

Source details

International Journal of Surgery Case Reports Scopus coverage years: from 2010 to Present	CiteScore 2022 1.0	0
Publisher: Elsevier ISSN: 2210-2612 Subject area: (Medicine: Surgery)	SJR 2022 0.193	0
View all documents > Set document alert Image: Save to source list Source Homepage	SNIP 2022 0.580	0

 \equiv

Q

CiteScore CiteScore rank & trend Scopus content coverage

i Improved CiteScore met CiteScore 2022 counts the citat papers published in 2019-2022	hodology ions received in 2019-2 , and divides this by the	× 2022 to articles, reviews, conference papers, book chapters and data e number of publications published in 2019-2022. Learn more >
CiteScore 2022 $1.0 = \frac{3,869 \text{ Citations 201}}{4,033 \text{ Documents 201}}$ Calculated on 05 May, 2023 CiteScore rank 2022 ①	.9 - 2022)19 - 2022	CiteScoreTracker 2023 ① $0.9 = \frac{3,705 \text{ Citations to date}}{4,225 \text{ Documents to date}}$ Last updated on 05 September, 2023 • Updated monthly
Category Rank 	Percentile 34th	

View CiteScore methodology > CiteScore FAQ > Add CiteScore to your site o



International Journal of Surgery Case Reports 8

COUNTRY	SUBJECT AREA AND CATEGORY	PUBLISHER	H-INDEX
Netherlands IIII Universities and research institutions in Netherlands	Medicine Surgery	Elsevier BV	26
Media Ranking in Netherlands			
PUBLICATION TYPE	ISSN	COVERAGE	INFORMATION
Journals	22102612	2010-2022	Homepage
			How to publish in this journal

SCOPE

International Journal of Surgery Case Reports is an open access, broad scope journal covering all surgical specialities. It is dedicated to publishing case reports and case series. Articles must be authentic, ethical, educational and clinically interesting to an international audience of surgeons, trainees and researchers in all surgical subspecialties, as well as clinicians in related fields. All case reports and case series submitted need to comply with the relevant reporting criteria. The journal is nubliched monthly and focuses on ranid submission to decision times. 🖂 The journal covers the following areas of surgery: -Cardiothoracic surgery- General

Unleash a Spectrum of Flavors

Explore your creativity with new compact and colorful Vertuo Pop coffee máchine

 \bigcirc Join the conversation about this journal

Quartiles

and orthopaedic surgery- Urology- Vascular

10/5/23, 3:03 PM



powered by scimagojr.com



Metrics based on Scopus® data as of April 2023





ERUDITIO · DILIGENTIA · FIDES

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF SURGERY CASE REPORTS

Advancing surgery through shared experience



Professor Hasan Alam, Michigan, USA Professor Raafat Afifi, Cairo, Egypt Dr Juan Barret, Barcelona, Spain

Professor Roberto Coppola, Rome, Italy Dr Veerappan Kasivisvanathan, London, UK Dr Richard Keijzer, Winnipeg, Canada, USA Dr Boris Kirshtein, Beer Sheva, Israel

Mr Ben Challacombe, London, UK Dr Xaio-ping Chen, Wuhan, China



International Journal of Surgery Case Reports

Editor-in-Chief

Professor David Rosin, Barbados, West Indies

Managing and Executive Editor

Dr Riaz Agha, London, UK

Assistant Managing Editor

Maliha Agha, London, UK

Senior Editors

Dr Burcin Ekser, Indianapolis, USA Professor Joseph W Y Lau, Shatin, Hong Kong Dr Oliver Muensterer, New York, USA Dr Selwyn Rogers, Galveston, Texas Professor Jamsheer Talati, Karachi, Pakistan

Associate Editors

Professor James McCaul, London, UK Miss Emma McGlone, London, UK Dr Dattatraya Muzumdar, Mumbai, India Professor Andy Petroianu, Minas Gerais, Brazil

