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Message from the Editorial Board

Molbank is a unique electronic journal that rapidly publishes very short articles, which typically encompass one compound per paper (“short notes”) as well as “communications”. The aim of this format is to prevent potentially useful scientific information from being lost. In many research groups, there are unpublished compounds that are available, which do not truly fit into a full paper or even a conventional short paper, e.g. because the main work in a series of compounds has already been published. Nevertheless, somebody else might be interested in just this particular compound. *Molbank* offers an excellent platform for preserving the aforesaid kind of information.

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Molbank is a communication journal of synthetic chemistry and natural product chemistry. It publishes “short notes” of experimental data records for previously unpublished single molecules (one compound per paper) as well as “communications” of preliminary but significant results that can involve more than a single compound. For “short notes”, any scattered unassembled experimental data for individual compounds which is conventionally not publishable is particularly welcome. Articles that focus primarily on new structure determinations are acceptable also for previously known compounds.

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- Organic Synthesis
- Natural Products
- Structure Determination

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Crystal Structure of Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-phosphine Oxide (1422-8599/2017/3/)

by [Alex J. Veinot](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/Tm4yUVowU0QzbUFFSjFaTHJuVUFabWp0QjBoZzhXWEFib1dYR0R3eVJuVT0=) , [Ketnavi Ramgoolam](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/eFlrMXBHRzZVa0M5elhiQWF0eCtpUXBsQ1VvREdERmxTR3VGMThTVVpvQT0=) , [Nick A. Giffin](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/amp0N2JEVEFoZE1uUkJlZnBjSDFTaVBMVERnQ2t5S0dxRmFsbXY5Mm1XYz0=) and [Jason D. Masuda](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/310774)

Molbank 2017, 2017(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M957> - 19 Sep 2017

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Abstract The single crystal structure of bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)phosphine oxide has been determined. All interatomic distances and angles can be considered normal. The aryl substituents adopt an intermediate configuration when compared to both sterically unhindered (e.g., diphenylphosphine oxide) and congested (e.g., bis(2,4,6-tri-*tert*-butylphenyl)phosphine oxide) secondary [\[...\]](#) [Read more](#).

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(1R,2S,5R)-2-Isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 4-Aminobutyrate Hydrochloride (1422-8599/2017/3/)

by [Mariia Nesterkina](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/171920) , [Svitlana Shishkina](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/OFdleGiwYmVGT29WTEpxblRySE5qcy9sbmFZRWlVtKzJbVpCSnZ0Y05OTT0=) , [Georgy Maltsev](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/M0srOXIZaHVieCtqejg3Nm9ISks3QT09) , [Ildar Rakipov](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/181288) and [Iryna Kravchenko](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/181289)

Molbank 2017, 2017(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M956> - 22 Aug 2017

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Abstract The title ester (1R,2S,5R)-2-isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 4-aminobutyrate hydrochloride was obtained in 96% yield via Steglich esterification. The structure of the target compound was established by FTIR, HR-MS, ¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR spectral analysis, and single crystal X-ray diffraction study. [\[...\]](#) [Read more](#).

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(E)-3',6'-bis(Diethylamine)-2-[(2-methoxynaphthalen-1-yl)methyleneamino]spiro[isindoline-1,9'-xanthen]-3-one (1422-8599/2017/3/)

by [Pierce Perkins](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/aUErbU5IY3djSHpLdXp5WWxWUllzVVR2dmRPK3FpWDXRVRJLV21jMIl4Zz0=) , [Angela Winstead](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/59265) and [Fasil Abebe](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/300844)

Molbank 2017, 2017(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M955> - 18 Aug 2017

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Abstract We use cookies on our website to ensure you get the best experience.

The title compound, (E)-3',6'-bis(diethylamine)-2-[(2-methoxynaphthalen-1-yl)methyleneamino]spiro[isindoline-1,9'-xanthen]-3-one, was synthesized in 92% isolated yield using microwave-assisted organic synthesis. This new rhodamine derivative was fully characterized by ¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR, FTIR and high resolution MS. [Full article \(1422-8599/2017/3/\)](#)

(This article belongs to the Section [Organic Synthesis \(1journal/molbank/sections/organic_synthesis_molbank\)](#))

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(E)-2-(1-Cyano-2-methoxy-2-oxoethylidene)-3,4-dioxo-1-(pyridin-1-ium-1-yl)cyclobutan-1-ide ((1422-8599/2017/3/))

by [Johann Grünefeld](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/516725) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/516725>), [Conrad Kunick](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/15702) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/15702>) and [Peter G. Jones](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/a21wUEJnbUVTKzg2eDkzQVBoOEu4bnQySjk5dHpFWFVLTmdub0FhMEo5dz0=) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/a21wUEJnbUVTKzg2eDkzQVBoOEu4bnQySjk5dHpFWFVLTmdub0FhMEo5dz0=>), *Molbank* **2017**, *2017*(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M953> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M953>) - 11 Aug 2017

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Abstract

(E)-2-(1-Cyano-2-methoxy-2-oxoethylidene)-3,4-dioxo-1-(pyridin-1-ium-1-yl)cyclobutan-1-ide was obtained by a three-component reaction of squaric acid dichloride with pyridine and methyl cyanoacetate. [Full article \(\(1422-8599/2017/3/\)\)](https://doi.org/10.3390/M953)

(This article belongs to the Section [Organic Synthesis \(\(journal/molbank/sections/organic_synthesis_molbank\)\)](https://journal/molbank/sections/organic_synthesis_molbank))

