



HASIL VALIDASI DAN PENILAIAN
KARYA ILMIAH DOSEN FAKULTAS KEDOKTERAN GIGI UNIVERSITAS AIRLANGGA
(MEDIA PUBLIKASI KARYA ILMIAH : JURNAL ILMIAH INTERNASIONAL)
Nomor : 170 /UN3.1.2 .S.6 /KP/2022

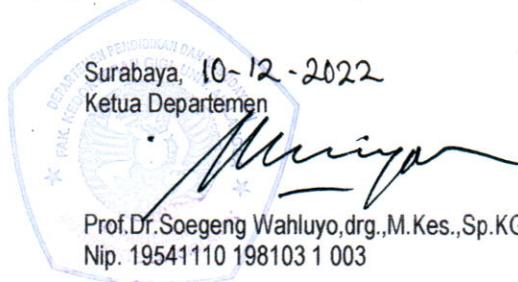
- A. Identitas Karya Ilmiah
Judul Jurnal Ilmiah (Artikel) : **The Identification of Marker Genes for Predicting the Osteogenic Differentiation Potential of Mesenchymal Stromal Cells**
Jumlah Penulis : 9 (Sembilan) penulis Masami Kanawa 1 , Akira Igarashi 2,3 , Katsumi Fujimoto 3,4, Tania Saskianti 3,5, Ayumu Nakashima 6 , Yukihito Higashi 7 , Hidemi Kurihara 8 , Yukio Kato 3 and Takeshi Kawamoto 3,9,*
Status Pengusul : Penulis Ke. 4
Indentitas Jurnal Ilmiah :
a. Nama Jurnal : **Current Issue Molecular Biology**
b. Nomor ISSN : 14673037, 14673045
c. Volume, Nomor, bulan, tahun : 43 , 2021, p.2157-2166
d. Penerbit : University of the Philippines at Manila
e. Doi artikel : <https://doi.org/10.3390/cimb43030150>
f. Alamat web Jurnal : <https://www.mdpi.com/1467-3045/43/3/150/htm>
g. Jurnal Ilmiah International terindeks di Web of science clarivate analytics / kelompok emerging sources citation indeks (tidak terindeks SJR)
Q2,(2021) SJR:0,7. H.Indeks : 54, Coverage : 2009-2021
- B. Kategori Publikasi Jurnal Ilmiah : (beri V pada kategori yang tepat)
 Jurnal Ilmiah Internasional bereputasi (SJR > 0,10)
 Jurnal Ilmiah Internasional bereputasi (SJR < 0,10)
 Jurnal Ilmiah Internsional terindeks di Web of Science clarivate analytics/
Kelompok emerging sources citation indeks (tidak terindeks SJR)

C. Hasil Validasi Ketua Departemen.

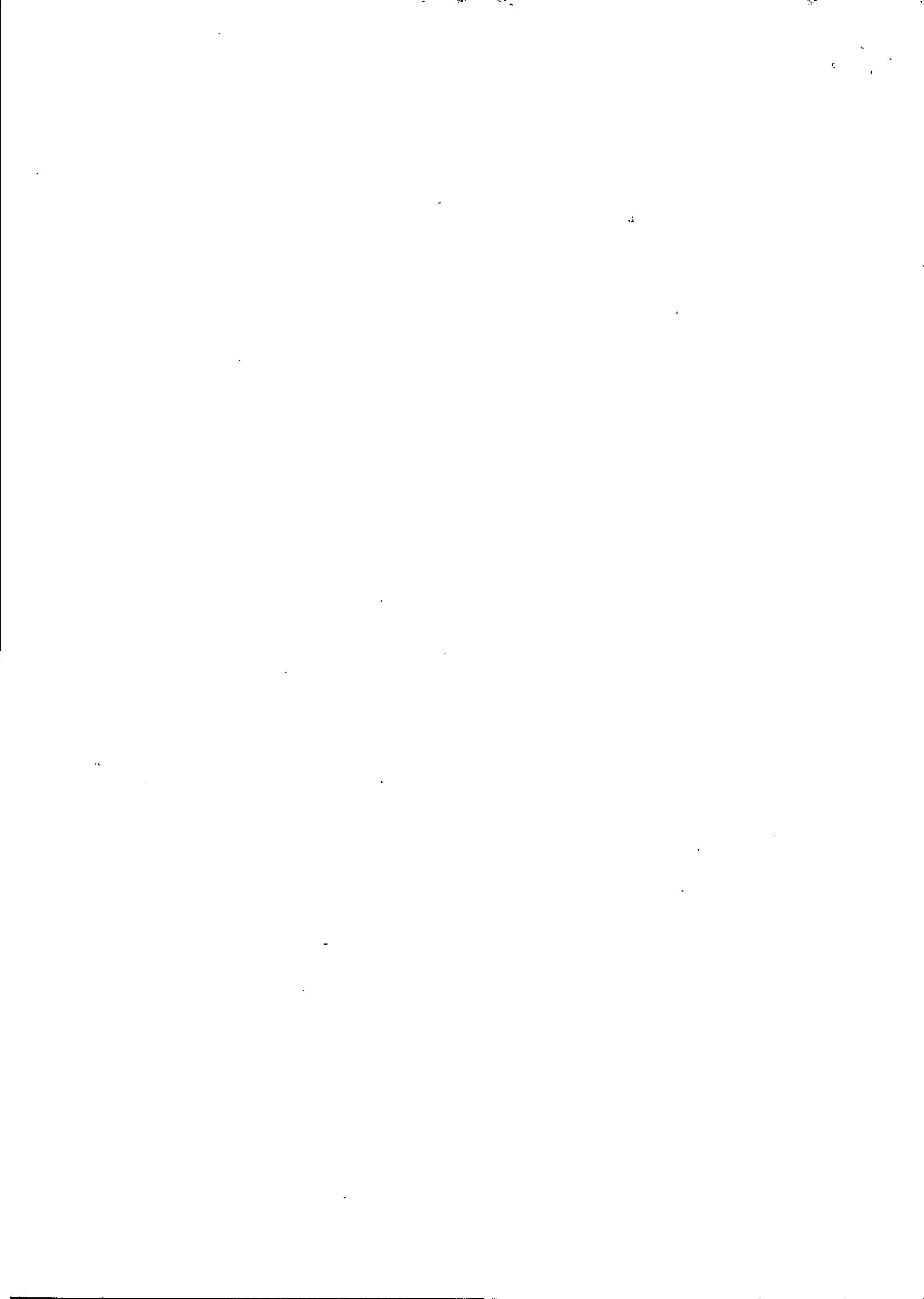
Telah diperiksa dan divalidasi dengan baik, dan sampai pernyataan ini dibuat sebagai karya ilmiah **original / plagiat***, sehingga kami turut bertanggung jawab bahwa karya ilmiah tersebut telah memenuhi syarat kaidah ilmiah, norma akademik, dan norma hukum, sesuai dengan Peraturan Menteri Pendidikan Nasional Nomor 17 Tahun 2010 tanggal 16 Agustus 2010 tentang Pencegahan dan Pananggulangan Plagiat di Perguruan Tinggi.

Namun demikian, apabila di kemudian hari ternyata terbukti bahwa karya ilmiah tersebut merupakan karya Ilmiah Plagiat, maka akan menjadi tanggung jawab mutlak penulis tersebut di atas, baik secara perdata maupun pidana.

