Airlangga for providing the opportunity to complete education here. I would also like to express my deepest appreciation to my supervisor, Doctor Boedi Setiawan and Professor Mochamad Lazuardi, who always provide support in the form of advice, guidance, and criticism given during the process of this undergraduate thesis.

My appreciation to my thesis examiners namely Doctor Lilik Maslachah, Doctor Kadek Rahmawati, and Doctor Eduardus Bimo Aksono Herupradoto for the input, guidance, and trust given in the conduct of this research.

I extend my gratitude to my academic advisor Doctor Rimayanti for providing me with valuable support, helpful ideas, and professional academic advice during my course of study in the faculty of veterinary medicine.

I am highly indebted to the dean, vice deans, and lecturers of Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Universitas Airlangga who empowered my knowledge, clinical skills measurably in veterinary sciences, and not forgetting their constant support.

On the other hand, I would like to thank my parents Kusdrajat and Sofiana for their love, endless motivations, encouragement, guidance, and support. I also would like to extend this gratitude to my lovely siblings Einstein Anendra Kusuma, Shinta Nugraheni Kusumastuti, and Nur Alia Faustin Kusumah for always having my back, I am utterly grateful.

Last but not least, I would like to express my heartfelt gratitude to all of my loving friends Gistyar Owen Avignam, Muhammad Nur Iman, Ananta Javier, Alfaini Hiza, Kharisma Dwi, Daniel Leonardo, Yusril Aditya, Farah Nafilah, Anastasia Hanny, and many other that I couldn't mention for their unwavering help and support throughout my undergraduate thesis journey.

Surabaya, July 2020

Author

Muhamad Nizar Ilham Kusuma