

ABSTRACT

Terms of address can be seen as another instance of the way which a speaker locates himself in his social world when he speaks. The interesting thing about parent terms of address is the various kinds in use. The first time people learn to speak is to address their parents before they learn another utterance and the use of parent terms of address in a family is distinct from one family to another.

There are many parent terms of address used by the population of the research such as, 'papa', 'ayah', 'bapak', 'abah' and "pak'e" to father, while to mother are 'mama', 'ibu', 'mak' and "mak'e". This study is done in order to know more about the use of parent terms of address based on some factors mainly; sex, educational levels of the user, situation of the conversation and generation of the user.

In my findings, I conclude that the use of parent terms of address is influenced by some factors that I mentioned above. I also find the diglossia in the choice of such parent terms of address. There are parent terms of address which are considered as high variety while the others are low variety. I also state some patterns of parent terms of address which are used in Gelang, Sidoarjo.

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION