

## DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Anton, H., dan Rorres, C., 2010, *Elementary Linear Algebra*, 10<sup>th</sup> edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- Badan Narkotika Nasional (BNN), 2013, Faktor Penyebab Penyalahgunaan Narkotika, <https://dedihumas.bnn.go.id/read/section/artikel/2013/07/23/704/faktor-penyebabpenyalahgunaan-narkotika> , 21 Februari 2019.
- Badan Narkotika Nasional (BNN), 2014, Dampak Langsung dan Tidak Langsung Penyalahgunaan Narkoba, <https://bnn.go.id/blog/artikel/dampak-langsung-dan-tidak-langsung-penyalahgunaan-narkoba/> , 19 Februari 2019.
- Badan Narkotika Nasional (BNN), 2019, Pengertian Narkoba dan Bahaya Narkoba bagi Kesehatan, <https://bnn.go.id/blog/artikel/bahaya-narkoba-pada-hidup-dan-kesehatan/> , 19 Februari 2019.
- Breauer, F. dan Castillo-Chaves, C., 2010, *Mathematical Models in Population Biology and Epidemiology*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Springer-Verlag, New York, Inc.
- Bronson, R., dan Costa, G.B., 2007, *Differential Equations*, The Mc Grow-Hill Companies, Inc., New Jersey.
- Chitnis, N., Hyman, J.M., dan Cushing, 2008, Determine important parameters in the spread of malaria through the sensitivity analysis of mathematics model, *Bulletin of Mathematical Biology*, **70**:1272-1296.
- Driessche, P. dan Watmough, J., 2002, Reproduction numbers and sub-threshold endemic equilibria for compartmental models of disease transmission, *Mathematical Biosciences*, **180**:29-48.
- Kementerian Kesehatan Republik Indonesia (Kemenkes RI), 2014, Penyalahgunaan Narkoba di Indonesia, <http://www.pusdatin.kemenkes.go.id/article/view/15033100001/penyalahgunaan-narkoba-di-indonesia.html> , 10 Maret 2019.
- Kementerian Kesehatan Republik Indonesia (Kemenkes RI), 2014, Situasi dan Analisis Penyalahgunaan Narkoba, <http://www.depkes.go.id/article/view/14010200008/situasi-dan-analisis-penyalahgunaan-narkoba.html> , 21 Februari 2019.

- Lewis, F.I., dan Syrmos, V. L., 2006, *Optimal Control*, Willy Intescience, Canada.
- Liu, P., Zhang, L., dan Xing, Y. , 2018, Modelling and Stability of a Synthetic Drug Transmission Model with Relapse and Treatment, *Journal of Applied Mathematics and Computing*, **60**: 465-484.
- Mahkamah Agung Republik Indonesia (MA RI), 2015, Pencegahan Penyalahgunaan Narkotika, <http://pn.karanganyar.go.id/main/index.php/berita/artikel/997-pencegahan-penyalahgunaan-narkotika> , 09 Maret 2019.
- Merkin, D. R., 1997, *Introduction to The Theory of Stability*, Springer, New York.
- Mushanyu, J., dan Nyabadza, F. , 2018, A Risk-Structured Model for Understanding the Spread of Drug Abuse, *International Journal of Applied and Computational Mathematics*, **4**: 60.
- Mushanyu, J., Nyabadza, F., dan Stewart, A.G.R. , 2015, Modelling the Trends of Inpatient and Outpatient Rehabilitation for Methamphetamine in the Western Cape Province of South Africa, *BMC Research Notes*, **8**: 797.
- Mushanyu, J., Nyabadza, F., Muchatibaya, G., dan Stewart, A.G.R. , 2016, Modelling Drug Abuse Epidemics in the Presence of Limited Rehabilitation Capacity, *Bulletin of Mathematical Biology*, **78**: 2364-2389.
- Naidu, D.S., 2002, *Optimal Control Systems*, CRC Press LCC, New York.
- Olsder, G.J., 2003, *Mathematical System Theory*, Delfit, Natherland.
- United Nations Office on Drug and Crime (UNODC), 2017, *World Drug Report 2017*, United Nations Publication, Austria.
- United Nations Office on Drug and Crime (UNODC), 2018, Drug Dependence, treatment and care, <https://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/treatment-and-care/introduction.html> , 10 Maret 2019.
- United Nations Office on Drug and Crime (UNODC), 2018, *World Drug Report 2018*, United Nations Publication, Austria.
- Zill, D.G., dan Cullen, M.R., 2009, *Differential Equation with Boundary-Value Problem*, Nelson Education, Ltd., Canada.

