IR - PERPUSTAKAAN UNIVERSITAS AIRLANGGA

ABSTRACT

Background: High levels of religiosity in madrasah aliyah students are not a guarantee of non-sexual activity. There are several other factors that influence sexual activity. One of which is access to information and opportunities at leisure. Access to information and opportunities owned santri lower than non santri. Both of these things is one of the factors that affect santri and non santri conduct sexual activity. Method: The study design was cross sectional. The population in this study were all students of Madrasah Aliyah in Bojonegoro District. Sampling using total sampling technique and fulfilling the inclusion and exclusion criteria were 96 samples. Implemented in June 2017. The data collection instrument used a questionnaire. Data analysis using Chi-square test. Result: Based on statistical test obtained p value = 0.043 which means there is a significant difference in sexual activity between students and non santri students MAX Pondok Pesantren Y. The percentage of respondents santri and non santri who had sexual activity each of 34.4% And 51.4%. So it can be seen that the sexual activity of students is better than non-santri sexual activity **Conclusion**: there are significant differences in sexual activity between students and non santri students MA X Pondok Pesantren Y where sexual activity of students is better than non-santri sexual activity.

Keywords: santri, non santri, sexual activity