Assistant Editors

Dr Juan Gomez Rivas, Madrid, Spain Dr. Satoshi Ieiri, Kagoshima City, Japan Dr Haytham Kaafarani, Massachusetts, USA Dr Traytnam Kaafarani, Massachusetts Dr Yogeesh Kamat, Karnataka, India Mr Omar Khan, London, UK Prof. Tsuyoshi Konishi, Osaka, Japan Dr Vito A Mannacio, Naples, Italy Dr Todd Manning, Oxford, UK Dr Zubing Mei, Shanghai, China Dr Umesh Metkar, Beth, Israel

Dr Mangesh Thorat, London, UK Professor Fu Chan Wei, Tapei, Taiwan Professor Rudy Leon De Wilde, Oldenburg, Germany

Mr Shahzad Raja, London, UK Dr Kandiah Raveedran, Ipoh, Malaysia Dr Daniel Yeh, Boston, USA

Dr Indraneil Mukherjee, Staten Island, USA Dr Enyi Ofo, Adelaide, South Australia Dr Lena Perger, Albuquerque, USA Professor Prathamesh S Pai, Mumbai, India Dr Alfredas Smailys, Kaunas, Lithuania Prof. Peter Hyunsuk Suh, Seoul, South Korea Dr Dieter Weber, Perth, Australia Dr John Wee, Boston, USA Dr Honggyi Zhu, Shanghai, China

Society Representative

Deniz Balci, Representative of the International Society of Liver Surgeons Rhiannon Harries, President, Association of Surgeons in Training Gene F. Coppa, President of the New York Surgical Society Xiao-ping Chen, President of the Chinese Chapter of International Hepato-Pancreato-Biliary Association

Niamh O'Neill, London, UK

Catrin Sohrabi, London, UK

John Norcini, Philadelphia, USA

Sir Magdi Yacoub, London, UK

Lord Robert Winston, London, UK

Professor Susan Standring, London, UK

Social Media Editor

Dr Riaz Agha, London, UK

Assistant Commissioning Editors

Ahmed Kerwan, London, UK Mehdi Khan, London, UK Ginimol Matthew, London, UK Maria Nicola, London, UK

Executive Committee

Sir Barry Jackson, London, UK Professor Arthur Li Kwok-Cheung, Wanchai, Hong Kong Professor C H Leong, Central, Hong Kong Lord Ian McColl, London, UK

Editorial Board

Raj Badwe Bangkok, Thailand Paul Coulthard Manchester, UK Anil d'Cruz Juan Gomez Rivas Spain, Madrid

Executive Publisher Ash Allan, Oxford, UK Administrative Editor Josie Hutchins, Oxford, UK Marketing Manager Jayne Dawkins, Philadelphia, USA

Processed at Thomson Digital, Gangtok (India)

David W. Green London, UK Iraj Harirchi Tehran, Iran Doris Henne-Bruns Ulm, Germany Delawir Kahn Delawir Kahn Cape Town, South Africa Xiaoxi Lin Shanghai, China Ashok Mahapatra New Delhi, India Todd Manning Melbourne, Australia Indraneel Mittra Mumbai India Mumbai, India

Vijay Naraynsingh West Indies Fabio Nicoli London, UK Aníbal R. Núñez De Pierro Purma chierc, Araminar Buenos Aires, Argentina Reuben Orda Tel Aviv, Israel Vladimir Semiglazov St. Petersburg, Russia Tejinder Singh Ludhiana, India Barbara L. Smith Boston, USA James Tatum California, USA

Tehemton Udwadia Mumbai, India Martin R. Weiser Martin K. Weise New York, USA Yixin Zhang Shanghai, China Jun Zhong Shanghai, China Zhao-Fan Xia

Shanghai, China

Elsevier

Journal Manager Tamsyn Hopkins, Exeter, UK Senior Business Development Executive (Reprints) Emma Steel, London, UK Advertising Sales Manager Robert Bayliss, London, UK

Account Manager (Supplements) Evelina Euren, Amsterdam, the Netherlands Project Manager Supplements & E-business Mónica Hernández-Sesma, Amsterdam, the Netherlands

Ahmed Al-Jabir, London, UK Zaid Alsafi, London, UK Thomas Franchi, Sheffield, UK Christos Iosifides, London, UK

