

Abstract

One of the linguistic differences which exist in Kangean Island, Sumenep Regency is lexical difference. In Kangean Island, there are lexical differences which are used by people among villages in their daily life. This study aimed to describe the lexical differences and to reveal the status of lexical differences. Four villages were chosen as the observation points, which are Duko (OP1) and Pajanangger (OP4) in Arjasa Sub-district; and Dandung (OP2) and Torjek (OP3) in Kangayan Sub-district. The instrument which was used in obtaining the data is 450 glosses. The data were taken by interviewing, taking note, recording and rechecking. The data were then analyzed by comparing and contrasting the lexical items, and they were then calculated by using Dialectometry formula in order to reveal the status of the lexical differences. The result shows that out of 450 words, there are 137 lexical differences. The calculation of compared lexical differences between Dandung and Torjek village results index percentage 48, 90% (different sub-dialect). Meanwhile, index percentage in comparison between Dandung and Pajanangger is 47, 44% (different sub-dialect); Torjek and Pajanangger 62, 04% (different dialect); and Duko and Dandung reach 67, 15% (different dialect). Besides, the index percentage which is found in the comparison between Duko and Pajanangger is 70, 80 % (different dialect). In conclusion, the status of the lexical differences in Madurese varieties spoken by people in Kangean Island, Sumenep Regency is considered as different sub-dialect and different dialect

Keywords: *lexical differences, regional dialect, synchronic study*