

ABSTRACT

The problem of epilepsy patient which often be faced by client is no acknowledgment from social environment. The patient was isolated from domain could make client feel not confidence, which anxiety is a part of self concept disturbance.

The object of this research is to know factors that influence self concept disturbance on epileptic patient. This research was designed as cross sectional study, sample choice was done by non probability sampling with purposive method, the number of sample is 20 subjects.

The result shows respondent who is 20-30 years old (45%) experience self concept disturbance, 31-40 years old (35%) so experience self concept disturbance amount of 20%, 40-50 years old experience self concept disturbance amount of 5%. Respondent who have elementary education (45%) more get the problem amount of 45%. Respondents that have job (70%) get the disturbance amount of 40%. Respondents who have low information (50%) get the disturbance amount of 40%. Respondents who have low social support (35%) so get the disturbance amount of 35%. Respondent with middle social support background feel the self concept problem amount of 20%. Then, there is no disturbance on high social support respondent (5%).

So, we could conclude that age difference, education and job do influence self concept disturbance, also by social and information support. Fine education and information would make life optimistic and high self confidence.

Key words: self concept, epilepsy.