Statistical Editors

Dr Derek Cooper, London, UK Professor Nora Donaldson, London, UK

Professor David Albala, New York, USA Sir Graeme Catto, London, UK Professor David Cooper, Pittsburgh, USA Lord Ara Darzi, London, UK Professor Harold Ellis, London, UK Ather Enam, Karachi, Pakistan

Mumbai, India Michael Boscoe Middlesex, UK Rapheal Bueno Parton USA Boston, USA Kris Chatamra Mumbai, India Mahesh Desai Mumbai, India

Dr Rafid Al-Mahfoudh, Oxford, UK Dr Hussein Atta, Boston, USA Dr Mohammad Bashashati, Texas, USA Professor Somprakus Basu, Varanasi, India Mr Andrew Beamish, Cardiff, UK Dr Anthony Charles, North Carolina, USA Dr Amitava Das, Hyderabad, India Dr Brian Davis, Texas, USA Dr Susana Adriana Esquivel, Córdoba, Mexico Professor Sheng Feng, Shanghai, China Professor Mary W Gray, Washington DC, USA

International Journal of Surgery Open access	Case Reports
Submit your article	Guide for authors
Menu Q Search in this journal	
Volume 98	
September 2022	
	Next vol/issue >
Receive an update when the latest issues in this jour	nal are published
Sign in to set up alerts	
Open access	
Editorial Board	
Article 107636	
Correspondence	
Correspondence Open access	
Wide resection as a solution to excruciating pain in in	ntraneural hemangioma: Follow-up of a previously published ca
report	
Ramin Zargarbashi, Fardis Vosoughi, Nesa Milan Article 107562	
🔀 View PDF	
Case Reports	

Gastric Antral Vascular Ectasia (GAVE) a case report, review of the literature and update of techniques

L. Fortuna, A. Bottari, D. Bisogni, F. Coratti, ... F. Staderini Article 107474

🔀 View PDF 🛛 Article preview 🗸

International Journal of Surgery Case Reports

*

Submit your article

THE PICKEN

Case report Open access

VISIO I E

12

Q

Beware of lethal Wernicke's encephalopathy after cytoreductive surgery with HIPEC for peritoneal pseudomyxoma: Case report of morbidity and mortality review

Oumayma Lahnaoui, Nezha EL Bahaoui, Sara El Atiq, Laila Amrani, ... Amine Souadka Article 107500

🔀 View PDF 🛛 Article preview 🗸

Case report Open access

Perioperative management of closed fracture subtrochanteric femur sinistra in type 2 diabetes mellitus with multiple comorbid: A case report

Nadya Mutiara Viryani, Soebagijo Adi Soelistijo Article 107536

🔁 View PDF 🛛 Article preview 🗸

Case report Open access

Revisiting the clinico-radiological features of an unusual inguino-labial swelling in an adult female

T. Vinoth, Ankit Lalchandani, Swastik Bharadwaj, Bharati Pandya Article 107515

[View PDF 🔹 Article preview 🗸

Case report Open access

Non-perforated Stercoral Colitis patients with septic shock have a higher mortality than their perforated counterparts. A case report and review of literature

Cesar Reategui, Derek Grubbs Article 107528

🔁 View PDF 🛛 Article preview 🗸

Case report Open access

A rare case of delayed splenic rupture following initial negative CT scan imaging: A case report and review of the literature

Margo Carlin, Adel Elkbuli, Piueti Maka, Mark McKenney, Dessy Boneva Article 107517

🚺 View PDF 🛛 Article preview 🗸

Case report Open access

Breast Implant-Associated Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma (BIA-ALCL) in a young transgender woman: A case report

Marco Materazzo, Gianluca Vanni, Maurizio Rho, Chiara Buonomo, ... Stefano Mori Article 107520 Contents lists available at ScienceDirect



Case report

International Journal of Surgery Case Reports

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/ijscr



Perioperative management of closed fracture subtrochanteric femur sinistra in type 2 diabetes mellitus with multiple comorbid: A case report



Nadya Mutiara Viryani, Soebagijo Adi Soelistijo

Department of Internal Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga - Dr. Soetomo General Academic Hospital, Surabaya, Indonesia

ARTICLEINFO	ABSTRACT
<i>Keywords:</i> Blood glucose Diabetes mellitus Multiple comorbid Perioperative management	Background: Perioperative management aims to reduce surgical complications by controlling blood sugar levels and comorbid factors in type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Case presentation:</i> An elderly Indonesian female, 60 years old, complained of wounds on the base of both big toes for 3 months, paresthesia, and fever. The patient also had a left femoral close fracture after falling out of bed and feeling pain in the left leg. The patient had a medical history of type 2 diabetes mellitus and hypertension for 15 years. Physical examination revealed hypertension (150/80 mm Hg), pulse rate of $102 \times /min$, fever (38 °C), obesity class III (BMI = 42.6 kg/m ² , body height = 147 cm, body weight = 92 kg), wound in both digiti I pedis (right = 2×2 cm, left = 3×3 cm), ankle-brachial index (ABI) of 1.03 (right) and 1.07 (left), and lower extremity sensory of gloves shocks paresthesia. Laboratory examination showed an HBA1c of 8.2 %, HBsAg reactive, and a left femoral X-ray showed a subtrochanteric fracture sinitra. Patients delayed surgery for >30 days post-fracture because of increased blood glucose levels and hyponatremia. The patient was successfully verified, and the outcomes were excellent (blood glucose and blood pressure expected). <i>Discussion:</i> Perioperative management of diabetes includes surgical risk assessment, diabetes management pre- intra-post-surgery with blood glucose target levels of 140–180 mg/dL and surgical anticipation. <i>Conclusion:</i> Perioperative management focuses on blood sugar control, insulin dosing accuracy, and managing multiple comorbidities.

1. Introduction

Diabetes mellitus is a group of metabolic diseases characterized by chronic hyperglycemia due to abnormalities in insulin secretion and amount, insulin resistance or a combination of both. The prevalence of diabetes mellitus continues to increase worldwide, from 30 million cases in 1985 to 382 million cases in 2013. According to the International Diabetes Federation, it is estimated that 592 million people will have diabetes mellitus by 2035. The mortality rate of diabetes mellitus in 2013 reached 5.1 million deaths, which is 8 % of the total yearly mortality [1,2]. A recent study reported that problems frequently experienced by diabetes mellitus patients with microvascular complications such as retinopathy, neuropathy, and nephropathy [3]. According to other reports, long-term treatment of diabetes mellitus results in a high risk of atypical femoral fracture [4]. However, the practice of perioperative management of femoral fracture patients with diabetes mellitus is challenging, primarily by reducing the risk of post-surgery infection [5,6]. Based on the description above, we report an Indonesian elderly with type 2 diabetes mellitus and multiple comorbid complicated with femoral fracture. We write based on SCARE 2020 guidelines [7].

2. Case presentation

An elderly Indonesian Female, 60 years old, complained of wounds on both big toes for 3 months, paresthesia, and fever. The patient also had a left femoral close fracture after falling out of bed and feeling pain in the left leg. The patient had a medical history of type 2 diabetes mellitus for 15 years and used insulin aspart of 3×38 U and insulin detemir of 38 U every night. The patient also had a history of hypertension and consumed amlodipine 10 mg every morning. Physical examination revealed hypertension (150/80 mm Hg), pulse rate of $102 \times /$ min, fever (38 °C), obesity class III (BMI = 42.6 kg/m², body height = 147 cm, body weight = 92 kg), wound in both digiti I pedis (right = $2 \times$ 2 cm, left = 3×3 cm), ankle-brachial index (ABI) of 1.03 (right) and

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijscr.2022.107536

Received 21 June 2022; Received in revised form 16 August 2022; Accepted 18 August 2022 Available online 23 August 2022

^{*} Corresponding author: Soebagijo Adi Soelistijo, Department of Internal Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Universitas Airlangga – Dr. Soetomo General Academic Hospital, Jl. Mayjend Prof. Dr. Moestopo No. 6-8, Airlangga, Gubeng, Surabaya, East Java, 60286, Indonesia.

E-mail address: soebagijo1121@gmail.com (S.A. Soelistijo).

^{2210-2612/© 2022} The Authors. Published by Elsevier Ltd on behalf of IJS Publishing Group Ltd. This is an open access article under the CC BY-NC-ND license (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/).

International Journal of Surgery Case Reports 98 (2022) 107536

1.07 (left), and lower extremity sensory of shocking-gloves paresthesia. Laboratory examination showed an HBA1c of 8.2 %, HBsAg reactive, and a left femoral X-ray showed a subtrochanteric fracture sinistra (Fig. 1).

The patient underwent immobilization skin traction with 10 kg weight and planned for ORIF waiting condition stable. The patient received insulin aspart of 18-18-20 U, insulin detemir of 26 U every night, metformin of 500 mg/12 h, acarbose of 50 mg/8 h, pioglitazone of 30 mg/24 h, telmisartan of 80 mg/24 h, and tramadol of 100 mg if needed. On the 9th day, the patient still had hypertension (150/80 mm Hg), blood glucose pre-bed monitoring was 72 mg/dL, and morning fasting blood glucose was 127 mg/dL. The patient then received an adjustment dose for insulin aspart (16-18-14 U), insulin detemir of 28 U every night, no change for oral antidiabetic (OAD), and added antihypertension (bisoprolol of 2.5 mg). On the 11th day, the patient has a morning fasting blood glucose of 65 mg/dL and post-prandial blood glucose of 124 mg/dL. The patient received an adjustment dose for insulin again (aspart of 10-18-14 U and detemir of 18 U) and planned for ORIF. On the 17th day, the patient reschedules surgery because of hyponatremia (130 mmol/L) and morning pre-prandial blood glucose of 178 mg/dL. The patient received decreased insulin (aspart decreased 10 U and detemir of 14 U), bisoprolol increased (5 mg), and NaCl 0.9 % of 1000 cc/24 h. On the 22nd day, the patient was stable with a blood pressure of 140/80 mm Hg, morning fasting blood glucose of 82 mg/dL, post prandial blood glucose of 69 mg/dL, and Na of 137 mmol/L. The patient received aspart of 6-6-6 U, detemir 8 U, and OAD dose continuous.

On the 23rd day, the patient's condition was supported for ORIF in the morning with a blood pressure of 147/89 mm Hg, pulse rate of 88×/ min, respiratory rate of 20×/min, and an axillary temperature of 36 °C, and fasting blood glucose of 141 mg/dL. The patient was prepared for fasting from midnight, omitting the morning dose of OAD and insulin, and received low-molecular-weight heparin (LMWH) of 40 mg/12 h from the second day of pre-surgical. Successful ORIF procedure in the operating room was obtained [8,9]. On the 4th day post-surgery, the fasting blood glucose patient of 140 mg/dL, and she continue to received insulin aspart of 6–6–6 U, detemir of 8 U, metformin of 500 mg/12 h, acarbose 50 mg/8 h, and pioglitazone 30 mg/24 h, telmisartan 80 mg/ 24 h and bisoprolol 5 mg/24 h. The patient is planned to follow up in the internal and surgeon devision outpatient ward.

3. Discussion

The prevalence of abnormal blood sugar levels (hyperglycemia, hypoglycemia, stress-induced hyperglycemia) perioperatively continues to increase, requiring unique management [1,10]. Operational risk assessment is carried out using a standard scoring system, including the ASA, APACHE-II, and POSSUM classification systems. Cardiac (Goldman Cardiac Risk Index) and pulmonary (Pulmonary Complication Risk) scoring systems are also frequently used for specific comorbid factors. The ASA (American Society of Anesthesiologists) classification system evaluates risk factors and underlying diseases that may complicate surgery. This system is widely used because it is easy and is associated with perioperative mortality and morbidity [11,12]. Common surgical complications include hypertension, diabetes mellitus, kidney disease, coronary heart disease, infection, asthma, obesity, and hemodynamic and electrolyte disturbances [12,13].

