# Lactococcus /actis Lactic Acid Bacteria from Intestine Beef Cattle as a Candidate Probiotics

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Submission date: 22-Nov-2019 12:00PM (UTC+0800) Submission ID: 1219216631 File name: Bukti\_C\_41\_Lactococcus\_Lactis\_Lactic\_Acid....pdf (1.22M) Word count: 1088 Character count: 6325

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# Abstract

Probiotics is one feeds additive that can be used to increase production of animal husbandry and to reduce the use of antibiotic growth promoter (AGP). This research aims to identify isolates of lactic acid bacteria from intestine beef cattle that can be used as a candidate probiotics. Survival test on acidity was performed with some modification survival test on bile salts, antagonistic test on enteric pathogen was performed with agar diffusion method with modification in the pouring of pathogenic bacteria. The research showed that *Lactococcus lactis* showed viability in pH 2 as much as  $6.9 \times 10^7$  CFU/ml and isolate viability on bile salts  $3.9 \times 10^7$  CFU/ml. Antagonist test on *Staphylococcus aureus* showed inhibition diameter as much as 3.0 mm and in antagonist test on *Escherichia coli* as much as 3.5 mm. Based on the result of the research showed that *Lactococcus lactis* and antagonistic on enteric pathogen *E.coli* dan *S.aureus* so it has potency as candidate probiotic.

Key words : Lactococcus lactis, lactic acid bacteria, beef cattle intestine.

# Introduction

The benefits of probiotics in farm industry include the ability to eliminate bacteria pathogen through production organic acids, bacteriosin and the other antimicrobial. Lactic acid bacteria also has a role stimulate immunity against pathogen agent or prevent infection[1]. The isolates that useful as probiotics having certain conditionals, among others of its resistance to bile salt and an acid so isolates microbes is able to reach the digestive tract part of the intestines in the condition still a live. Isolate as probiotics must have the ability to adherence and colonization on the part of the mucosal intestines. Lactic acid bacteria (LAB) is a group gram positive bacteria, non spores, rod shaped or coccus. As the major metabolic end products during fermentation of carbohydrates namely produces lactic acid. This research aims to identify isolates of lactic acid bacteria from intestine beef cattle that can be used as a candidate probiotics.

# Materials and Methods

MRSB/de Man Rogosa and Sharp Broth (Oxoid), nutrient agar (NA, Oxoid) and nutrient broth (NB, Oxoid), NaCl 0,85% steril, HCl, oxgall (Oxoid), petridish, micropipet, ose, autoclave, incubator, *laminair air flow*, blue tip, ependorf, bunsen, erlenmeyer, beaker glass.

Survival test on acidity was performed with modification on centrifugation condition and pH media, Survival Test on Bile Salts, Antagonistic test on enteric pathogen (*S. aureus* and *E. coli*) was performed with agar diffusion method with modification in the pouring of pathogenic bacteria.

#### **Result and Discussion**

Isolates lactic acid bacteria obtained from the intestine of beef cattle at slaughterhouse Surabaya, have the following characteristics: coccoid shaped cells, Gram positive and negative motility. Lactic racid bacteria are the group microorganisms able to convert carbohydrates to lactic acid. The bacteria is also suppressed bacteria pathogen include Streptococcus pneumoniae or Streptococcus pyogenes. *Lactococcue lactis* (*L.lactis*) is nonpathogenic bacteria, Gram positive bacteria known to have a correlation close to the genus Streptococcus. In nature, *L.lactis* there are in plants or surface of the animal body and the digestive tract animals. The bacteria is in dormant conditions on the surface of plants and will grow in the digestive tract after the plant consumed by ruminant. The use of *L.lactis* is very important in industry, it is based on energy metabolism, where especially for the production of large quantities lactic acid (homolactic fermentation) and produce fermentation product besides lactic acid (mixed acids fermentation). Besides this *l.lactis* is facultative heterofermentatif lactic acid bacteria, barrier strong against bacteria pathogen including *E. coli*, through the reduction of pH of lactic acid and acetic acid production[3].

Table 1. Survival Test on Lactococcus lactis on acidity, bile salts and antagonistic test on enteric pathogen.

	Viability of L.lactis
survival test on acidity pH 2	6.9 x 10 <sup>7</sup> CFU/ml
Bile salt tolerance (0.3%)	3.9 x 10 <sup>7</sup> CFU/ml
Escherichia coli Antagonistic	3.5 mm
Staphylococcus aureus Antagonistic	3 mm

*Lactoccocus lactis* is a Gram-positive bacterium widely used in the dairy industry [4]. *Lactoccocus lactis* is predominantly associated with dairy fermentations, originated from a plant niche. *L. lactis* strains was isolated from various nondairy niches (grass, vegetables, and bovine rumen) [5]. This is in line with the result from isolation and identification lactic acid bacteria derived of beef intestine from slaughterhouse Surabaya. This research is similar identified *Lactoccoccus lactis*.

### Conclusion

Based on the result of the research showed that *Lactococcus lactis* derived from indigenous intestine beef cattle has tolerant characteristic on acidity, bile acid and antagonistic on enteric pathogen *Escherichia coli* dan *Staphylococcus aureus* so it has potency as probiotic candidate.

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### Acknowledgements

The authors would like to thank the Rector, Chairman of Institute of Research and Community Service, the Directorate General of Higher Education that have funded the Excellent Research Universities (PUPT) 2016.

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