Ethyl 4-[5-(methoxymethyl)furan-2-yl]-6-methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate ((1422-8599/2017/3/))

by [Hery Suwito](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/87893) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/87893>), [Salma Zulqaida](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/300968) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/300968>), [Kautsar UI Haq](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/Sm4zczVZdnVVKzZBNFZVekJIZHdBUjJ3Y2RhWEXiY1J0TVFiNEFYVXdySml0NnZkSitzTr) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/Sm4zczVZdnVVKzZBNFZVekJIZHdBUjJ3Y2RhWEXiY1J0TVFiNEFYVXdySml0NnZkSitzTr>),

[Alfinda Novi Kristanti](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/NXo1ak1Cc2RTdXNQL2xLWXF6ajA2TG9BMm9kaFpZeVVKbHphY0J3cTBMbz0=) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/NXo1ak1Cc2RTdXNQL2xLWXF6ajA2TG9BMm9kaFpZeVVKbHphY0J3cTBMbz0=>) and

[Indriani Indriani](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/a1dwMjA0VDFDeWZkZHEybEtSSzZ4dTNKZGN4YTVMNW00ek0vN1pwSWJwWT0=) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/a1dwMjA0VDFDeWZkZHEybEtSSzZ4dTNKZGN4YTVMNW00ek0vN1pwSWJwWT0=>)

Molbank **2017**, *2017*(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M954> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M954>) - 11 Aug 2017

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Abstract

A one-pot multicomponent reaction has been used to synthesize the title compound, ethyl 4-[5-(methoxymethyl)furan-2-yl]-6-methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate by PTSA catalyzed Biginelli reaction. The chemical structure of the product was confirmed by spectroscopic evidence, FTIR, HRESI-MS, 1D-, and 2D NMR. [Full article \(\(1422-8599/2017/3/\)\)](https://doi.org/10.3390/M954)

(This article belongs to the Section [Organic Synthesis \(\(journal/molbank/sections/organic_synthesis_molbank\)\)](https://journal/molbank/sections/organic_synthesis_molbank))

Solvent-Mediated Synthesis of M(II)-Coordination Polymer Part 1: Crystal Structure of Poly(1,2-di(4-pyridyl)ethylene-*k*²*N,N'*-bis(1,4-benzenediacetato-*k*⁴*O,O',O",O"*)zinc(II)), C₂₂H₁₈ZnN₂O₄ ((1422-8599/2017/3/))

by [Stephen Adie Adalikwu](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/299551) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/299551>),

[Offiong E. Offiong](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/dTVwWjhtTkNuejVQSDIkWxFd01LdG45R3hqNHgxOUJ0ci84c3RzanpkQT0=) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/dTVwWjhtTkNuejVQSDIkWxFd01LdG45R3hqNHgxOUJ0ci84c3RzanpkQT0=>) and

[Ayi A. Ayi](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/285948) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/285948>)

Molbank **2017**, *2017*(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M952> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M952>) - 06 Aug 2017

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Abstract An interaction of water-methanol solution of sodium 1,4-benzenediacetate (bda) and 4,4'-bipyridylethelene (bpee) with aqueous solution of Zn(NO₃)₂·6H₂O at room temperature yielded colourless crystals of **1** after three weeks in a sealed glass tube. The compound with composition C [...]

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Ethyl 5-(4-Bromophenyl)-4-methyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate ((1422-8599/2017/3/))

by [Marcus Baumann](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/79209) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/79209>) and [Ian R. Baxendale](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/111494) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/111494>)

Molbank **2017**, *2017*(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M951> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M951>) - 04 Aug 2017

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Abstract This note describes a sequence converting an oxime-substituted pyrrolidine into a trisubstituted pyrrole structure. The synthetic route is based on a double chlorination of the pyrrolidine substrate followed by the base induced formation of both an imine and a nitrile oxide functionality. The [...] [Read more.](#)

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2-[(2,6-Dimethylmorpholin-4-yl)methyl]-4-[(E)-2-{3-[(E)-2-{3-[(2,6-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl)methyl]-4-hydroxy-5-methoxyphenyl}ethenyl]-1H-pyrazol-5-yl}ethenyl]-6-methoxyphenol ((1422-8599/2017/3/))

by [Joko Untung](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/301490) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/301490>),

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and [Hayun Hayun](https://sciprofiles.com/profile/24056) (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/24056>)

Molbank **2017**, *2017*(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M949> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M949>) - 03 Aug 2017

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Ab [MDPI](#) novel di-Mannich derivative of curcumin pyrazole, 2-[(2,6-dimethyl morpholin-4-yl)methyl]-4-[(E)-2-{3-[(E)-2-{3-[(2,6-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl)methyl]-4-hydroxy-5-methoxyphenyl}ethenyl]-1H-pyrazol-5-yl}ethenyl]-6-methoxyphenol (**2**), has been synthesized through a Mannich reaction of curcumin pyrazole (**1**), formaldehyde, and 2,6-dimethylmorpholine. The structure of the synthesized compound was confirmed on [\[...\] Read more](#). (This article belongs to the Section [Organic Synthesis \(/journal/molbank/sections/organic_synthesis_molbank\)](#))

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[\(OC-6-35-A\)-Aquadicarbonylchlorido\[2-\(2-pyridyl\)-1,8-naphthyridine-κ²N¹,N²\]ruthenium\(II\) hexafluoridophosphate 2,2'-Bipyridine \(/1422-8599/2017/3/\)](#)

by [Tsubiko Takase \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/298817\)](#),

[Ryosuke Abe \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/VGM3VIRuYndGVCs4MEZzRk8reGRoZDdOVIV4ZDIqakdCZkdEK1FhZmNnZz0=\)](#) and

[Dai Oyama \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/60056\)](#)

Molbank **2017**, *2017*(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M950> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M950>) - 03 Aug 2017

Cited by [1 \(/1422-8599/2017/3/#citedby\)](#). | Viewed by 1046

Abstract A dicarbonylruthenium(II) complex containing bidentate 2-(2-pyridyl)-1,8-naphthyridine, as well as monodentate aqua and chlorido ligands, were isolated and characterized using spectroscopic techniques and single crystal X-ray diffraction. These data indicate that geometrical isomerization occurs during the substitution reaction involving a superacid. Density functional theory [\[...\] Read more](#).

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[Rac-2',3a,6,6,6',6'-Hexamethyl-3a,3b,6,7-tetra-hydrospiro-\[benzo\[2,3\]cyclopropa\[1,2-c\]pyrazole-1,1'-cyclo-hepta\[2,4\]diene\] \(/1422-8599/2017/3/\)](#)

by [Marcus Baumann \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/79209\)](#),

[Sophie Lapraille \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/aGtGV0tDekhKM2VTVi9qSDlIOE9vcEQ2dGM2QW9LVTNQZVpWSCtPSDdyWT0=\)](#) and

[Ian R. Baxendale \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/111494\)](#)

Molbank **2017**, *2017*(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M948> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M948>) - 01 Aug 2017

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Abstract This note describes a novel reaction cascade in which a tosylhydrazone derivative of eucarvone undergoes a non-classical dimerization process under basic conditions. The key step in this sequence is a dipolar cycloaddition between a diazo species and a transient cyclopropene. A proposed mechanism [\[...\] Read more](#).

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[1,2,3,4-Tetra-O-Acetyl-β-D-Mannuronic Acid \(/1422-8599/2017/3/\)](#)

by

[Laura Beswick \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/aHBPRDisSFMyOWZWcVg0UVNNendHdHpsamN1UkhoVUIxSGo0RW5kakhWUT0=\)](#) and

[Gavin J. Miller \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/290127\)](#)

Molbank **2017**, *2017*(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M947> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M947>) - 14 Jul 2017

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Abstract 1,2,3,4-Tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-mannuronic acid was synthesized in three steps from commercial D-mannose in 21% yield. Regioselective 6-O-tritylation followed by per-acetylation and 6-OTr removal using HBr/AcOH gave the required primary alcohol substrate, which was then oxidised to the target [\[...\] Read more](#).

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[Ethyl 2-\[2-\(4-Nitrobenzoyl\)-1H-indol-3-yl\]acetate \(/1422-8599/2017/3/\)](#)

by

[Sunyoung Choi \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/R2ZVOXZzdEIHT0p6WmdQUJR3MTRtZ3NNTHFPZGg2Wm5uSHR2SUZHTXlwQT0=\)](#) and

[Sung-Gon Kim \(https://sciprofiles.com/profile/204449\)](#)

Molbank **2017**, *2017*(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M945> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M945>) - 12 Jul 2017

Cited by [1 \(/1422-8599/2017/3/#citedby\)](#). | Viewed by 982

Abstract Ethyl 2-[2-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-1H-indol-3-yl]acetate was prepared in good yield and characterized by the aza-alkylation/intramolecular Michael

cascade reaction of (E)-ethyl 3-[2-(tosylamino)phenyl]acrylate with 2-bromo-4"-nitroacetophenone, followed by desulfonative dehydrogenation with 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU) The structure of the newly synthesized compound was determined using ¹H-, [\[...\] Read more \(accept cookies\)](#)

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Ethyl (*E*)-4-(2,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-6-(2,4-dimethoxystyryl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate (/1422-8599/2017/3/)

by **Hery Suwito** (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/87893>),

Lutfan Zulianto (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/dy9FVFhhdVUvRi9SVHBad1owYmtmOGxoVzZ4ZTV3TjZrTUoyNEhqT3NZOVJ6cXZFMTY>)

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Indriani Indriani (<https://sciprofiles.com/profile/author/a1dwMjA0VDFDeWZkZHEybEtSSzZ4dTNKZGN4YTVMNW00ek0vN1pwSWJwWT0=>)

Molbank 2017, 2017(3), ; <https://doi.org/10.3390/M946> (<https://doi.org/10.3390/M946>) - 11 Jul 2017

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Abstract A new compound belonging to the “heterostilbene” derivative, namely ethyl (*E*)-4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-6-(2,4-dimethoxystyryl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate (**2**), has been successfully synthesized as an unprecedented side product of the Biginelli reaction between 2,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate and urea, employing PTSA as catalyst in reflux conditions and [...]. **Read more.**

(This article belongs to the Section **Organic Synthesis** (/journal/molbank/sections/organic_synthesis_molbank))

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Interests: medicinal heterocyclic chemistry; pyridazines; carbazoles; nitrogen heteroarenes

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Interests: organic synthesis, methodology and spectroscopic analysis; heterocyclic chemistry; natural products; asymmetric synthesis; nitrogenated compounds of pharmaceutical interest; multicomponent reactions



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Interests: synthesis; synthetic use of flash vacuum pyrolysis; heterocyclic chemistry; reactive intermediates; organophosphorus; organosulfur; heavier main group chemistry



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Department of Pharmacy, School of Life Sciences, Pharmacy & Chemistry, Kingston University, Penrhyn Road, Kingston upon Thames KT1 2EE, UK

Interests: free radical organic and polymer chemistry; heterocyclic and medicinal chemistry

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Department of Organic Chemistry, Faculty of Chemistry, University of Murcia, 30100 Murcia, Spain

