

ABSTRACT

By: GPB Suka Arjawa

Conflicts among four major and influential parties: PDIP, Golkar, PNI Marhaenisme and PNBK occurred prior to 2004 legislative general election in Tabanan, South Bali. The tensions was spread around districts in Tabanan with various level of intensity, but the most serious one happened in Tabanan, particularly in sub-districts of Banjar Bongan Lebah, Tunjuk, Tegalinggah and Abiantuwung.

With duration less than a year prior to the 2004 legislative general election the conflict broke resulted in anxiety among the Tabanan people. Based on the 1998 Singaraja incidents and the failure of Megawati to become the fourth Indonesian president that brought into violence, the people of Tabanan did not expect some kind of hostility occurred in their area.

Thanks to the well-managed conflict resolutions employed multi-tracked resolutions with consensus and conciliatory approaches the trouble did not take place.

Keywords: Conflict, External Threat, Multitrack Resolution

