



PROGRAM BOOK

OF SUMATERA UTARA

"Updated Dental Concepts to Achieve Excellence in Dentistry"

Medan, 7th-9th December 2017

SANTIKA PREMIERE DYANDRA HOTEL & CONVENTION MEDAN, SUMATERA UTARA - INDONESIA



	Page
Table of Content	2
Welcome Message	
WEIGHT AND THE PROPERTY OF THE	c
- Chairperson of IDCSU 2017	,
- Dean of Faculty of Dentistry University of Sumatera Utara	4
- Rector of University of Sumatera Utara	2
General Information	9
Committee	7
Lecture Room Layout	8
Main Lecture Schedule	6
Keynote Speaker	12
Main Lecture Curiculum Vitae and Abstract	15
Short Lecture	
- Oral Presentation's Schedule	33
- Oral Presentation's Abstract	40
- Poster Presentation's Schedule	98
- Poster Presentation's Abstract	93
Pepsodent Scientific Award	142
Short Course's Schedule and Abstract	143
Pepsodent Student Poster Competition Schedule	146
Pepsodent Student Poster Competition Abstract	150







MAIN LECTURE

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Born in 1968, Drg Udijanto obtained his DDS degree in 1992 at the Universitas Airlangga, Surabaya, Indonesia. Then he continued his study in Hiroshima, Japan and got his PhD degree in 2000 focusing on Pediatric Dentistry. Furthermore, he obtained his Pediatric Dentistry Specialist degree in 2003 at Universitas Airlangga, Surabaya, Indonesia. Right now he works as the Head of Pediatric Dentistry Department in Faculty of Dentistry, Universitas Airlangga.

PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF NURSING BOTTLE CARIES

Dental caries in children has become a health problem in many countries including Indonesia. It is a multi-factorial disease that involves tooth structures, oral microorganisms, dietary carbohydrates and the environment. Bad eating habits in children usually become the cause of early childhood caries. Nursing bottle caries are commonly occurs in children in children under age of three years old. The massive number of nursing bottle caries cases in children make it seem as a normal condition. The use of bottle feeding is frequently due to the misunderstood eating habit in children. Prevention and treatment of nursing bottle caries should be done to reduce its prevalence and to increase the children's quality of life. Children who have caries in their primary teeth during infancy or as toddlers tend to develop additional decay in their primary teeth during their pre-school years. Mother plays an important role on preventing dental caries in their children.

Keywords: nursing bottle caries, children, prevention, treatment