In diabetes mellitus patients undergoing surgery, uncontrolled glucose levels are a risk factor for diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA), nonketotic hyperosmolar (HONK), infection, hypoglycemia, seizures, coma and death. Diabetic nephropathy can cause electrolyte disturbances, AKI conditions, and increased insulin sensitivity. However, this is also a risk for perioperative hypotension, arrhythmias, silent angina, gastroparesis, and decubitus ulcers. These conditions lead to higher morbidity and mortality rates in diabetes mellitus patients undergoing surgery. The preoperative and postoperative blood glucose target is 140–180 mg/dL and considers postponing surgery in elective procedures if blood glucose is 300–500 mg/dL, severe dehydration, DKA and HONK [12,13].

Patients with diabetes mellitus are also recommended to evaluate preoperative HbA1C levels to determine whether surgery is better to postpone or proceed. It was stated that HbA1C levels >8.5 % were associated with higher long-term complications and longer duration of treatment because elevated HbA1C values were a sign of poor blood sugar control. Therefore, elective surgery is recommended to be postponed until the HbA1C level is <8.5 % [14,15]. In diabetic patients



Fig. 1. X-ray showed a comminuted fracture 1/3 proximal OS femur sinistra.

undergoing major surgery and surgery duration >4 h, it is recommended by the ADA and the NHS to have surgery scheduled in the morning. This affects the duration of fasting and the use of insulin infusion. During fasting, adequate glucose infusion aims to prevent hypoglycemia and meet energy needs and severe catabolism. In conditions of extreme stress, more glucose is needed. If additional fluids are required, fluids that do not contain dextrose can be given [16].

The use of diabetic drugs orally is recommended to be carried out on the day before the procedure, and fasting begins at night. Some things that need special attention are the use of biguanides (metformin) and alpha-glucosidase inhibitors (acarbose). In America and Europe, metformin is discontinued before surgery because it can cause complications in kidney function, eventually leading to lactic acidosis. Metformin administration can be continued in procedures that do not use contrast. On the day of surgery, performed in the morning, metformin was still taken according to the hour if it was given once or twice a day, while on metformin three times a day, the afternoon dose was not given. Metformin can be given after the procedure if the $eGFR > 50 mL/min/1.73^2$. Acarbose is recommended to continue to be consumed, but if it has fasted since the night, then the morning dose is not given. This is because acarbose effectively reduces glucose absorption after meals, so its use is recommended to be continued after the patient has received oral intake [1.16].

The limitation of the case was that we did not consider the use of insulin intravenous in order to make the management of hyperglycemia more effective.

4. Conclusion

Blood glucose control is essential in the operative procedure for diabetes mellitus. Which patient also has hypertension and obesity, which complicate the operation. Perioperative management focuses on blood sugar control, insulin dosing accuracy, and management of multiple comorbidities. Preoperative and postoperative blood glucose levels are within expected.

Provenance and peer review

Not commissioned, externally peer-reviewed.

Ethical approval

Not applicable.

Funding

None.

Guarantor

Soebagijo Adi Soelistijo is the person in charge of the publication of our manuscript.

Research registration number

Name of the registry: -.

Unique Identifying number or registration ID: -.

Hyperlink to your specific registration (must be publicly accessible and will be checked): -.

Credit authorship contribution statement

All authors contributed toward data analysis, drafting and revising

the paper, gave final approval of the version to be published and agree to be accountable for all aspects of the work.

Declaration of competing interest

Nadya Mutiara Viryani and Soebagijo Adi Soelistijo declare that they have no conflict of interest.

Acknowledgement

We want to thanks our editor, "Fis Citra Ariyanto".

