

## RINGKASAN

Cakupan imunisasi dasar lengkap di Puskesmas Kanor masih kurang, yaitu DPT3 +HB3 77,2% dan Campak 78,3%, masih ada 17 desa yang berada dibawah target desa UCI (*Universal Child Immunization*), yaitu kurang dari target 80%. Faktor karakteristik ibu yang mempengaruhi kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi antara lain umur, jenis kelamin, pendidikan, status sosial ekonomi, ras/etnik dan agama, dimana sebagian besar masyarakat di Kanor berpendidikan SD (70%). Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui faktor karakteristik ibu apa sajakah yang mempengaruhi kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi di Puskesmas Kanor Kecamatan Kanor Kabupaten Bojonegoro.

Metode penelitian ini, analitik yang berdesain *cross sectional*. Populasinya ibu yang memiliki bayi usia 12 bulan di Puskesmas Kanor Kecamatan Bojonegoro sejumlah 81 orang. Pengambilan sampel dengan tehnik *total sampling*. Besar sampel adalah 81 responden. Variabel independen yaitu tingkat pendidikan ibu, tingkat pengetahuan ibu, pekerjaan ibu, pendapatan keluarga, jumlah anak dan jarak rumah dengan fasilitas pelayanan kesehatan, variabel dependennya yaitu kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi. Instrumennya kuesioner dan Kartu Menuju Sehat. Analisis data menggunakan *Uji Chi-Square* dan *Uji Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test*

Hasil penelitian dari 81 responden, berdasarkan uji statistik *Wilcoxon Signed Rank Test* pada tingkat pendidikan ibu didapatkan nilai signifikansi  $p=0,000<0,05$ , berarti ada pengaruh tingkat pendidikan ibu terhadap kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi. Pada tingkat pengetahuan ibu didapatkan nilai signifikansi  $p=0,000<0,05$ , yang artinya ada pengaruh tingkat pengetahuan terhadap kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi. Dan pada tingkat pendapatan keluarga didapatkan nilai signifikansi  $p=0,000<0,05$ , berarti ada pengaruh pendapatan keluarga terhadap kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi. Berdasarkan uji statistik *Chi-Square* pada pekerjaan ibu, didapatkan nilai signifikansi  $p=0,21>0,05$ , berarti tidak ada pengaruh antara pekerjaan ibu dengan kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi. Pada jumlah anak diperoleh nilai signifikansi  $p=0,00<0,05$ , berarti ada pengaruh jumlah anak dengan kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi. Dan pada jarak rumah tinggal dengan fasilitas pelayanan kesehatan, nilai signifikansi  $p=1,59>0,05$ , berarti tidak ada pengaruh jarak rumah tinggal dengan fasilitas pelayanan kesehatan terhadap kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi.

Kesimpulan penelitian ini, faktor karakteristik yang mempengaruhi kelengkapan imunisasi dasar bayi yaitu tingkat pendidikan ibu, pengetahuan ibu, dan pendapatan keluarga. Sedangkan yang tidak mempengaruhi yaitu pekerjaan ibu, jumlah anak dan jarak rumah dengan fasilitas pelayanan kesehatan.

Saran bagi puskesmas Kanor yaitu perlu adanya peningkatan pengetahuan ibu tentang imunisasi dasar bayi melalui pemberian penyuluhan tentang imunisasi, peningkatan pelayanan kesehatan terhadap masyarakat khususnya imunisasi dasar pada bayi.

Kata Kunci : **Karakteristik Ibu, Imunisasi Dasar Bayi**

## ABSTRACT

The attainment of complete basic immunization is less maximum in Puskesmas Kanor, they are DPT3 + HB3 77,2% and Measles (Campak) 78,3%, mainly seventeen villages are still under UCI (Universal Child Immunization) village target, less than 80%. Mother's Characteristic factors that affect basic immunization for baby are age, sex, education level, economic strata, ethnic, and religion, that most of Kanor villagers just have elementary school education (70%). The aim of this research is to know the characteristic factors that influence the completion of basic immunization for baby in Puskesmas Kanor in Kanor subdistric of Bojonegoro region.

The method used in this research is analytical in *cross sectional design*. The population of mothers, who have 12-month babies in Puskesmas Kanor Kecamatan Bojonegoro, is 81 persons. The sample taken for the research uses *total sampling* technique. The amount of the sample is 81 respondents. The independent variables are mother's education level, knowledge, mother's job, family income, number of children, and the distance from house to the healthy service facilities, while the dependent variable is t completion of basic immunization for baby. The instruments used are questioner sheets and KMS. The data analysis uses *Uji Chi-Square* and *Uji Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test*.

The result of research comes from 81 respondents, based on statistic examination *Wilcoxon Signed Rank Test*, in a case of education level, it gains significant point  $p=0,000<0,05$ , it shows an affecting from the education level toward the completion of basic immunization for baby. Knowledge level results a significant point  $p=0,000<0,05$ , which contains the influence between knowledge of mothers with the completion of basic immunization for baby. For family income, the result shows a significant point  $p=0,000<0,05$ , there is influence between family income and the completion of basic immunization for baby. Meanwhile, based on statistic test *Chi-Square* for mother's job, it is found a significant point  $p=0,21>0,05$ , it proves no influence between mother's job with the completion of basic immunization for baby, for the number of children, the result shows a significant point  $p=0,00<0,05$ , it shows the influence between number of children with the completion of basic immunization for baby. Then for the distance of the house with healthy facilities, gains significant point  $p=1,59>0,05$ , which proves no influence between the distance from house to the healthy service facilities toward the completion of basic immunization for baby.

The conclusion for this research is that the affecting characteristic factors in the completion of basic immunization for baby are mother's education level, knowledge, and family income. Whereas, not affect are mother's job, number of children and the distance from house to the healthy service facilities.

It is suggested for Puskesmas Kanor to increase mother's knowledge about the basic immunization for baby through public counseling about immunization and upgrading quality of healthy service toward the people especially for basic immunization for baby.

**Key words : Mother's characteristic, Basic immunization for baby.**