Interests: self-assembly; mechanically interlocked molecules (rotaxanes and catenanes); hydrogen bond; template synthesis; molecular recognition; supramolecular chemistry

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Interests: natural products chemistry; medicinal chemistry; transgenic plant (arabidopsis) reporter assay; epigenetic modulation for microbial secondary metabolites; functional food; ethnopharmacology

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Interests: asymmetric synthesis methodology; free radical reactions; organometallic reagents; natural product synthesis; asymmetric catalysis



Prof. Dr. Bartolo Gabriele

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Interests: new syntheses of high value added molecules through catalytic assembly of simple units; innovative syntheses of heterocyclic molecules of pharmaceutical, agrochemical, or applicative interest; carbonylation chemistry; use of non-conventional solvents in organic synthesis; synthesis and semi-synthesis of bioactive compounds of pharmaceutical or agrochemical interest; synthesis of new materials for advanced applications; extraction, characterization, and evaluation of the biological activity of bioactive principles from natural matrices

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Interests: heterocyclic chemistry; sulfur-nitrogen heterocycles; synthetic methods; azaacenes; zwitterionic acenes; stable organic radicals; biologically active heterocycles; isothiazoles; 1,2,3-dithiazoles; 1,2,6-thiadiazines; 1,2,4-benzotriazines

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Institut für Medizinische und Pharmazeutische Chemie, Technische Universität Braunschweig, Beethovenstraße 55, 38106 Braunschweig, Germany

Interests: medicinal chemistry; pharmaceutical chemistry; synthesis of heterocycles; protein kinase inhibitors



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Interests: innovative syntheses of high value molecules through catalytic process; new syntheses of heterocyclic compounds of pharmaceutical interest; carbonylation catalyzed chemistry; application of unconventional solvents in advanced organic synthesis; synthesis of novel materials for advanced applications

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Interests: medicinal heterocyclic chemistry; indoles; indazoles; pyridines; thiazoles; thiadiazoles; pyrroles; computer aided drug design; molecular probe



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School of Pharmacy, Hyogo University of Health Sciences, 1-3-6 Minatojima, Chuo-ku, Kobe 650-8530, Japan

Interests: organic synthesis and methodology; radical reactions; organocatalysis; asymmetric catalysis; photochemistry; aryne chemistry

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Interests: heterocyclic chemistry; multicomponent reactions; catalysis; medicinal chemistry; synthetic methodology

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Interests: synthetic methodology; asymmetric catalysis; Lewis acids

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Department of Chemical Sciences, Università degli Studi di Napoli Federico II, Via Cintia 21, 80126 Napoli, Italy

Interests: organic and medicinal chemistry; organic synthesis; catalytic oxidative processes; marine natural products; nucleosides chemistry

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Interests: heterocyclic chemistry; sulfur-nitrogen heterocycles; selenium heterocycles; synthetic methods; biologically active compounds; organic sensitizers for DSSCs and OLEDs; sulfur monochloride

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Interests: natural products chemistry; chemical ecology; plant natural products; NMR of small molecules

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Interests: marine natural products; marine chemical ecology; bioactive substances from cultured marine invertebrates

