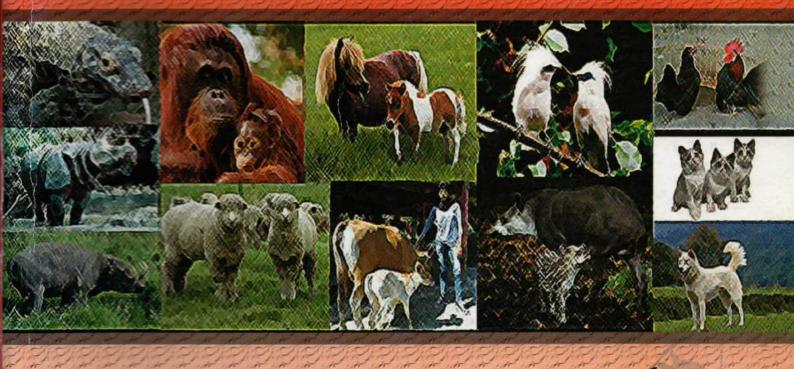
Program and Abstracts International seminar and second congress of SEAVSA

INCREASING ANIMAL PRODUCTION THROUGH
ZOONOSES AND REPRODUTIVE DISORDER
HANDLING, AND THE IMPLEMENTATION
OF BIOTECHNOLOGY





9W Marriott Hotel, Surabaya Indonesia

FACULTY OF VETERINARY MEDICINE UNIVERSITAS AIRLANGGA I-MHERE Sub-component B.2.c Performance Based Contract









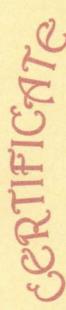
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FACULTY OF VETERINARY MEDICINE UNIVERSITAS AIRLANGGA

(I-MHERE) Project - Sub Component B.2.c Performance Based Contract INDONESIA-Managing Higher Education for Relevance and Efficiency SOUTH EAST ASIA VETERINARY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION (SEAVSA)





This is to certify that

Dr. Sri Hidanah, Ir., MS.

has successfully attended as Speaker in

INCREASING ANIMAL PRODUCTION THROUGH ZOONOSES AND REPRODUCTIVE DISORDER HANDLING, AND THE IMPLEMENTATION OF BIOTECHNOLOGY International Seminar and 2nd Congress of SEAVSA

21-22 June 2011, Surabaya - Indonesia

President of South East Asia Veterinary

School Association (SEAVSA),

Dean of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Universitas Airlangga,

Prof. Hj. Romziah Sidik, DVM., Ph.D.













Prof. Dr. Bashir Achmad Fateeh M, DVM, M.Sc.

PROGRAM & ABSTRACTS

International Seminar and 2nd Congress of SEAVSA

INCREASING ANIMAL PRODUCTION THROUGH ZOONOSES AND REPRODUCTIVE DISORDER HANDLING, AND THE IMPLEMENTATION OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

Surabaya, 21-22 June 2011 Royal Ballroom, JW Marriott Hotel Surabaya - Indonesia

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Universitas Airlangga I-MHERE Sub-component B.2.c Performance Based Contract

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INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR AND 2ND CONGRESS OF SEAVSA

Increasing Animal Production through Zoonoses and Reproductive
Disorder Handling, and the Implementation of Biotechnology
JW MARRIOTT HOTEL SURABAYA - INDONESIA
21-22 JUNE 2011





First of all, I would like to give you a very warm welcome to Surabaya, Indonesia.

It is indeed my honor to have the opportunity to be among participants of this very special occasion, where all of us are going to discuss further about a very important and interesting topic closely related to the management and prevention of zoonotic disease as a way in increasing animal production.



Up to the present time, we know through the mass media, that infectious disease epidemy has not been able to be handled thoroughly throughout the world, including in South East Asian countries. This of course will give bad impacts on the reputation of the region, since failure in the control and handling of various kinds of diseases certainly can cause a broken relationship with people in the surroundings.

Therefore, concern over the emerging of zoonoses among us, especially researchers, has to be raised these days. There are many reasons for conducting scientific research about it, but the most important one is, that such diseases gradually can weaken and decrease human quality of life. Unfortunately, not only people who live under poverty line, this kind of disease is also suffering well-educated and wealthy people. What can we expect from a nation with a weakening of human quality of life?

Therefore, it is the responsibility of researchers and health professionals to work hand -in hand to eradicate and prevent the outbreak of all diseases.

In this very special event, I would like to express my deep appreciation to all members of South East Asia Veterinary School Association for their success in conducting a better collaboration. Such collaboration is a prerequisite for all efforts in improving performances, including handling of reproductive disorders, eradication of infectious diseases and the implementation of Biotechnology. Those will bring all of us to reach our important goal, that is in improving animal production, as one of the best ways in providing the increasing demand for protein sources.

I strongly belief and hope that today's seminar will be able to strengthen the existing networking as the main step in the eradication and prevention of infectious diseases.