## LAMPIRAN

### **Lampiran 1. Pendekatan Variabel N (Total Populasi)**

Diberikan model matematika penyalahgunaan narkoba dengan memperhatikan tipe perawatan beserta tingkat resiko sebagai berikut :

$$\frac{dS_H}{dt} = p\Lambda - \frac{\beta_1 IS_H}{N} - (\mu + \omega_1)S_H + \omega_2 S_L \quad (1.a)$$

$$\frac{dS_L}{dt} = (1-p)\Lambda - \frac{\eta \beta_1 IS_L}{N} - (\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \omega_1 S_H \quad (1.b)$$

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = \frac{\beta_1 I(S_H + \eta S_L)}{N} + \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} + \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \sigma + \delta + \rho)I \quad (1.c)$$

$$\frac{dT_j}{dt} = (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r \quad (1.d)$$

$$\frac{dT_r}{dt} = q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j \quad (1.e)$$

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I - \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} - \mu R \quad (1.f)$$

Total populasi didefinisikan sebagai berikut :

$$N = S_H + S_L + I + T_j + T_r + R$$

Dari sini dapat dibentuk menjadi,

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = \frac{S_H}{dt} + \frac{S_L}{dt} + \frac{dI}{dt} + \frac{T_j}{dt} + \frac{T_r}{dt} + \frac{dR}{dt} \quad (1.g)$$

Dengan mensubstitusikan persamaan (1.a) – (1.f) ke persamaan (1.g) diperoleh berikut:

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = \Lambda - \mu S_H - \mu S_L - \mu I - \mu T_j - \mu T_r - \mu R - \delta I \quad (1.h)$$

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = \Lambda - \mu N - \delta I \quad (1.h)$$

Pada analisis kestabilan laju kematian akibat narkoba diabaikan karena nilainya kecil ( $\delta \approx 0$ ), sehingga persamaan (1.h) menjadi sebagai berikut :

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = \Lambda - \mu N$$

$$\frac{dN}{dt} + \mu N = \Lambda \quad (1.i)$$

Penyelesaian persamaan diferensial diatas dilakukan menggunakan faktor integrasi.

Misalkan faktor integrasinya adalah  $e^{\int \mu dt} = e^{\mu t}$

Semua ruas dikalikan faktor integrasi, sehingga persamaan (1.i) dapat dituliskan sebagai berikut :

$$\frac{dN}{dt} e^{\mu t} + \mu N e^{\mu t} = \Lambda e^{\mu t}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (N e^{\mu t}) = \Lambda e^{\mu t}$$

$$d(N e^{\mu t}) = \Lambda e^{\mu t} dt$$

$$N e^{\mu t} = \frac{\Lambda}{\mu} e^{\mu t} + C, \text{ dengan } C \text{ konstanta}$$

$$N e^{\mu t} e^{-\mu t} = \frac{\Lambda}{\mu} e^{\mu t} e^{-\mu t} + C e^{-\mu t}$$

$$N(t) = \frac{\Lambda}{\mu} + C e^{-\mu t} \quad (1.j)$$

Karena pada persamaan (1.j) masih terdapat  $t$  maka didekati menggunakan limit untuk  $t \rightarrow \infty$ , sehingga diperoleh :

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} N(t) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{\Lambda}{\mu} + C e^{-\mu t} \right)$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} N(t) = \frac{\Lambda}{\mu} + \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} C e^{-\mu t}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} N(t) = \frac{\Lambda}{\mu} + 0$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} N(t) = \frac{\Lambda}{\mu}$$

## Lampiran 2. Perhitungan Titik Setimbang Non Endemik ( $I = 0$ )

Diberikan sistem persamaan sebagai berikut :

$$\frac{dS_H}{dt} = p\Lambda - \frac{\beta_1 IS_H}{N} - (\mu + \omega_1)S_H + \omega_2 S_L = 0 \quad (2.a)$$

$$\frac{dS_L}{dt} = (1-p)\Lambda - \frac{\eta\beta_1 IS_L}{N} - (\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \omega_1 S_H = 0 \quad (2.b)$$

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = \frac{\beta_1 I(S_H + \eta S_L)}{N} + \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} + \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I = 0 \quad (2.c)$$

$$\frac{dT_j}{dt} = (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r = 0 \quad (2.d)$$

$$\frac{dT_r}{dt} = q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j = 0 \quad (2.e)$$

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I - \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} - \mu R = 0 \quad (2.f)$$

Titik setimbang non endemik atau bebas narkoba diperoleh dengan mensubstitusikan  $I = 0$  kedalam persamaan (2.a) – (2.f), sehingga persamaan (2.d) menjadi sebagai berikut :

$$\frac{dT_j}{dt} = (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r = 0$$

$$0 - 0 - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r = 0$$

$$-(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r = 0$$

$$\alpha_2 T_r = (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j$$

$$T_r = \frac{(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j}{\alpha_2} \quad (2.g)$$

Dari persamaan (2.e) saat diperoleh sebagai berikut :

$$\frac{dT_r}{dt} = q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j = 0$$

$$0 - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j = 0 \quad (2.h)$$

dengan mensubstitusikan persamaan (2.g) ke persamaan (2.h) diperoleh berikut :

$$-(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) \frac{(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j}{\alpha_2} + \alpha_1 T_j = 0$$

$$\frac{-(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_1 \alpha_2 T_j}{\alpha_2} = 0$$

$$-(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_1 \alpha_2 T_j = 0$$

$$T_j(-(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1) + \alpha_1 \alpha_2) = 0$$

$$T_j(-(\mu + \gamma_2)(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1) - \alpha_2(\mu + \gamma_1) - \alpha_1 \alpha_2 + \alpha_1 \alpha_2) = 0$$

$$-((\mu + \gamma_2)(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1) + \alpha_2(\mu + \gamma_1))T_j = 0$$

karena  $-((\mu + \gamma_2)(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1) + \alpha_2(\mu + \gamma_1)) < 0$  maka didapatkan

$$T_j = 0 \quad (2.i)$$

dengan mensubstitusikan persamaan (2.i) kedalam (2.g) diperoleh :

$$T_r = \frac{(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j}{\alpha_2}$$

$$T_r = \frac{(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)0}{\alpha_2}$$

$$T_r = 0 \quad (2.j)$$

Dengan mensubstitusikan  $= 0$ , persamaan (2.i) dan (2.j) kedalam persamaan (2.f) diperoleh :

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I - \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} - \mu R = 0$$

$$0 + 0 + 0 - 0 - \mu R = 0$$

$$-\mu R = 0$$

Karena  $-\mu < 0$  maka

$$R = 0 \quad (2.k)$$

Dengan mensubstitusikan  $I = 0$  kedalam persamaan (2.a), maka diperoleh :

$$\frac{dS_H}{dt} = p\Lambda - \frac{\beta_1 IS_H}{N} - (\mu + \omega_1)S_H + \omega_2 S_L = 0$$

$$p\Lambda - 0 - (\mu + \omega_1)S_H + \omega_2 S_L = 0$$

$$p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L = (\mu + \omega_1)S_H$$

$$S_H = \frac{p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L}{(\mu + \omega_1)} \quad (2.1)$$

Dengan mensubstitusikan  $I = 0$  dan persamaan (2.1) kedalam persamaan (2.b) maka diperoleh :

$$\frac{dS_L}{dt} = (1-p)\Lambda - \frac{\eta\beta_1 IS_L}{N} - (\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \omega_1 S_H = 0$$

$$(1-p)\Lambda - 0 - (\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \frac{\omega_1(p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L)}{(\mu + \omega_1)} = 0$$

$$\frac{(\mu + \omega_1)(1-p)\Lambda - (\mu + \omega_1)(\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \omega_1(p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L)}{(\mu + \omega_1)} = 0$$

$$\frac{(\mu + \omega_1)(1-p)\Lambda - (\mu^2 + \mu\omega_1 + \mu\omega_2 + \omega_1\omega_2)S_L + \omega_1 p\Lambda + \omega_1\omega_2 S_L}{(\mu + \omega_1)} = 0$$

$$\frac{\mu(1-p)\Lambda + \omega_1(1-p)\Lambda - \mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)S_L - \omega_1\omega_2 S_L + \omega_1 p\Lambda + \omega_1\omega_2 S_L}{(\mu + \omega_1)} = 0$$

$$\frac{\mu(1-p)\Lambda + \omega_1\Lambda - \mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)S_L}{(\mu + \omega_1)} = 0$$

$$\mu(1-p)\Lambda + \omega_1\Lambda - \mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)S_L = 0$$

$$\mu(1-p)\Lambda + \omega_1\Lambda = \mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)S_L$$

$$S_L = \frac{\mu(1-p)\Lambda + \omega_1\Lambda}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)} = \frac{\Lambda(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)} \quad (2.m)$$

Dengan mensubstitusikan persamaan (2.m) kedalam (2.1) sehingga didapatkan :

$$S_H = \frac{p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L}{(\mu + \omega_1)}$$

$$S_H = \frac{p\Lambda + \frac{\omega_2\Lambda(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}}{(\mu + \omega_1)}$$

$$S_H = \frac{p\Lambda\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2) + \omega_2\Lambda(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)(\mu + \omega_1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_H &= \frac{p\Lambda\mu\omega_2 + \mu(1-p)\omega_2\Lambda + p\Lambda\mu(\mu + \omega_1) + \omega_1\omega_2\Lambda}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)(\mu + \omega_1)} \\
 S_H &= \frac{\Lambda\mu\omega_2 + \omega_1\omega_2\Lambda + p\Lambda\mu(\mu + \omega_1)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)(\mu + \omega_1)} \\
 S_H &= \frac{(\Lambda\omega_2 + p\Lambda\mu)(\mu + \omega_1)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)(\mu + \omega_1)} \\
 S_H &= \frac{\Lambda(\mu p + \omega_2)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}
 \end{aligned} \tag{2.n}$$

Berdasarkan persamaan (2.i), (2.j), (2.k), (2.m) dan (2.n) diperoleh titik setimbang non endemik ( $E_0$ ) yaitu

$$E_0 = (S_H^0, S_L^0, I^0, T_j^0, T_r^0, R^0) = \left( \frac{\Lambda(\mu p + \omega_2)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}, \frac{\Lambda(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}, 0, 0, 0, 0 \right)$$

### Lampiran 3. Perhitungan *Basic Reproduction Number ( $R_0$ )*

Berdasarkan sistem persamaan berikut :

$$\frac{dS_H}{dt} = p\Lambda - \frac{\beta_1 IS_H}{N} - (\mu + \omega_1)S_H + \omega_2 S_L \quad (3.a)$$

$$\frac{dS_L}{dt} = (1-p)\Lambda - \frac{\eta\beta_1 IS_L}{N} - (\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \omega_1 S_H \quad (3.b)$$

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = \frac{\beta_1 I(S_H + \eta S_L)}{N} + \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} + \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I \quad (3.c)$$

$$\frac{dT_j}{dt} = (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r \quad (3.d)$$

$$\frac{dT_r}{dt} = q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j \quad (3.e)$$

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I - \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} - \mu R \quad (3.f)$$

diperoleh titik setimbang non endemik yaitu

$$E_0 = (S_H^0, S_L^0, I^0, T_j^0, T_r^0, R^0) = \left( \frac{\Lambda(\mu p + \omega_2)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}, \frac{\Lambda(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}, 0, 0, 0, 0 \right)$$

Perhitungan  $R_0$  dilakukan dengan menggunakan metode *Next Generation Matrix* (NGM). Populasi pelopor penyebaran narkoba adalah  $I, T_j$ , dan  $T_r$  sehingga didefinisikan

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} I \\ T_j \\ T_r \end{pmatrix}.$$

Dari sini diperoleh

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} dI/dt \\ dT_j/dt \\ dT_r/dt \end{pmatrix} = \mathcal{F}(x) - \mathcal{Z}(x) \quad (3.g)$$

dengan  $\mathcal{F}(x)$  adalah matriks transmisi, yaitu matriks yang elemennya berisi subpopulasi tahapan awal penyalahgunaan narkoba akibat kontak dengan individu  $I$ .

Sedangkan,  $Z(x)$  adalah matriks transisi, yaitu matriks yang berisi subpopulasi manusia yang menyalahgunakan narkoba. Dengan mensubstitusikan persamaan (3.c) – (3.e) kedalam persamaan (3.g) diperoleh :

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\beta_1 I(S_H + \eta S_L)}{N} + \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} + \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I \\ (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r \\ q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu\beta_1 I(S_H + \eta S_L)}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_2 IR}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_3 IT_j}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I \\ (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\mu\beta_3 IT_j}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r \\ q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j \end{pmatrix}$$

sehingga didapatkan matriks  $\mathcal{F}$  dan  $Z$  masing-masing sebagai berikut :

$$\mathcal{F} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu\beta_1 I(S_H + \eta S_L)}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_2 IR}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_3 IT_j}{\Lambda} \\ -\frac{\mu\beta_3 IT_j}{\Lambda} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ dan } Z = \begin{pmatrix} (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I \\ -(1-q)\sigma I + (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j - \alpha_2 T_r \\ -q\sigma I + (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r - \alpha_1 T_j \end{pmatrix}$$

Berikut matriks jacobian untuk  $\mathcal{F}$  dan  $Z$  masing-masing sebagai berikut :

$$\mathbb{F} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\mu\beta_1(S_H + \eta S_L)}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_2 R}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_3 T_j}{\Lambda} & \frac{\mu\beta_3 I}{\Lambda} & 0 \\ -\frac{\mu\beta_3 T_j}{\Lambda} & -\frac{\mu\beta_3 I}{\Lambda} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ dan } \mathbb{Z} = \begin{pmatrix} (\mu + \sigma + \rho) & 0 & 0 \\ -(1-q)\sigma & \mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1 & -\alpha_2 \\ -q\sigma & -\alpha_1 & \mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Berikut ini matriks jacobian untuk  $\mathcal{F}$  dan  $Z$  di sekitar titik setimbang  $E_0$

$$\mathbb{F} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ dan } \mathbb{Z} = \begin{pmatrix} (\mu + \sigma + \rho) & 0 & 0 \\ -(1-q)\sigma & \mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1 & -\alpha_2 \\ -q\sigma & -\alpha_1 & \mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Pada metode NGM  $R_0$  diperoleh dengan menentukan nilai eigen terbesar dari  $R = \mathbb{F}\mathbb{Z}^{-1}$

Dari sini diperoleh

$$\mathbb{Z}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det \mathbb{Z}} (Adj \mathbb{Z})$$

$$\mathbb{Z}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\mu+\sigma+\rho} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\sigma(\alpha_2+(1-q)(\mu+\gamma_2))}{h(\mu+\sigma+\rho)} & \frac{\mu+\alpha_2+\gamma_2}{h} & \frac{\alpha_2}{h} \\ \frac{\sigma(\alpha_1+q(\mu+\gamma_1))}{h(\mu+\sigma+\rho)} & \frac{\alpha_1}{h} & \frac{\mu+\alpha_1+\gamma_1}{h} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{dengan } h = (\mu + \gamma_1)(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)$$

Sehingga diperoleh  $R = \mathbb{F}\mathbb{Z}^{-1}$  yang diuraikan sebagai berikut :

$$R = \mathbb{F}\mathbb{Z}^{-1}$$

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\mu+\sigma+\rho} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\sigma(\alpha_2+(1-q)(\mu+\gamma_2))}{h(\mu+\sigma+\rho)} & \frac{\mu+\alpha_2+\gamma_2}{h} & \frac{\alpha_2}{h} \\ \frac{\sigma(\alpha_1+q(\mu+\gamma_1))}{h(\mu+\sigma+\rho)} & \frac{\alpha_1}{h} & \frac{\mu+\alpha_1+\gamma_1}{h} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Selanjutnya akan dicari nilai eigen dari  $R$  dengan uraian perhitungan sebagai berikut :

$$\det(R - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} - \lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\lambda \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} - \lambda \right) (\lambda^2) = 0 \quad (3.h)$$

Berdasarkan persamaan (3.h) didapatkan nilai eigen  $\lambda_1 = \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}$ ,

$\lambda_2 = 0$ ,  $\lambda_3 = 0$ , sehingga diperoleh *basic reproduction number* berikut :

$R_0 = \max\{\lambda_i\}$ , dengan  $i = 1, 2, 3$

$$R_0 = \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}$$

#### Lampiran 4. Perhitungan Titik Setimbang Endemik ( $I \neq 0$ )

Diberikan sistem persamaan diferensial sebagai berikut :

$$\frac{dS_H}{dt} = p\Lambda - \frac{\beta_1 I S_H}{N} - (\mu + \omega_1)S_H + \omega_2 S_L = 0 \quad (4.a)$$

$$\frac{dS_L}{dt} = (1-p)\Lambda - \frac{\eta \beta_1 I S_L}{N} - (\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \omega_1 S_H = 0 \quad (4.b)$$

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = \frac{\beta_1 I (S_H + \eta S_L)}{N} + \frac{\beta_2 I R}{N} + \frac{\beta_3 I T_j}{N} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I = 0 \quad (4.c)$$

$$\frac{dT_j}{dt} = (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\beta_3 I T_j}{N} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r = 0 \quad (4.d)$$

$$\frac{dT_r}{dt} = q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j = 0 \quad (4.e)$$

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I - \frac{\beta_2 I R}{N} - \mu R = 0 \quad (4.f)$$

Keadaan endemik terjadi ketika terdapat penyalahguna narkoba yang tidak mendapatkan perawatan atau  $I > 0$ . Persamaan (4.e) dapat diuraikan sebagai berikut :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dT_r}{dt} &= q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j = 0 \\ \Leftrightarrow q\sigma I + \alpha_1 T_j &= (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r \\ \Leftrightarrow T_r &= \frac{q\sigma I + \alpha_1 T_j}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} \end{aligned} \quad (4.g)$$

Dengan mensubstitusikan persamaan (4.g) ke (4.d) maka diperoleh

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dT_j}{dt} &= (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\beta_3 I T_j}{N} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r = 0 \\ \Leftrightarrow (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\mu \beta_3 I T_j}{\Lambda} &- (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \frac{\alpha_2(q\sigma I + \alpha_1 T_j)}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} = 0 \\ \Leftrightarrow (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\mu \beta_3 I T_j}{\Lambda} &- (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \frac{\alpha_2 q \sigma I}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} + \frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2 T_j}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} = 0 \\ \Leftrightarrow (1-q)\sigma I + \frac{\alpha_2 q \sigma I}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} &= \frac{\mu \beta_3 I T_j}{\Lambda} + (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j - \frac{\alpha_1 \alpha_2 T_j}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} \\ \Leftrightarrow \frac{(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(1-q)\sigma I + \alpha_2 q \sigma I}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} &= T_j \left( \frac{\mu \beta_3 I (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda(\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) - \Lambda \alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\Lambda(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\Leftrightarrow \frac{(\mu+\gamma_2)(1-q)\sigma I + \alpha_2(1-q)\sigma I + \alpha_2 q \sigma I}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} = T_j \left( \frac{\mu \beta_3 I (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda ((\mu + \gamma_1)(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)) + \Lambda \alpha_1 \alpha_2 - \Lambda \alpha_1 \alpha_2}{\Lambda (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)} \right) \\
&\Leftrightarrow (\mu + \gamma_2)(1 - q)\sigma I + \alpha_2 \sigma I = T_j \left( \frac{\mu \beta_3 I (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda ((\mu + \gamma_1)(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2))}{\Lambda (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)} \right) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) \\
&\Leftrightarrow \sigma I ((\mu + \gamma_2)(1 - q) + \alpha_2) = T_j \left( \frac{(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)}{\Lambda} \right) \\
&\Leftrightarrow T_j = \frac{\Lambda \sigma I ((\mu + \gamma_2)(1 - q) + \alpha_2)}{(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)} \tag{4.h}
\end{aligned}$$

Persamaan (4.h) disubstitusikan ke persamaan (4.g) sehingga didapatkan berikut :

$$\begin{aligned}
T_r &= \frac{q \sigma I + \alpha_1 T_j}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} \\
&\Leftrightarrow T_r = \frac{q \sigma I + \frac{\alpha_1 \Lambda \sigma I ((\mu + \gamma_2)(1 - q) + \alpha_2)}{(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)}}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} \\
&\Leftrightarrow T_r = \frac{q \sigma I [(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)] + \alpha_1 \Lambda \sigma I ((\mu + \gamma_2)(1 - q) + \alpha_2)}{(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) [(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)]} \\
&\Leftrightarrow T_r = \frac{q \sigma I (\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + q \sigma I \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2) + \alpha_1 \Lambda \sigma I (\mu + \gamma_2)(1 - q) + \alpha_1 \alpha_2 \Lambda \sigma I}{(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) [(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)]} \\
&\Leftrightarrow T_r = \frac{q \sigma I (\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \sigma I \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2) + \alpha_1 \alpha_2 \Lambda \sigma I}{(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) [(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)]} \\
&\Leftrightarrow T_r = \frac{q \sigma I (\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \sigma I \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)}{(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) [(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)]} \\
&\Leftrightarrow T_r = \frac{[q \sigma I (\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) + \sigma I \Lambda \alpha_1] (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)}{(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) [(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)]} \\
&\Leftrightarrow T_r = \frac{\sigma I [q (\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda \alpha_1]}{(\mu \beta_3 I + \Lambda (\mu + \gamma_1)) (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda \alpha_1 (\mu + \gamma_2)} \tag{4.i}
\end{aligned}$$

Persamaan (4.h) dan (4.i) disubstitusikan kedalam persamaan (4.f) sehingga diperoleh berikut :

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{dR}{dt} &= \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I - \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} - \mu R = 0 \\
&\Leftrightarrow \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I - \frac{\mu \beta_2 IR}{\Lambda} - \mu R = 0 \\
&\Leftrightarrow \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I = \frac{\mu \beta_2 IR}{\Lambda} + \mu R \\
&\Leftrightarrow \gamma_1 T_j + \frac{\gamma_2 (q \sigma I + \alpha_1 T_j)}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} + \rho I = R \left( \frac{\mu \beta_2 I + \Lambda \mu}{\Lambda} \right) \\
&\Leftrightarrow R = \frac{\Lambda \left( \gamma_1 T_j + \frac{\gamma_2 (q \sigma I + \alpha_1 T_j)}{\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2} + \rho I \right)}{\mu \beta_2 I + \Lambda \mu}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow R = \frac{\Lambda(\gamma_1 T_j(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \gamma_2(q\sigma I + \alpha_1 T_j) + \rho I(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2))}{(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\mu\beta_2 I + \Lambda\mu)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow R = \frac{\Lambda(\gamma_1 T_j(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \gamma_2(q\sigma I + \alpha_1 T_j) + \rho I(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2))}{\mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} \quad (4.j)$$

Persamaan (4.a) dapat diuraikan sebagai berikut sehingga didapatkan  $S_H$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dS_H}{dt} &= p\Lambda - \frac{\mu\beta_1 I S_H}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \omega_1)S_H + \omega_2 S_L = 0 \\ \Leftrightarrow p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L &= \frac{\mu\beta_1 I S_H}{\Lambda} + (\mu + \omega_1)S_H \\ \Leftrightarrow p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L &= \frac{\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)}{\Lambda} S_H \\ \Leftrightarrow S_H &= \frac{\Lambda(p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L)}{\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)} \end{aligned} \quad (4.k)$$