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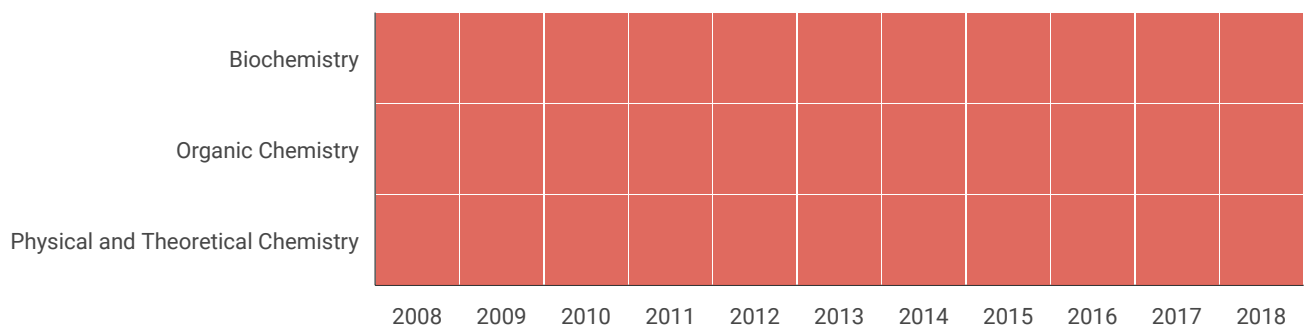
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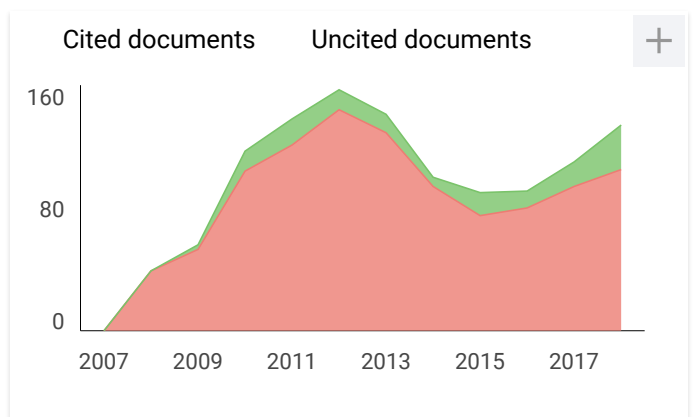
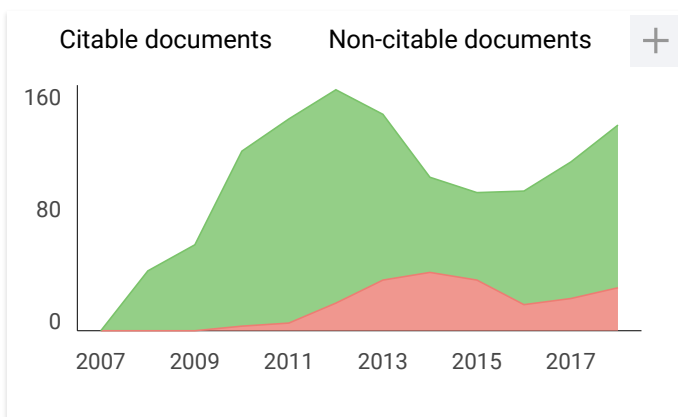
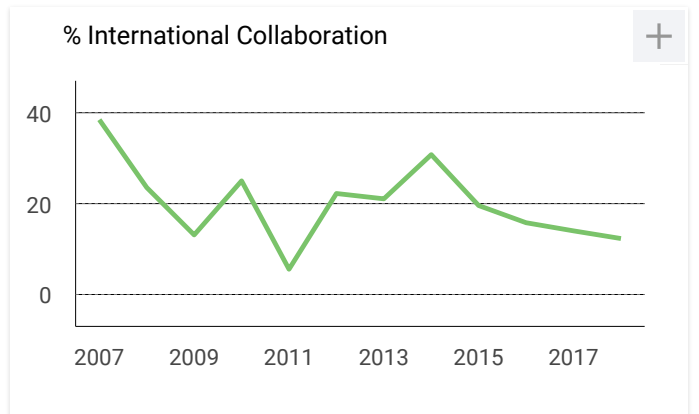
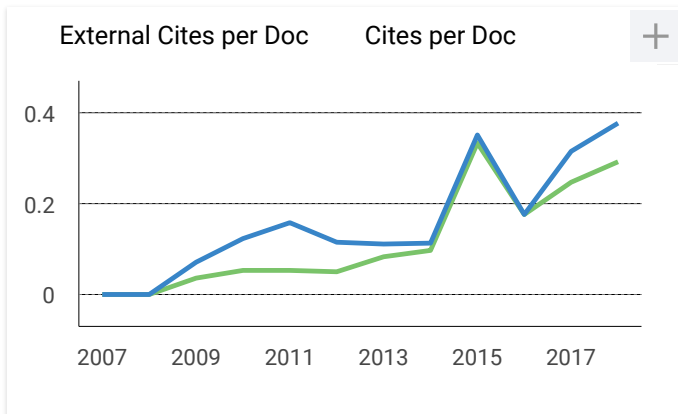
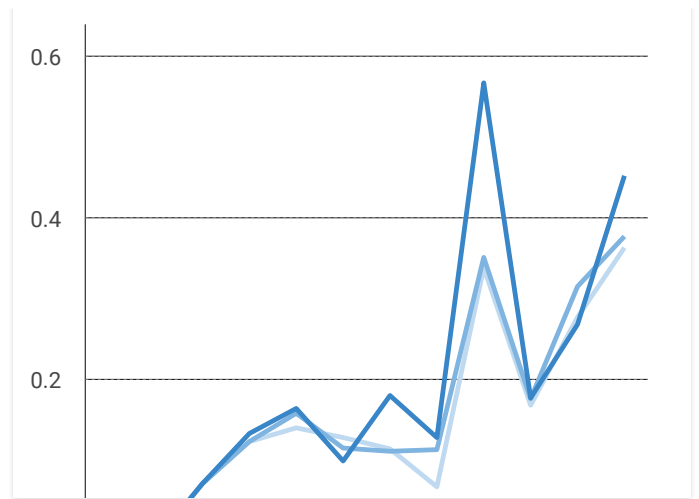
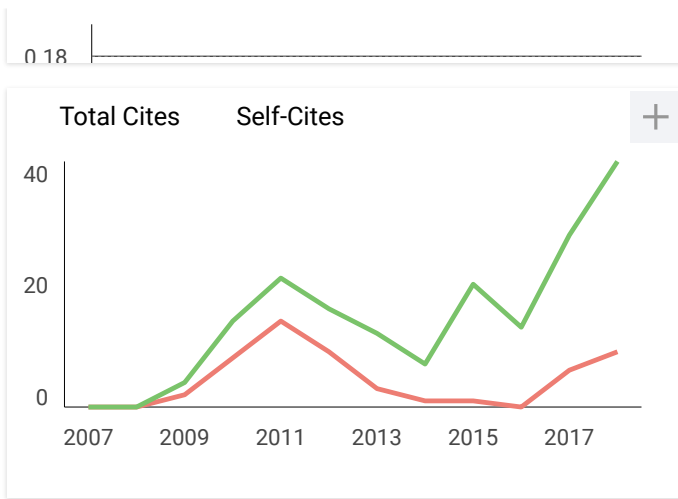
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Short Note

Ethyl (*E*)-4-(2,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-6-(2,4-dimethoxystyryl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate

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Abstract: A new compound belonging to the “heterostilbene” derivative, namely ethyl (*E*)-4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-6-(2,4-dimethoxystyryl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate (**2**), has been successfully synthesized as an unprecedented side product of the Biginelli reaction between 2,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate and urea, employing PTSA as catalyst in reflux conditions and using ethanol as solvent. The molecular structure of compound (**2**) was established by FTIR, HRESIMS, 1D and 2D NMR.