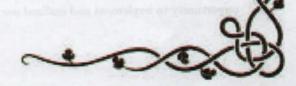
To all participants, I would like to thank you for making this forum a success and would like to thank the organizing committee for a wonderful work.

I hope that the seminar will be fruitful for all of us and please enjoy your stay in Surabaya.

Thank you very much.

Wassalamu'alaikum warahmatullahi wabarakatuh.

PROF. DR. H. FASICH, APT. Rector of Universitas Airlangga



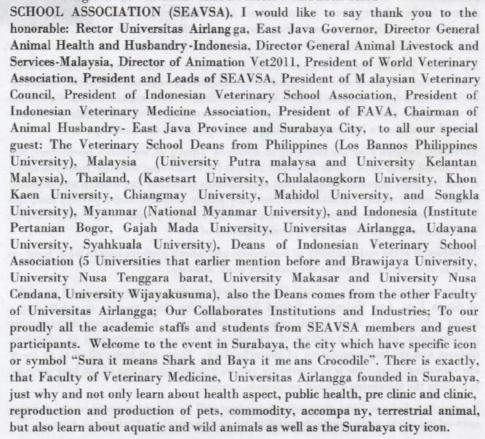


Ladies and Gentleman.

Assalamu'alaikum Warohmatullahi Wabarokatu.

Good morning,

On behalf of Organizing Committee the International Seminar and Second Congress of SOUTH EAST ASIA VETERINARY



Ladies and Gentleman.

I am very great pleasure for your attended to the International Seminar and Second Congress of SEAVSA, that hosted by Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Universitas Airlangga. It because of the God bless and love to us, therefore we could arranged the peach among Veterinary School in South East Asia region and the World for Strengthen and Establishment, Benchmarking and Branding our V eterinary School by global link. Alhamdulillah, thank you so much for The God. We have some opportunity to implement and realized our mission on "SOUTH EAST ASIA"



have the honour of welcoming delegates and speakers to Surabaya and the 2011 International Seminar and the 2 nd Congress of SEAVSA.

Organised under the theme "Increasing Animal Production through Zoonoses and Reproductive Disorder Handling, and the Implementation of Biotechnology" this program was aimed to provide a forum for all those interested in sharing and discussing

common concerns and up to date research in an attempt to recover the declining population and the genetic quality of animals contributed by the impact of global warming.

It is only through exchange of information that we can carefully develop strategic and medical intervention in handling zoon oses and reproductive disorders, as well as applied biotechnologies. So I hope you will take advantage of the many opportunities this program provides to network with colleagues from around Indonesia and overseas.

As chair of the program committee I would like to express our sincere gratitude and thanks to the President of SEAVSA for the given opportunity to host the 2nd SEAVSA Congress. It is a great privilege to be hosting the second Congress of SEAVSA, which together with the International Seminar was a part of the World Veterinary Year 2011 celebration.

The successful organisation of this program has required the dedication and time of all committee members. Much work went into preparing the program. I am very grateful for the financial support we have received from our sponsors which are recognised in this book. It would not be possible to hold this program without their support.

I do hope that this program will be found useful and that you will enjoy all aspects of it.

Sincerely,

SUZANITA UTAMA, M.PHIL., DVM.

Chair of the Organizing Committee



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ONE HEALTH SYSTEM", according to the theme of the International Seminar and the 2nd Congress of SEAVSA is 'Increasing Animal Production through Zoonoses and Reproductive Disorder Handling and the Implementation of Biotechnology'.

During these two days, the event programs include four main programs, such as plenary session, Celebration of Vet2011, Scientific session and Dean SEAVSA meeting, we hope all of you could follow the programs by pleased, savor and it will be beneficial for us.

In this moment, I would like to say thank you to:

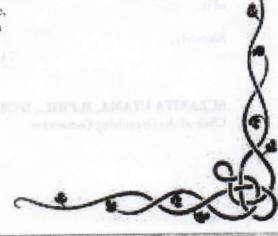
- Chairman of Indonesia-Managing Higher Education Relevance and Efficiency (IM-HERE) Project-Sub Component B.2.c. Performance Based Contract for supporting and funding the International Seminar.
- Rector Universitas Airlangga for supporting and funding the Second Congress SEAVSA 2011 based on Annual Budgeting Plan 2011 of Universitas Airlangga.
- 3. President of OIE and Director of Animation Vet 2011 for given accreditation
- 4. All the sponsors that supporting to the event.
- 5. All Keynote speaker and invited speaker
- 6. All the participants.

Finally, thank you very much for all the distinguish guest for your kindly and closely to all the participants, please have a nice time to enroll the event.

Wassalamu'alaikum Warohmatullahi Wabarok atu. Thank you very much.

PROF. HJ. ROMZIAH SIDIK, PH.D., DVM.

Dean of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Universitas Airlangga, Surabaya-Indonesia



First of all, I would like to extend my warmest gratitude to the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Universitas Airlangga, Surabaya, Indonesia for organizing this 'International Seminar on Increasing Animal Production through Zoonoses and Reproductive Disorder Handling, and Implementation of Biotechnology' in conjunction with the Second Southeast Asia Veterinary School Association (SEAVSA) Congress. It is indeed an honour for SEAVSA to be given the opportunity to co-host this seminar.



