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The Potential of Nano Curcumin in Preventing the Formation of Artificial Antisperm Antibody in Wistar Rats through Inflammatory Pathway Regulation

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Abstract

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BACKGROUND: Immunological mechanisms of infertility are still poorly understood and controversial, both the cause and treatment. Inflammation, immunology, cell proliferation, cell differentiation, and cell survival are influenced by several proteins, including nuclear factor kappa-B (NF κ B), tumor necrosis factor- α (TNF- α), and interleukin-10 (IL-10).

AIM: This study aimed to explore the potential of nano curcumin to prevent anti-sperm antibodies (ASA) formation due to the testes' inflammatory process in Wistar rats.

METHODS: This research is an experimental study with a pre-post-test approach with control group. The research subjects were rats (*Rattus norvegicus*) of the Wistar strain. The induced animals were grouped into three groups: Group 1 received nano curcumin 1 \times 80 mg/kg BW orally, Group 2 received dexamethasone 1 \times 0.3 mg/kg BW, and Group 3 received placebo aquadest 1 \times 1 mL orally. TNF- α , NF- κ B, and IL10 levels in serum were examined with enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay.

RESULTS: The nano curcumin treatment showed the ability to reduce the pro-inflammatory cytokine protein TNF- α expression (47.3 \pm 2.32) more optimally than dexamethasone treatment (54.4 \pm 3.22). Nano curcumin has also shown the ability to reduce the pro-inflammatory cytokine transcription factor, NF- κ B (32.5 \pm 2.76) more optimally than treatment with dexamethasone (44.6 \pm 2.43).

CONCLUSION: Nano curcumin can prevent the formation of ASA in testicular trauma through inhibition of the inflammatory response.

Introduction

Infertility is defined as not getting pregnant after 1 year of regular sexual intercourse without contraception. Both male and female factors can cause infertility [1], [2]. The causes of male infertility can be grouped into congenital disorders, urogenital tract infections, varicocele, endocrine disorders, and genetic and immunological disorders. The prevalence of infertility is 15% in couples after 1 year of regular sexual intercourse without contraception. The etiologies of male infertility were idiopathic semen abnormalities (75%), varicocele (12%), urogenital infection (6%), and immunological factors (3%) [2]. The American Urological Association and the American Medical Reproductive Association recommend evaluating infertility before 1 year if there is a risk factor for male infertility, namely, bilateral cryptorchidism. Moreover, risk factors for female infertility was age over 35 years [2].

A variety of conditions that can affect infertility are cryptorchidism, post-pubertal mumps orchitis, testicular torsion, and trauma. Testicular torsion and testicular trauma cause testicular atrophy, resulting in anti-sperm antibodies (ASA), affecting sperm function and motility [3], [4]. Strong attachments of the Sertoli cells, create the blood testicular barrier (BTB), preventing the immune system from communicating with post-mitotic germ cells. Under certain conditions such as testicular torsion, vasectomy, and trauma to the testicular walls, this can be damaged by BTB resulting in an immune/inflammatory response to the sperm, which is shown as ASA. The clinical importance of cancer clinical trials is after puberty because antigens on germ cells that occur during meiosis occur only after puberty. Pre-pubertal testicular damage such as biopsy, torsion, or trauma will not induce ASA [1].

ASA therapy in two ways, first by suppressing the formation of antibodies, and the second is Assisted

Reproductive Technique by removing antibodies attached to sperm or selecting sperm without antibodies. Corticosteroids that have anti-inflammatory effects have become drugs used to suppress the formation of ASA. There are several opinions regarding the efficacy of corticosteroids to treat ASA with different doses and administration duration [3], [4].

Immunological mechanisms of infertility are still poorly understood and controversial, both the cause and treatment [5], [6]. Inflammation, immunology, cell proliferation, cell differentiation, and cell survival are influenced by several proteins including nuclear factor kappa-B (NFκB), tumor necrosis factor-α (TNF-α), and interleukin-10 (IL-10) [5]. NFκB is a transcription factor that resides in the cytoplasm of every cell and moves to the nucleus when activated. Activation is caused by various agents, including stress, cigarette smoke, bacterial viruses, inflammatory stimuli, cytokines, free radicals, carcinogens, tumor promoters, and endotoxins. On activation, NFκB regulates the expression of more than 400 different genes consisting of enzymes (cyclooxygenase-2, 5-lipoxygenase, and inducible nitric oxide synthase), cytokines (TNF-α, IL-1, IL-6, IL-8, and chemokines), molecules adhesions, cell cycle controlling molecules, viral proteins, and angiogenic factors. NFκB is primarily associated with a wide variety of human diseases, including asthma, atherosclerosis, AIDS, rheumatoid arthritis, diabetes, osteoporosis, Alzheimer's, and cancer. Several substances are known to suppress NFκB, namely, cytokines from T helper 2 (IL-4, IL-13, and IL-10), interferon, endocrine hormones, phytochemicals, corticosteroids, and immunosuppressants [5], [6].