Keywords: multicomponent reaction; Biginelli reaction; side product

1. Introduction

The Biginelli reaction is a multicomponent reaction used to synthesize dihydropyrimidinone (DHPM) derivatives in a one-step reaction from three components—an aldehyde, a carbonyl compound possessing the acidic C-H moiety, and urea or its derivatives—under acidic reaction conditions [1,2]. Although this reaction normally produces DHPM derivatives, there are similar reactions, usually called Biginelli-*type* reactions, that produce different pyrimidine derivatives, such as spiropyrimidinone [3,4] and arylidenehydropyrimidinone [5–11].

In this paper, we report a compound which differs from the product generated from both of the Biginelli-*type* reactions mentioned above. Despite the similarity of its reaction pattern to the Biginelli-*type* reaction producing arylidenehydropyrimidinone, there is a difference in the carbonyl component used. The aforementioned Biginelli-*type* reaction uses a cyclic mono carbonyl component that has two kinds of acidic C-H with equivalent reactivity, such as cyclopentanone [5–10], cyclohexanone [9–11] and cyclooctanone [9], so that it yields a bicyclic arylidenehydropyrimidinone. Interestingly, in our experiment, we used an acyclic 1,3-dicarbonyl component that possessed two acidic C-H moieties with different reactivities, namely ethyl acetoacetate. Consequently, we obtained a DHPM derivative attaching styryl moiety at C-6 (**2**).

2. Results and Discussion

Compound **2** was isolated as a side product from the Biginelli reaction between 2,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate and urea using PTSA as catalyst in reflux condition in ethanol (Figure 1). Separation of compound **2** from the main product, namely ethyl 4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-6-methyl-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate (**1**), was conducted by column chromatography. Under our reaction conditions, we obtained more product **2** than product **1**,

although compound **2** is a side product. We got 152 mg (15.6%) of compound **1** and 402 mg (28.6%) of compound **2**. Both compounds were successfully separated, their purity analyzed by TLC, and their structure then determined using spectroscopic evidence. In this paper, we do not discuss compound **1**, because it has been reported previously [12].

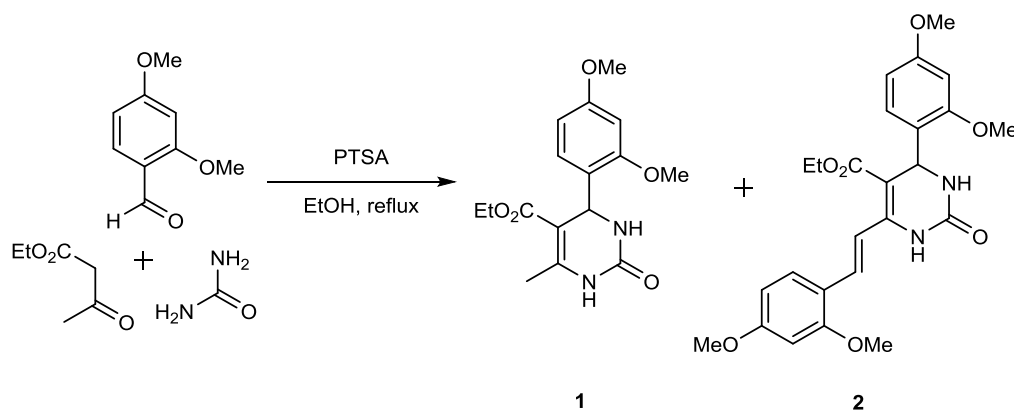


Figure 1. Biginelli reaction producing compound **2**.

The usage of the catalyst PTSA for the Biginelli reaction has often been reported. This catalyst can be used under various reaction conditions, such as reflux in ethanol [13], grindstone [14], microwave [15] and ultrasonic irradiation [16]. However, these reaction conditions give only the main product, and do not provide side products such as compound **2**. Seemingly, the amount of catalyst used has an effect on the formation of side products. The reaction condition mentioned used PTSA in a relatively low amount (<15%). In contrast with our experiment based on ethyl acetoacetate, we used 33 mol% of the catalyst. The reaction between compound **1** and 2,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde using 33% PTSA as catalyst gave no product. This observation led to the argument that compound **2** was formed through a one-step multicomponent reaction, competing with the formation reaction of compound **1**. Therefore, we propose a reaction pathway which starts with an aldol condensation between ethyl acetoacetate and 2,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde to produce intermediate **5**, which is a γ,δ -unsaturated dicarbonyl compound. A subsequent Biginelli reaction then generates compound **2** (see Figure 2).

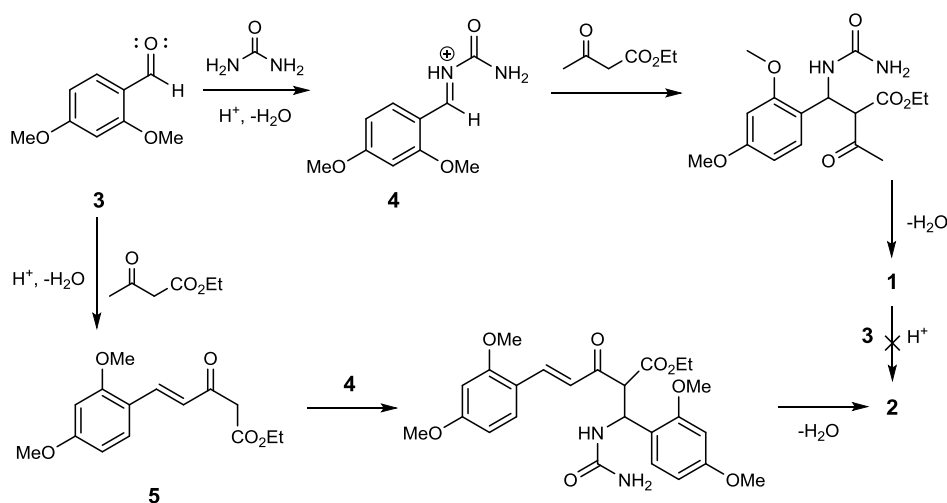


Figure 2. Proposed reaction pathway of compound **2**.