This seminar focuses on global warming and zoonoses and their impact on animal production. I hope that this congregation, which brings together various experts in these fields, will provide a forum for the formulation and initiation of strategies to address issues of global health. I would implore all participants to also use this opportunity to exchange ideas and knowledge for purpose of handling zoonotic and emerging diseases and improving production. I am confident that all participants will benefit from this event.

On behalf of SEAVSA, I would like to convey our sincere gratitude to the committee members for their dedicated, concerted and valiant effort in organizing and making this seminar a success. Special thanks to participants contributing through oral and poster presentations. To all participants, thank you for supporting this seminar.

Finally, I wish each and everyone a productive, rewarding and inspiring experience.

Thank you.

ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR DR BASHIR AHMAD FATEH MOHAMED

President of SEAVSA

South East Asia Veterinary School Association



POSTER ABSTRACTS

THE USE OF RECYCLE SOYBEAN FERMENTED CAKE (TEMPE) WITH ASPERGILLUS NIGER AND LACTOBACILLUS AS CORN SUBSTITUTION TO CARCASS AND ABDOMINAL FAT PERCENTAGE OF BROILER

Sri Hidanah

Department of Animal Science, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Universitas Airlangga

An experiment was conducted to evaluate the use of fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe) with Aspergillus niger and Lactobacillus as corn substitution to carcass and abdominal fat percentage of broiler. This experiment was carried out using 24 broilers, started at two weeks of age and finished at five weeks of age, divided into four type treatment of three different level of fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe) and six replications. Experimental method was based on Completely Randomized Design (CRD). The data obtained were analyzed by variance analysis and the difference between treatments with Duncan's test. P0 as a control, did not use fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe), P1 was using 5 %, P2 was using 10 % and P3 was using 15 %. The result of this research showed that the use of fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe) as corn substitution to carcass and abdominal fat percentage of broiler was not different significantly with control, so it can give a n effect as good as control (P0). From the results, it can be concluded that fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe) could use as substitution of corn on maximal percentage mixed broiler feed.

Keywords: by product soybean fer	words: by product soybean fermentation, carcass, abdominal fat, broiler				
Notes:					
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INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR AND 2ND CONGRESS OF SEAVSA Increasing Animal Production through Zoonoses and Reproductive Disorder Handling, and the Implementation of Biotechnology JW MARRIOTT HOTEL SURABAYA - INDONESIA 21-22 JUNE 2011



THE USE OF RECYCLE SOYBEAN FERMENTED CAKE (TEMPE) WITH ASPERGILLUS NIGER AND LACTOBACILLUS AS CORN SUBSTITUTION TO CARCASS AND ABDOMINAL FAT PERCENTAGE OF BROILER

Sri Hidanah

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Airlangga University

INTRODUCTION

The used of soybean limited only to the seed, otherwise waste such as recycle soybean is stillranely been used. The chemical composition of recycle soybean consist of 37,74% crude fibre, 34,9% crude protein, 0,23% Calsium, 0,58% phosphor, and others 26,06%. Then recycle soybean it self consist of dry matter cellulose 42-49%, hemicellulose 29-34%, and lignin 1-3%. The use of recycle soybean as livestock feed need a pretreatment as a mean to improve the nutrition value. One way which can be conducted is by exploiting aspergillus niger and lactobacillus.

AIM

An experiment was conducted to evaluate the use of fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe) with Aspergillus niger and Lactobacillus as corn substitution to carcass and abdominal fat percentage of broiler.

MATERIAL AND METHOD

This experiment was carried out using 24 broilers, started at two weeks of age and finished at five weeks of age, divided into four type treatment of three different level of fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe) and six replications. Experimental method was based on Completely Randomized Design (CRD). The data obtained were analyzed by variance analysis and the difference between treatments with Duncan's test. P0 as a control, did not use fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe). P1 was using 5 %, P2 was using 10 % and P3 was using 15 %.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The result of this research showed that the use of fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe) as corn substitution to carcass and abdominal fat percentage of broiler was not different significantly with control, so it can give an effect as good as control (P0).

Table 1. Average and Contents Deviation Standard of final body weight (g), Carcass (%), and Abdominal fat (%).

	Treatments			
	P0	P1	P2	P3
final body weight (g)	1336,67±58,19	1348,33±81,59	1366,67±89,14	
Carcass (%)	68,05±2,34	68,13±2,45	69,80±2,54	69,28±1,70
Abdominal Fat(%)	1,84 ^{ab} ±0,14	2,00°±0,29	2,04 ^b ±0,37	1,59°±0,26

Explanation: different superskrip in the same column show real difference (p<0.05)

CONCLUSION

From the results, it can be concluded that fermentation by product soybean fermented cake (tempe) could use as substitution of corn on maximal percentage mixed broiler feed.

