

SYNOPSIS

Braveheart is the story about the Scotland hero named William Wallace who rebels for English tyranny. In 1280 A.D. Edward I of England, known as "Longshanks" has occupied most of Scotland, and his oppressive rule there leads to the death of William Wallace's father, named Malcom Wallace, and brother, John Wallace. In the funeral of his father, the young Murrin picked a thistle and gave to young William who felt and looked sad. Years later and after Wallace has grown up with his uncle named Argyle outside of Scotland, the Scots continue to live under the harsh thumb of Longshanks' cruel laws. Wallace returns intent on living as a farmer and avoiding involvement in the ongoing "Troubles". Wallace rekindles a romance with his childhood friend Murrin after showing her the carefully preserved thistle she gave him as a child, and the two marry in secret to avoid the *prima nocte* decree the King has set forth, that the point was every people who were married, the groom must be shared the bride to the King in their first time they got marry. After Wallace beats up a group of English soldiers -one of them named Symthe-attempting to rape Murrin, the village Sheriff publicly cuts her throat before Wallace is able to save her. An enraged Wallace, with the assistance of his fellow townsmen, slaughters the English soldiers at the encampment, killing the sheriff in the same manner that Murrin was killed. He then orders the burning of the local English fort, and unintentionally kindles a Scottish rebellion.

News of the rebellion spreads quickly, and hundreds of Scots from the surrounding clans volunteer to join Wallace's militia. At the first time, all the people thought that Wallace's appearance seems like in their mind before which became a legend, that Wallace was a big people, tall, and seems like giants. In reality, they were shocked looking at Wallace, but he ensures all people that the most important thing in this life and how to win the battle depend on their strategy and mind.

Wallace leads his army through a series of successful battles against the English, including the Battle of Stirling and sacking the city of York. The first rebellion happened to the Lord Bottom, who previously took the bride from the wedding, including in the last Morrison's wedding, which was also the first meeting between Wallace and Murrin. Morrison killed Lord Bottom with a ball and chain. Wallace gave announcement to the English that Scotland was free, and burns the fort of Lord Bottom. Then broke the Battle of Stirling that was amazing because the Scots actually outnumbered and trapped, but with the war strategy from Wallace, and of course they believe of the people who were fight for Scotland freedom, they won the war.

In the castle of Edinburgh, William wants to make cooperation with the noble of Scots as a co-citizen of Scots to join the rebellion against English tyranny. There is Robert the Bruce who actually agrees with Wallace, but most of the noble representative felt that rebellion was a stupid thing to do. There were Craig, Moray, and Balliol. The last name gave his most objections that disagree with Wallace's opinion. Then William was sacking the city of York.

In the castle of London, Longshanks was very shock and angry to hear the bad news from York. He knew the news from the message and the basket which is the head of Governor of York on it, who was sent by Wallace who was successfully sacked the city. Isabella as the princess of Wales-the wife of Prince Edward, who was the son of Longshanks, always gave Wallace warning about all the plans of English to him militia, in order to make sure that William saves from the attack. Princess Isabella does that thing just solely for her admiration of Wallace's figure. Slowly but sure, she felt that her feeling to Wallace not just admiration.

Meanwhile, Princess Isabelle, whose husband Prince Edward (Longshanks's son) ignores her, meets with Wallace as the English King's emissary. She and Wallace share a promise to meet again, during which she conceives Wallace's child. Still believing there is some good in the nobility of his country, Princess Isabella came to Wallace community to offer the peace. Although Isabella pleased with all the Wallace's and Hamish's explanation about the suffer that made by Longshanks, she then remembers herself and once again become serious and dignified. But Wallace still on the way, that freedom is free from all the aspect repression without any conditions. Princess Isabella gave the refusal of Wallace for made peace in Longshanks's way.

However, he is betrayed by the Scottish nobility and defeated at the Battle of Falkirk. He goes into hiding, fighting a guerrilla war against English forces and personally executes two Scottish nobles who betrayed him. Wallace eventually agrees to meet with the Bruce. He is caught in a trap set by the father of Bruce

who becomes leper and the other nobles, beaten unconscious, and handed over to the English Crown. Robert the Bruce is enraged by his father's treachery, and disowns him forever.

In London, Wallace is brought before the English magistrates and tried for high treason. Princess Isabella felt so sad because of it, she also were pregnant of Wallace child after make in love with him at one night in her room. Knowing that Wallace was still in his point of view, Isabella gave him some liquid poison to take out the pain of suffer that will be given by the magistrate because of his rebellion to the England. William denies the charges, reasoning that he had never accepted Edward as his King. The court responds by punishment him to be "purified by pain." Later, in a London square, William Wallace is brutally tortured to death, being alternately hanged, racked, castrated and finally disemboweled alive. He signals to the magistrate that he wishes to speak. Using the last ounce of strength in his tortured body, he cries out, "FREEDOM!" He turns his head and sees Murrin in the crowd smiling at him, and smiles lovingly back at her as he is finally beheaded.

Sometime later, Robert the Bruce takes control of the remaining Scottish army and faces a ceremonial line of English troops at the fields of Bannockburn. Cheering Wallace's name, Robert Bruce and the Scots charge the stunned English lines and win their freedom. However Wallace died his spirit and memorializes still remains and inspires all people not to fear to take their freedom, and it happens until now.