Dengan mensubstitusikan persamaan (4.k) ke (4.b) diperoleh sebagai berikut :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dS_L}{dt} &= (1-p)\Lambda - \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I S_L}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \omega_1 S_H = 0 \\ \Leftrightarrow (1-p)\Lambda + \omega_1 S_H &= \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I S_L}{\Lambda} + (\mu + \omega_2)S_L \\ \Leftrightarrow (1-p)\Lambda + \frac{\omega_1\Lambda(p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L)}{\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)} &= \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_2)}{\Lambda} S_L \\ \Leftrightarrow \Lambda \left( (1-p) + \frac{\omega_1(p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L)}{\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)} \right) &= \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_2)}{\Lambda} S_L \\ \Leftrightarrow \Lambda^2 \left( \frac{(1-p)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \omega_1(p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L)}{\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)} \right) &= (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_2)) S_L \\ \Leftrightarrow \Lambda^2 \left( \frac{(1-p)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \omega_1(p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L)}{\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)} \right) &= (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_2)) S_L \\ \Leftrightarrow \Lambda^2 \left( (1-p)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \omega_1(p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L) \right) &= (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_2))(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) S_L \\ \Leftrightarrow \Lambda^2 \omega_1 \omega_2 S_L + \Lambda^2 \left( (1-p)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \omega_1 p\Lambda \right) &= S_L \left( (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \right. \\ &\quad \left. \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu) \right) + \Lambda^2 \omega_1 \omega_2 S_L \\ \Leftrightarrow \Lambda^2 \left( (1-p)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \omega_1 p\Lambda \right) &= S_L \left( (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \right. \\ &\quad \left. \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu) \right) + \Lambda^2 \omega_1 \omega_2 S_L \\ \Leftrightarrow \Lambda^2 \left( (1-p)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \omega_1(1-p)\Lambda + \omega_1 p\Lambda \right) &= S_L \left( (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \right. \\ &\quad \left. \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu) \right) \\ \Leftrightarrow S_L &= \frac{\Lambda^2(\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \omega_1\Lambda)}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)} \end{aligned} \quad (4.l)$$

Persamaan (4.l) disubstitusikan kedalam persamaan (4.k) sehingga diperoleh :

$$S_H = \frac{\Lambda(p\Lambda + \omega_2 S_L)}{\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{\Lambda(p\Lambda + \frac{\omega_2 \Lambda^2 (\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \omega_1 \Lambda)}{b})}{\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)}$$

dengan  $b = (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)$ , maka

$$S_H = \frac{bp\Lambda^2 + \omega_2 \Lambda^3 (\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \omega_1 \Lambda)}{b(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{bp\Lambda^2 + \omega_2 \Lambda^3 (\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \omega_1 \omega_2 \Lambda^4)}{b(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{p\Lambda^2 ((\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)) + \omega_2 \Lambda^3 (\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \omega_1 \omega_2 \Lambda^4)}{b(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{p\Lambda^2 (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + p\Lambda^3 \omega_2 (\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu) + \omega_2 \Lambda^3 (\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \omega_1 \omega_2 \Lambda^4)}{b(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{p\Lambda^2 (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \mu p \omega_2 \Lambda^3 (\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \mu(1-p)\omega_2 \Lambda^3 (\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \omega_1 \omega_2 \Lambda^4}{b(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{p\Lambda^2 (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \omega_2 \Lambda^3 (\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu) + \omega_1 \omega_2 \Lambda^4}{b(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{p\Lambda^2 (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \omega_2 \Lambda^3 (\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu + \Lambda\omega_1)}{b(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{p\Lambda^2 (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \omega_2 \Lambda^3 (\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}{b(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{(p\Lambda^2 (\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu) + \omega_2 \Lambda^3)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}{b(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1))}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{\Lambda^2 (\mu p (\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \Lambda\omega_2)}{b}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_H = \frac{\Lambda^2 (\mu p (\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \Lambda\omega_2)}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)}$$
(4.m)

Dengan mensubstitusikan persamaan (4.h), (4.j), (4.l), dan (4.m) ke persamaan (4.c) diperoleh uraian sebagai berikut :

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{\mu\beta_1 I (S_H + \eta S_L)}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_2 I R}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_3 I T_j}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I = 0$$

$$\frac{\mu I}{\Lambda} (\beta_1 (S_H + \eta S_L) + \beta_2 R + \beta_3 T_j) = (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I$$

$$\beta_1 (S_H + \eta S_L) + \beta_2 R + \beta_3 T_j = \frac{\Lambda(\mu + \sigma + \rho)}{\mu}$$
(4.n)