References

- S. Sudhakaran, S.R. Surani, Guidelines for perioperative management of the diabetic patient, Surg. Res. Pract. 2015 (2015), 284063, https://doi.org/10.1155/ 2015/284063.
- [2] S.E. Inzucchi, S.K. Majumdar, Current therapies for the medical management of diabetes, Obstet. Gynecol. 127 (4) (2016) 780–794, https://doi.org/10.1097/ aog.000000000001332.
- [3] A. Cirovic, M. Vujacic, B. Petrovic, A. Cirovic, V. Zivkovic, S. Nikolic, et al., Vascular complications in individuals with type 2 diabetes mellitus additionally increase the risk of femoral neck fractures due to deteriorated trabecular microarchitecture, Calcif. Tissue Int. 110 (1) (2022) 65–73, https://doi.org/ 10.1007/s00223-021-00894-5.
- [4] N.H. Rasmussen, J. Dal, F. de Vries, J.P. van den Bergh, M.H. Jensen, P. Vestergaard, Diabetes and fractures: new evidence of atypical femoral fractures? Osteoporos. Int. 31 (3) (2020) 447–455, https://doi.org/10.1007/s00198-019-05224-v.
- [5] D. Ardiany, A. Pranoto, S.A. Soelistijo, Libriansyah, S.A. Widjaja, Association between neutrophil-lymphocyte ratio on arterial stiffness in type-2 diabetes mellitus patients: a part of DiORS Study, Int. J. Diabetes Dev. Ctries. (2021), https://doi.org/10.1007/s13410-021-00965-1.
- [6] A.I.W. Putri, H. Novida, Necrotizing fasciitis in Indonesian adult with diabetes mellitus: two case and review article, Int. J. Surg. Case Rep. 92 (2022), 106890, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijscr.2022.106890.
- [7] R.A. Agha, T. Franchi, C. Sohrabi, G. Mathew, A. Kerwan, The SCARE 2020 guideline: updating consensus Surgical CAse REport (SCARE) guidelines, Int. J. Surg. (London, England). 84 (2020) 226–230, https://doi.org/10.1016/j. ijsu.2020.10.034 (London, England).
- [8] H. Suroto, B. De Vega, F. Deapsari, T. Prajasari, P.A. Wibowo, S.K. Samijo, Reverse total shoulder arthroplasty (RTSA) versus open reduction and internal fixation (ORIF) for displaced three-part or four-part proximal humeral fractures: a systematic review and meta-analysis, EFORT Open Rev. 6 (10) (2021) 941–955, https://doi.org/10.1302/2058-5241.6.210049.
- [9] Y. Bai, X. Zhang, Y. Tian, D. Tian, B. Zhang, Incidence of surgical-site infection following open reduction and internal fixation of a distal femur fracture: an observational case-control study, Medicine 98 (7) (2019), e14547, https://doi.org/ 10.1097/md.00000000014547.
- [10] J. Khatib, C.S.C. Lasandara, S. Samirah, A.S. Budiatin, Acceleration of bone fracture healing through the use of natural bovine hydroxyapatite implant on bone defect animal model, Folia Med.Indonesiana 55 (3) (2019) 176–187, https://doi. org/10.20473/fmi.v55i3.15495.
- [11] S. Neragi-Miandoab, M. Wayne, M. Cioroiu, L.M. Zank, C. Mills, Preoperative evaluation and a risk assessment in patients undergoing abdominal surgery, Surg. Today 40 (2) (2010) 108-113, https://doi.org/10.1007/s00595-009-3996-7.
- [12] J.D. Miller, D.C. Richman, Preoperative evaluation of patients with diabetes mellitus, Anesthesiol. Clin. 34 (1) (2016) 155–169, https://doi.org/10.1016/j. anclin.2015.10.008.
- [13] K. Husna, H. Novida, A type 2 diabetes patient who suffered with Fournier's gangrene, Curr.Intern.Med.Res.Pract.Surabaya J. 2 (1) (2021) 6–10, https://doi. org/10.20473/cimrj.v2i1.23806.
- [14] J.J. Sebranek, A.K. Lugli, D.B. Coursin, Glycaemic control in the perioperative period, Br. J. Anaesth. 111 (Suppl 1) (2013) i18–i34, https://doi.org/10.1093/bja/ aet381.
- [15] B. Grant, T.A. Chowdhury, New guidance on the perioperative management of diabetes, Clin. Med. 22 (1) (2022) 41–44, https://doi.org/10.7861/clinmed.2021-0355 (London, England).
- [16] B.M. Thompson, J.D. Stearns, H.A. Apsey, R.T. Schlinkert, C.B. Cook, Perioperative management of patients with diabetes and hyperglycemia undergoing elective surgery, Curr. Diab.Rep. 16 (1) (2016) 2, https://doi.org/10.1007/s11892-015-0700-8.