This reaction pathway differs from the pathway suggested by Zhang et al. (2015), who proposed that product **1** is an intermediate in the reaction that was conducted using the Lewis acid catalyst, FeCl₃·6H₂O [17]. Besides the different catalyst, the 1,3-dicarbonyl component used by Zhang was an acetoacetanilide derivative. However, our proposed reaction pathway requires further proof, because we did not verify the existence of intermediate **5** during the reaction process. In addition, the nucleophilicity of ethyl acetoacetate at the γ position is relatively low, except under strongly basic conditions, where a dianion can be formed [18,19].

Ethyl (E)-4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-6-(2,4-dimethoxystyryl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate (2): pale yellow solid (402 mg, 28,6%); R_f = 0.57 (*n*-hexane: ethyl acetate = 1:2); HRESIMS [M – H][–] calcd for C₂₅H₂₇N₂O₇ 467.1818, found 467.1815; IR (DRS, KBr, cm^{–1}): 3266, 3104 (str, NH amide), 2927 (m, CH aliphatic), 1685 (str, C=O amide), 1607 (str, C=C conjugated), 1503 (str, C=C aromatic) dan 1270 (str, C_{aryl}–O–C_{alkyl}); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ _H (ppm) 8.09 (d, *J* = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (s, 1H), 6.51 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (s, 1H), 4.09 (m, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 1.14 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ _C (ppm) 165.8, 162.2, 160.7, 158.9, 157.9, 153.1, 145.2, 128.2, 127.7, 127.5, 122.4, 117.6, 117.4, 105.6, 103.9, 99.9, 98.9, 98.4, 60.2, 55.6, 55.6, 55.5, 55.5, 50.0, 14.3.

The HRESIMS displayed a negative molecular ion peak at *m/z* 467.1815, indicating a molecular formula of C₂₅H₂₇N₂O₇ and 13 degrees of unsaturation (see Supplementary Material, Figure S1). From the IR spectrum following groups N-H, the amide bond types C-H aliphatic, C=O amide type, conjugated C=C, and C-O-C alkyl-aryl ether were identified, respectively, and are exhibited by absorption band at ν_{\max} (cm^{–1}) 3266, 2927, 1685, 1607, 1503 and 1270 (see Supplementary Material, Figure S2). Analysis of ¹H-NMR (Table 1) indicating two aromatic protons with *ortho* coupling [δ _H 7.59 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz) and 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz)], two aromatic protons showing *ortho* and *meta* coupling [δ _H 6.51 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.3 Hz) dan 6.36 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.2 Hz)], and two aromatic protons showing *meta* coupling [δ _H 6.46 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz) and 6.44 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz)]. This evidence indicated two aromatic rings, each possessing three protons with ABX systems. The signal of two olefinic protons, shown as two doublet signals at 8.09 and 7.30 ppm with *J* = 17.0 Hz, indicated the existence of an *E* geometric alkene. The signal at 5.73 ppm showed a benzylic or allylic proton closed to electronegative atom (nitrogen). The presence of four methoxy groups is shown by four singlet signals with an integration value of 12 at δ _H 3.85–3.77 ppm. The presence of multiplet signal at 4.09 ppm with an integration value of 2 and a triplet signal at 1.14 ppm with an integration value of 3 showed the existence of an ethoxy moiety possessing diastereotopic protons at CH₂ moiety (see Supplementary Materials, Figures S3 and S4). In ¹³C-NMR (Table 1), the 25 signals shown represent all carbon atoms of compound **2** (see Supplementary Materials, Figure S5).

Table 1. NMR data of compound **2** in CDCl₃.

No. Atom	δ _H (mult, <i>J</i> Hz)	δ _C (ppm)	HMBC
1	6.83 (s, 1H)		C-5, C-7
2		153.1	
3	5.67 (s, 1H)		C-5
4	5.73 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.8 Hz, 1H)	50.0	C-2, C-5, C-6, C-15, C-16, C-20, C-21
5		99.9	
6		145.2	
7	7.30 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.0 Hz, 1H)	117.4	C-6, C-8, C-9
8	8.09 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.0 Hz, 1H)	127.7	C-5, C-6, C-9
9		117.6	
10		162.2	
10'	3.83 (s, 3H)	55.5–55.6	C-10

Table 1. Cont.