Materials from phytopharmacy can affect the activation of NFκB, and cytokines, namely, curcumin. Curcumin is one of the bioactive compounds from Curcuma (*Curcuma xanthorrhiza* Roxb.) which has the formula $C_{21}H_{20}O_6$ [7], [8]. Curcuma is one of the plants used for Indonesian traditional medicine for a long time. In 1995, Singh and Aggarwal first published curcumin to inhibit NFκB through inhibition before inhibitor of kappa B alpha (IκBα) phosphorylation using human monoclonal leukemia cell cultures [8].

The bioavailability of curcumin is low because less absorption (5%) rapidly metabolized and eliminated. Curcumin is produced in nanosize to increase its absorption. Nano curcumin is also soluble in water [9]. From several studies, nano curcumin was found in plasma with maximum levels after 4 h of oral administration [9], [10]. In the *in vitro* study, the results were the same as regular curcumin, but in the *in vivo* study, the level of nano curcumin in rat brain was increased 96% compared to ordinary curcumin. This study is the first study that explores the potential of nano curcumin preparations to prevent ASA formation due to the inflammatory process of the testes in Wistar rats. This study will assess the efficacy of nano curcumin in suppressing inflammatory cytokine responses.

Methods

Animal

This research is an experimental study with a pre-post-test approach with control group. The research subjects were rats (*Rattus norvegicus*) of the Wistar strain obtained from the Eureka Research Laboratory, Indonesia and were declared healthy and fit to be research subjects. A total of 30 male rats weighing $200 \text{ g} \pm 20 \text{ g}$, aged 10–11 weeks, were placed in cages under controlled conditions (12 h light and dark cycle with a temperature of $22 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity of 40–60%), food, and drink *ad libitum*. The ethical committee has approved all animal treatments and experimental procedures of the Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Padjadjaran with reference number 126/UN6.C2.1.2/KEPK/PN.

Nano curcumin

Nano curcumin is obtained from Miso, Seoul, South Korea. An examination with Delsa Nano (Microtrac, Pennsylvania, US) was used at the pharmacology laboratory of Institut Teknologi Bandung, Indonesia, to determine nano curcumin's size. From these measurements, the mean diameter was 723.6 nm.

Experimental animal treatment

The experimental animals were induced to testicular tract trauma. Previously, the rat was anaesthetized using 10% chloral hydrate (3.5 ml/kg) intraperitoneally. Furthermore, orchidectomy was performed on the left testis. The induced animals were grouped into three groups, namely, Group 1 received nano curcumin $1 \times 80 \text{ mg/kg}$ orally, Group 2 received dexamethasone $1 \times 0.3 \text{ mg/kg}$ BW orally; and Group 3 received placebo aquadest $1 \times 1 \text{ mL}$ orally. All treatments were carried out for 7 days.

Furthermore, the rat serum and testicular organ evacuation were carried out with anesthetic using 10% intraperitoneal chloral hydrate (3.5 ml/kg). As much as 1 mL of blood was obtained from the periorbital vein. Then, it was centrifuged at 5000 rpm for 10 min, and the supernatant was separated and stored at -20°C . Testicular organs that have been evacuated are inserted into 10% neutral buffer formalin, then the dehydration process is carried out with alcohol with graded concentrations ranging from alcohol concentrations of 96%, 80%, and 70% and xylene I, II, and III. The paraffinization process is carried out and made into paraffin blocks. Then, the paraffin block was cut with a thickness of 5 μm and placed on a coated slide (Biogear®, Singapore).

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Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) examination

The TNF- α , NF-kB, and IL-10 levels in serum were examined with ELISA TNF- α ; ELISA NF-kB; and SA IL10 (Cloud Clone, Hangzhou, PRC), based on the manufacturer's protocol. Briefly, 50 μ l of standard diluent or serum sample was added to the well, coated with anti-TNF α ; anti-NF-kB; anti-IL10; and incubated at 37°C for 30 min. After the plates were washed, 100 μ l of the biotinylated antibody solution was added and incubated for 30 min at 37°C. After 3 times washing, 50 μ l of avidin-peroxidase complex solution were added and incubated for 15 min at 37°C. After washing, 50 μ l of tetramethylbenzidine color solution was added and incubated in the dark for 15 min at 37°C. Finally, 50 μ l stop solution was added to stop the reaction, and the optical density was measured using an ELISA reader (Biorad, Singapore), the wavelength of 450 nm.

Immunohistochemistry examination

Testicular tissue on coated slides was rehydrated using xylene and alcohol with a concentration of 96%, 90%, 80%, and 70% and rinsed with tap water. The next step was carried out with the retrieval antigen using the heat induced epitope retrieval method, where the slides were inserted into a citrate buffer solution, then heated at 95°C for 60 min. An artificial ASA was then stained 1:1000 (Cloud Clone, Hangzhou, PRC), followed by overnight incubation at 4°C. The next step was staining with a secondary antibody, biotinylated-horseradish peroxidase, incubation for 1 h, at room temperature. Furthermore, chromogen was administered. Next, the dehydration process was again carried out using a concentration of alcohol and xylene. The mounting and assessing the TNF- α expression using ImageJ software will obtain the TNF- α expression percentage.

