

**ABSTRACT**

**ANALYSIS OF RELATED FACTORS OF PATIENT'S SELF  
ACCEPTANCE WITH CHRONIC RENAL FAILURE ONGOING  
HEMODIALYSIS THERAPY IN RUMAH SAKIT UMUM HAJI  
SURABAYA**

Descriptive Correlational Study in Hemodialysis Unit, RSU Haji  
Surabaya

**By: Aisyah Kartika Sukmawati**

**Introduction:** Chronic renal failure (CRF) is a progressive decrease in renal function tissue that generally ends in irreversible renal failure. Treatment for clients with chronic renal failure is hemodialysis aimed at improving the client's body condition. Self-acceptance is the main thing that needs to be noticed because of its close relationship with the improvement of the client's condition. This research is intended to analyze factors related to self-acceptance of CRF clients undergoing hemodialysis. **Methods:** This study used quantitative method with descriptive correlation design. Data collection was done to 83 respondents who undergoing hemodialysis at RSU Haji Surabaya by using self-acceptance questionnaire by Harlock. The data obtained were analyzed using spearman method to analyze factors related to self-acceptance of CRF clients undergoing hemodialysis. **Result:** Among the 10 factors studied, four factors were found to be related to self-acceptance of CRF clients ( $p = 0,0240$ ), income ( $p = 0.0114$ ), support ( $p = 0.0486$ ), perceptions of susceptibility ( $p = 0.0120$ ). Self-acceptance of clients undergoing hemodialysis is influenced by higher education, better family support, greater income, and perceptions of vulnerability experienced by clients. Self-acceptance is an important aspect to consider in improving the client's condition. **Discussion:** Subsequent research focused on the desperation of clients in undergoing hemodialysis and the implementation of interventions aimed at improving client motivation in strengthening self-acceptance.

**Keyword: self-acceptance, chronic renal failure, hemodialysis**