

**ABSTRACT*****Polysaccharide Krestin (PSK) from *C. versicolor* as an Immunomodulator on Rat's (*Rattus norvegicus*) Joint Feet Improvement of Adjuvant Arthritis*****Diah Purwaningsari**

*Polysaccharide krestin (PSK)* is a protein-bound polysaccharide K obtained from the extraction process of *C. versicolor* fungus that has immunomodulatory properties. RA is one of the chronic inflammatory autoimmune diseases. The factors that are responsible for RA disease is a balance between the proinflammatory factor and an anti-inflammation factor ie. Th17, Regulatory T cell, Th1 and Th2. TGF- $\beta$ 1 acts as an anti-inflammatory cytokine in inducing the formation of Treg FoxP3 cells in rat and humans and can suppress effector T cells in autoimmune disease. The aim of this study is to explain the potency of PSK from *C. versicolor* as an immunomodulator against the improvement of *Adjuvant arthritis* in rat's (*Rattus norvegicus*) joint feet.

The research method used was experimental laboratory using a Randomized Post Test Only Group Design. The subjects were 66 male adult rats (*Rattus norvegicus*), aged 16 weeks with 200-250 grams BW, which had been induced by adjuvants (AA). Subjects were divided into 6 groups, 3 treatment groups and 3 control groups. PSK is given at a dose of 50 mg / kg BW / day through gastric sonde for 1, 2 and 3 weeks in 3 different groups. Elisa and Flowcitometry blood tests were performed to see levels of TGF- $\beta$ 1 and T regulator, joint tissue retrieval for histopathology and immunohistochemistry to see joint histopathology scale and MMP3 expression, as well as measurements on the foot thickness..

The results showed a significant difference in TGF- $\beta$ 1 1 week ( $p=0,017$ ), 2 weeks ( $p<0,001$ ) and 3 weeks ( $p<0,001$ ), T Regulatory cell 1 week ( $p=0,008$ ), 2 weeks ( $p<0,001$ ) and 3 weeks ( $p<0,001$ ), MMP3 expression 1, 2 and 3 weeks ( $p<0,001$ ), histopathological joint scale 1, 2 and 3 weeks ( $p<0,001$ ), foot thickness before sacrifice 1, 2 and 3 weeks ( $p<0,001$ ) of PSK given. The correlation between PSK - TGF- $\beta$ 1 levels - CD4<sup>+</sup>CD25<sup>+</sup>FoxP3<sup>+</sup> Regulatory T cell - MMP3 expression - histopathological joint scale - foot thickness during the second and third weeks showed a significant correlation with moderate to strong strength correlation.

Conclusions: Provision of PSK as immunomodulator at dose 50 mg/ kg BW/ day orally potentially improved the Adjuvant Arthritis in the rat's (*Rattus norvegicus*) foot joints through mechanism of increased TGF- $\beta$ 1 levels and CD4<sup>+</sup>CD25<sup>+</sup>FoxP3<sup>+</sup> Regulatory T cells, decreased MMP3 expression, histopathological joint scale and rat's foot thickness with the most effective given time of 2 weeks.

**Keywords:** *Polysaccharide Krestin (PSK)*, CFA, TGF- $\beta$ 1, Regulatory T cells, MMP3, histopathology, foot thickness