No. Atom	δ_H (mult, J Hz)	δ_C (ppm)	HMBC
11	6.44 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 1H)	98.9	C-9, C-10
12		158.9	
12'	3.85 (s, 3H)	55.5–55.6	C-12
13	6.51 (dd, $J = 8.6, 2.3$ Hz, 1H)	105.6	C-9, C-11
14	7.59 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H)	128.2	C-8, C-10, C-12
15		122.4	
16		157.9	
16'	3.85 (s, 3H)	55.5–55.6	C-16
17	5.46 (d, 1H)	98.4	C-15, C-16, C-18, C-19
18		160.7	
18'	3.77 (s, 3H)	55.5–55.6	C-18
19	6.36 (dd, $J = 8.4, 2.2$ Hz, 1H)	103.9	C-15, C-17, C-18
20	7.01 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H)	127.5	C-4, C-16, C-18
21		165.8	
22	4.09 (m, 2H)	60.2	C-21, C-23
23	1.14 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H)	14.3	C-22

Based on the results of the HMQC experiment, we observed two protons forming no correlation with carbon atoms, namely singlet proton signal at δ_H at 6.83 and 5.67 ppm. This indicated that both protons were attached to a heteroatom, namely nitrogen. Furthermore, it was observed that a proton at δ_H 5.73 ppm attached to a carbon atom at δ_C 50.0 ppm (see Supplementary Materials, Figure S6). This showed that the proton is a benzylic-allylic attached to nitrogen, which is characteristic for 3,4-dihydropyrimidinone with aryl substituent at C-4. In addition, the existence of the 3,4-dihydropyrimidinone scaffold was also supported by the results of the HMBC experiment, which showed a correlation between the proton at C-4 with conjugated olefinic carbon (δ_C 99 ppm (C-5) and 145.2 ppm (C-6) the and urea carbonyl type (δ_C 153.1, C-2). The presence of the aryl group at C-4 is proved by a long-range correlation of the C-4 proton with three aromatic protons [δ_C 122.4 (C-15), 157.9 (C-16), and 127.5 (C-20)]. Long-range correlation of the C-4 proton with the carbon atom δ_C 165.8 ppm indicated that the conjugated carbonyl ester was attached to C-5. The position of styryl moiety at C-6 is proved by the long-range correlation of proton H-1 (δ_H 6.83 ppm) with olefinic carbon (δ_C 117.4, C-7). In addition, both olefinic protons [7.30 (H-7) and 8.09 (H-8)] built long-range correlations with C-6. The long-range correlations of the HMBC experiment that are possible with the structure of compound **2** are displayed in Figure 3 and in Figure S7 in the Supplementary Materials. Based on the structure elucidation, it can be concluded that compound **2** is a new compound, and it has not been previously identified in the literature.

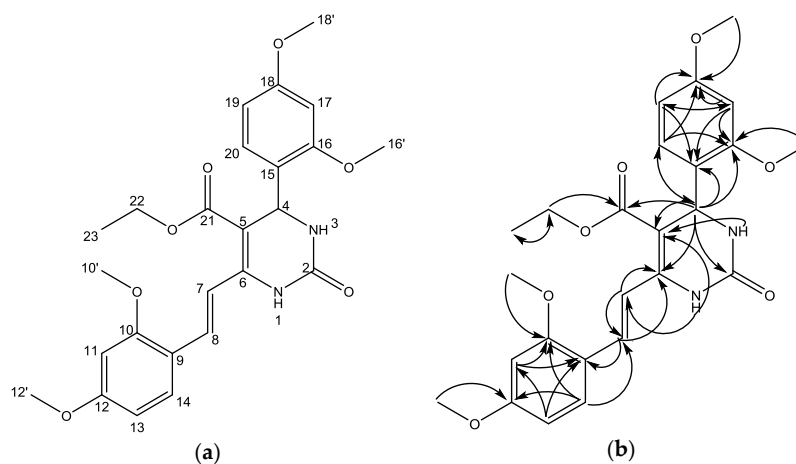


Figure 3. (a) Numbering of the structure, and (b) Selected HMBC correlations for compound **2**.

3. Materials and Methods

3.1. General

All reagents and solvents (E.Merck (Darmstadt, Germany) or Sigma Aldrich (St. Louis, MO, USA)) were used without further purification. Reaction progress was monitored by TLC on silica gel GF254 aluminum sheets (0.25 mm) using various developing systems. Spots were detected under UV light (λ 254 nm). Column chromatography was carried out using silica gel 60 G. The IR spectrum was recorded in KBr powder with the Diffuse Reflectance method on spectrophotometer IRTracer100 (Shimadzu, Kyoto, Japan). The mass spectrum was recorded using an HR mass spectrometer Waters LCT Premier XE (Waters, Santa Clara, CA, USA). The NMR spectrum (^1H -, ^{13}C -NMR, HMQC and HMBC) was recorded using JEOL 400 ECA spectrometer (JEOL, Tokyo, Japan) with CDCl_3 as solvent and internal standard.

3.2. Synthesis of Compound 2

The mixture of 2,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (5 mmol), ethyl acetoacetate (3 mmol), urea (5 mmol), PTSA (1 mmol), and 3 mL ethanol was refluxed in a round bottom flask. The progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. After 6 h, the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature, and precipitated by the addition of water. The orange precipitate (mixture of compounds 1 and 2) was then filtered off, dried, and then subjected to a silica gel 60 G column chromatography using a mixture of chloroform:ethyl acetate (3:1) as mobile phase.

4. Conclusions

A new "Heterostilbene-type" compound, namely (*E*)-4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-6-(2,4-dimethoxystyryl)-2-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidine-5-carboxylate, is an unprecedented side product of the Biginelli reaction between 2,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde, ethyl acetoacetate, and urea using PTSA as catalyst under reflux conditions.

Supplementary Materials: The following are available online at <http://www.mdpi.com/1422-8599/2017/3/M946>, HRESIMS, FTIR, ^1H -NMR, ^{13}C -NMR, HMQC, HMBC and spectra are reported in the supplementary materials as Figures S1–S7 and structure refinement parameters as Table S1.

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Author Contributions: H.S. brought out the ideas, managed the research, and wrote the manuscript, L.Z. and E.E. performed the synthesis, K.U.H. analyzed the data and wrote the draft. I.I. analyzed the data, A.A. and A.N.K. correct the draft.

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflicts of interest.

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