Demikian surat pernyataan ini saya buat untuk dipergunakan sebagaimana mestinya



Prof.Dr.Soegeng Wahluyo,drg.,M.Kes.,Sp.KGA.K-KKA
Nip. 19541110 198103 1 003



Form Penilaian Kualitas Karil dan Kesesuaian Bidang Ilmu

Profil Sinta : <https://sinta.kemdikbud.go.id/authors/profile/6050737>

A	Identitas Karya Ilmiah	
1	Judul : The Identification of Marker Genes for Predicting the Osteogenic Differentiation Potential of Mesenchymal Stromal Cells	
2	Nama Penulis : 1. Masami Kanawa 2. Akira Igarashi 3. Katsumi Fujimoto 4. Tania Saskianti 5. Ayumu Nakashima 6. Yukihito Higashi 7. Hidemi Kurihara 8. Yukio Kato 9. Takeshi Kawamoto	
3	Nama Jurnal : Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute (MDPI)	
B	Peng-index : Q3 (2021) : 0,7, H.Indeks : 54 , Coverage : 1999-on going Publisher : Multidiciplinary Digital Publishing Institute (MDPI), 2021, 43, 2157–2166. DOI: https://doi.org/10.3390/cimb43030150 , ISSN. 14673037, 14673045	
C	Relevansi kompetensi dosen dengan substansi karya ilmiah	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Artikel ini menganalisis tentang pengukuran tingkat mRNA IGF1 dan SRGN sebelum induksi osteogenik yang akan memberikan informasi berguna untuk pemilihan stem sel mesenkimal yang berkualitas untuk pengobatan regeneratif, meskipun efektivitas penanda perlu dikonfirmasi menggunakan sejumlah besar stem sel mesenkimal yang memiliki tingkat potensi diferensiasi osteogenic yang bervariasi. Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk mengidentifikasi gen penanda untuk memprediksi potensi diferensiasi osteogenik dengan membandingkan sampel ilium stem sel mesenkimal dan fibroblast. Artikel ini sesuai dengan bidang keahlian pengusul yaitu: Rekayasa Jaringan Kraniofasial anak dan individu berkebutuhan khusus karena bila telah ditemukan penanda stem sel mesenkimal yang potensial maka terapi kedokteran gigi berbasis rekayasa jaringan akan lebih terarah dan tepat sasaran. Artikel ini tidak ada keterkaitan dengan naskah disertasi pengusul yang berjudul: Enhanced stem cell adhesion and proliferation on mixed self-assembled monolayers (SAMs) under serum free condition
D	Kesesuaian antara lingkup / subjek area jurnal dengan karya ilmiah yang diusulkan	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Alamat Web Jurnal : https://www.mdpi.com/1467-3045/43/3/150/htm Kebenaran ISSN : 14673037, 14673045 Termasuk "Predatory" tidak (jurnal; penerbit) : tidak masuk pada predatory Syarat komposisi Editor Board : 1 negara Syarat kontributor penulis artikel : Penulis keempat dari sembilan penulis Keberkalaan penerbitan : 4 terbitan pertahun Subjek area dan katagori jurnal : Medicine : Microbiology (Medical) Imunology and Microbiology : Microbiology Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology .
E	Kepastian tidak ada pelanggaran integritas akademik	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Indikasi plagiasi (lihat check similarity) : Similarity index (turnytin) : 19% sehingga artikel ini tidak ada indikasi Plagiasi Fabrikasi : Tidak ada Falsifikasi : Tidak ada Praktek kepalsuan : Tidak ada
	Nilai pengusul (penulis pertama dan corespondensi 60%)	
	Nilai pengusul (penulis pertama / penulis corespondensi masing - masing 40%)	
	Nilai pengusul (penulis Anggota) = 1,085	

Surabaya,

Penilai Angka Kredit

Nama : Prof. Dr. Asti Meizarini, drg., MS.

NIP : 195905051984032001

Bidang Ilmu : Biomaterial Natural herbal : Rhizome

Unit Kerja : Fakultas Kedokteran Gigi Unair

Jabatan / Pangkat : Guru Besar/ Pembina Utama Madya/ IVd

Form Penilaian Kualitas Karil dan Kesesuaian Bidang Ilmu

Profil Sinta : <https://sinta.kemdikbud.go.id/authors/profile/6050737>

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	Nilai pengusul (penulis pertama dan corespondensi 60%)	
	Nilai pengusul (penulis pertama / penulis corespondensi masing - masing 40%)	
	Nilai pengusul (penulis Anggota) = 1,925	

Surabaya,
Penilai Angka Kredit

Nama : Prof. Dr. Retno Pudji Rahayu, drg., M.Kes.
 NIP : 195911141986032002
 Bidang Ilmu : Infeksi Rongga Mulut
 Unit Kerja : Fakultas Kedokteran Gigi Unair
 Jabatan / Pangkat : Guru Besar/ Pembina Utama Muda/ IVc

inferred that a child's position towards a word is related to his/her knowledge of the word.

The results of the present study support the hypothesis that children's knowledge of words is related to their position towards them.

It is interesting to note that the results of the present study are similar to those of previous studies.

For example, in a study by Kinsbourne and Warrington (1963) it was found that children's knowledge of words was related to their position towards them.

Thus, it appears that children's knowledge of words is related to their position towards them.

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