Data analysis

All data were presented as mean \pm standard deviation, and all statistical analyses were performed with the SPSS 25 (IBM) program. One-way ANOVA followed by *post hoc* analysis was carried out to assess differences in mean expression levels and levels of each protein and clinical data. $p < 0.05$ was determined as an indication that there was a significant difference in mean levels.

Results

Table 1 compares various inflammatory cytokine levels, such as TNF- α and NF-kB between

Table 1: TNF- α , NF-kB, and IL-10 level

Variables	Group	Levels (pg/mL) \pm SD	p-value*
TNF- α	1	47.3 \pm 2.32	0.001
	2	54.4 \pm 3.22	0.001
	3	87.8 \pm 2.39	
NF-kB	1	32.5 \pm 2.76	0.001
	2	44.6 \pm 2.43	0.001
	3	76.8 \pm 4.32	
IL-10	1	23.5 \pm 1.31	0.001
	2	33.6 \pm 2.21	0.001
	3	46.8 \pm 2.54	

* $p < 0.05$ versus Group 3, ANOVA followed *post hoc* Bonferroni. Notes: 1: Nano curcumin; 2: Dexamethasone; 3: Placebo; NF-kB: Nuclear factor kappa-B; TNF- α : Tumor necrosis factor- α ; IL-10: Interleukin-10.

the treatment groups. The nano curcumin treatment showed the ability to reduce the pro-inflammatory cytokine protein TNF- α expression more optimally than dexamethasone treatment. Nano curcumin has also shown the ability to reduce the pro-inflammatory cytokine transcription factor, NF-kB, more optimally than treatment with dexamethasone.

Figure 1 shows the comparison of ASA expression in testicular tissue between treatment groups. Treatment with nano curcumin reduced the expression of ASA more optimally than treatment with dexamethasone.

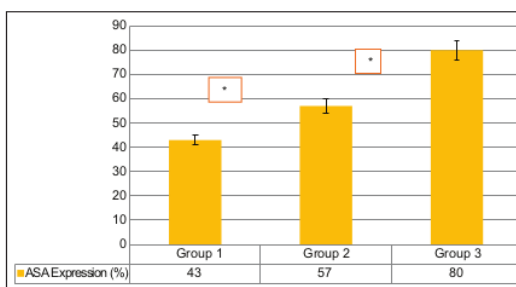


Figure 1: Anti-sperma antibody expression. * $p < 0.05$ versus Group 3, ANOVA followed *post hoc* Bonferroni; 1: Nano curcumin, 2: Dexamethasone, 3: Placebo

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Discussion

TNF- α is a pro-inflammatory cytokine which will increase its level in inflammation and infection [11]. In this study, the damage was occurred to BTB, the barrier that separates the basal and apical compartments of the Sertoli cells [12], [13], [14]. The basal compartment is a mitosis process, whereas in the apical compartment there is a process of meiosis. TNF- α comes from macrophages and Sertoli cells in the testes, increasing in number when there are inflammation and infection [15]. In the nano curcumin group, there was a decrease in TNF- α level lower than dexamethasone and placebo because nano curcumin inhibited TNF- α by blocking the TNF- α receptor. Research by Wajant *et al.* founded that expression of TNF- α and TNF- α receptors in the posterior spinal cord was increased in a diabetic rat model [13]. Treatment with curcumin decreases the

expression of TNF- α and TNF- α receptors. Curcumin reduces exercise-induced inflammation with the result of **18** **reducing plasma keratin kinases and reducing levels of inflammatory cytokines IL-1 β , IL-6, and TNF- α [16].** Research by Bisht *et al.* stated that administration of nano curcumin could reduce 1.5 times the TNF- α level and 2.4 times the IL-6 levels found in hepatocellular injury [17].

NF κ B in the inactive state is located in the cytoplasm and binds to I κ B protein. Increased NF κ B activity is associated with its involvement in various cancers in humans. Almost all of the biological effects of curcumin are through gene regulation by NF κ B, namely, proteins associated with apoptosis (B-cell lymphoma [Bcl]-2, Bcl-X, and TNF receptor-associated factor), cell cycle regulators (cyclin D1 and cyclin D2), growth factors (IL, TNF- α , and vascular endothelial growth factor), receptors (CD₄₀, CD₄₄, CD₈₆, CCR₇, and CXCL), and matrix metalloproteinases (MMP-2 and MMP-9) [18], [19], [20]. Research by Bisht *et al.*, nano curcumin inhibits pancreatic cancer cells through NF κ B inhibition [17]. From the information above, it can be concluded that nano curcumin inhibits NF κ B activation. In this study's results, nano curcumin played a role in inhibiting the activation of NF κ B transcription in testicular trauma that damaged BTB to prevent ASA.

Conclusion

Nano curcumin can prevent the formation of ASA in testicular trauma through inhibition of the inflammatory response.

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