

ABSTRAK

Chresnahayu Dewanti Karunia Putri, 111111197, Gambaran *Impostor Phenomenon* pada *High Achiever Student* Fakultas Psikologi UNAIR, Skripsi, Fakultas Psikologi Universitas Airlangga Surabaya, 2015.
xix + 57 halaman, 11 Lampiran.

Impostor phenomenon (Clance & Imes, 1978) merupakan pengalaman internal yang terjadi pada individu dengan pencapaian prestasi tinggi namun merasa dirinya telah menipu orang lain serta meragukan prestasi atau potensi yang dimilikinya. Mahasiswa yang memiliki pencapaian prestasi tinggi disebut dengan *high achiever student* (Burrow, dkk., 2012), sehingga penelitian ini bertujuan untuk memperoleh gambaran *impostor phenomenon* pada *high achiever student* Fakultas Psikologi UNAIR. Penelitian ini melibatkan 39 mahasiswa aktif angkatan 2011-2014 Fakultas Psikologi UNAIR dengan IPK $\geq 3,50$. *Impostor phenomenon* diukur melalui kuisioner adaptasi dari Clance's *Impostor Phenomenon Scale* (1985). Uji coba dilakukan pada 36 responden yang memiliki karakteristik sama dengan populasi menghasilkan 17 item valid dan reliabilitas sebesar 0,889. Analisis data menggunakan teknik statistik deskriptif dengan bantuan SPSS 17.0 for Windows. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa 64,1% subjek mengalami *impostor* pada kategori sedang, 33,3% tinggi dan 2,6% sangat tinggi.

Kata Kunci: *impostor phenomenon, high achiever student*

Daftar Pustaka, 29 (1978-2015)

ABSTRACT

Chresnahayu Dewanti Karunia Putri, 111111197, Description of Impostor Phenomenon in High Achiever Student Faculty of Psychology Airlangga University, *Undergraduate Thesis*, Faculty of Psychology, Airlangga University Surabaya, 2015.

xix + 57 pages, 11 appendix.

Impostor phenomenon (Clance & Imes, 1978) is an internal experience of individuals with high achievement but felt he/she had to deceive others as well as the dubious their achievements. Students with high achievement called high achiever student (Burrow et al., 2012), so this study aimed to describe impostor phenomenon in high achiever student Faculty of Psychology UNAIR. This study involved 39 undergraduate college student in Faculty of Psychology Airlangga University, GPA more than 3,50. Impostor phenomenon is measured by questionnaire adapted from Clance's Impostor Phenomenon Scale (1985). Tests performed on 36 respondents who have similar characteristics to generate a population of 17 aitem valid and reliability at 0,889. Data analysis using descriptive statistical techniques with SPSS 17.0 for Windows The results showed that 64.1% of the subjects experienced Impostor in middle category, 33.3% high and 2.6% is very high.

Keyword: *impostor phenomenon, high achiever student*

Bibliography, 29 (1978-2015)