Misalkan,

$$m_1 = \beta_1(S_H + \eta S_L)$$

$$m_2 = \beta_2 R + \beta_3 T_j$$

$m_1$  dan  $m_2$  diatas dapat diuraikan sebagai berikut :

i.  $m_1 = \beta_1(S_H + \eta S_L)$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_1 = \beta_1 \left( \frac{\Lambda^2(\mu p(\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \Lambda\omega_2)}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)} + \right. \\ \left. \frac{\eta\Lambda^2(\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \omega_1\Lambda)}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)} \right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_1 = \beta_1 \left( \frac{\Lambda^2(\mu p(\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \Lambda\omega_2) + \eta\Lambda^2(\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I + \Lambda) + \omega_1\Lambda)}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)} \right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_1 = \beta_1 \Lambda^2 \left( \frac{\mu p \eta \beta_1 I + \mu p \Lambda + \Lambda \omega_2 + \eta \mu (1-p) \beta_1 I + \eta \mu (1-p) \Lambda + \eta \omega_1 \Lambda}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)} \right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_1 = \beta_1 \Lambda^2 \left( \frac{\eta \mu \beta_1 I + \Lambda \mu (p + \eta(1-p)) + \Lambda (\eta \omega_1 + \omega_2)}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)} \right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_1 = \frac{\beta_1 \Lambda^2 \eta \mu \beta_1 I + \beta_1 \Lambda^2 (\Lambda \mu (p + \eta(1-p)) + \Lambda (\eta \omega_1 + \omega_2))}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)}$$

Misalkan  $= \beta_1 \Lambda^2 (\Lambda \mu (p + \eta(1-p)) + \Lambda (\eta \omega_1 + \omega_2))$ , maka diperoleh  $m_1$

sebagai berikut :

$$m_1 = \frac{\beta_1 \Lambda^2 \eta \mu \beta_1 I + \nu}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)}$$

ii.  $m_2 = \beta_2 R + \beta_3 T_j$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_2 = \beta_2 \frac{\Lambda(\gamma_1 T_j(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \gamma_2(q\sigma I + \alpha_1 T_j) + \rho I(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2))}{\mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} + \beta_3 T_j$$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_2 = \frac{\beta_2 \Lambda(T_j(\gamma_1 \mu + \gamma_1 \alpha_2 + \gamma_1 \gamma_2 + \alpha_1 \gamma_2) + \gamma_2 q \sigma I + \rho I(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)) + \beta_3 T_j \mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)}{\mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_2 = \frac{T_j(\beta_2 \Lambda(\gamma_1 \mu + \gamma_1 \alpha_2 + \gamma_1 \gamma_2 + \alpha_1 \gamma_2) + \beta_3 \mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda))}{\mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} + \frac{\beta_2 \Lambda(\gamma_2 q \sigma I + \rho I(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2))}{\mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_2 = \frac{\Lambda \sigma I((\mu + \gamma_2)(1-q) + \alpha_2)(\beta_2 \Lambda(\gamma_1 \mu + \gamma_1 \alpha_2 + \gamma_1 \gamma_2 + \alpha_1 \gamma_2) + \beta_3 \mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda))}{\mu[(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1))(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} +$$

$$\frac{\beta_2 \Lambda(\gamma_2 q \sigma I + \rho I(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2))}{\mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)}$$

Misalkan :

$$n_1 = (\mu + \gamma_2)(1 - q) + \alpha_2$$

$$n_2 = \gamma_1 \mu + \gamma_1 \alpha_2 + \gamma_1 \gamma_2 + \alpha_1 \gamma_2$$

$$n_3 = \mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2$$

Sehingga  $m_2$  dapat dituliskan sebagai berikut :

$$\begin{aligned} m_2 &= \frac{\Lambda\sigma In_1(\beta_2\Lambda n_2 + \beta_3\mu n_3(\beta_2 I + \Lambda))}{\mu[(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1))n_3 + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)]n_3(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} + \frac{\beta_2\Lambda(\gamma_2 q\sigma I + \rho In_3)}{\mu n_3(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} \\ \Leftrightarrow m_2 &= \frac{\Lambda\sigma In_1(\beta_2\Lambda n_2 + \beta_3\mu n_3(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)) + \beta_2\Lambda(\gamma_2 q\sigma I + \rho In_3)[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)]}{\mu[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)]n_3(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} \\ \Leftrightarrow m_2 &= \frac{\Lambda^2\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2 I + \Lambda\sigma n_1\beta_3\mu n_3 I(\beta_2 I + \Lambda) + \beta_2\Lambda(\gamma_2 q\sigma I + \rho In_3)[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)]}{\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} \end{aligned}$$

Persamaan (4.n) dapat dituliskan menjadi berikut :

$$\begin{aligned} \beta_1(S_H + \eta S_L) + \beta_2 R + \beta_3 T_j &= \frac{\Lambda(\mu + \sigma + \rho)}{\mu} \\ \Leftrightarrow m_1 + m_2 &= \frac{\Lambda(\mu + \sigma + \rho)}{\mu} \end{aligned} \quad (4.0)$$

Misalkan  $m_1 + m_2$  diuraikan sebagai berikut :

$$\begin{aligned} m_1 + m_2 &= \frac{\beta_1\Lambda^2\eta\mu\beta_1 I + \nu}{(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)} + \\ &\quad \frac{\Lambda^2\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2 I + \Lambda\sigma n_1\beta_3\mu n_3 I(\beta_2 I + \Lambda) + \beta_2\Lambda(\gamma_2 q\sigma I + \rho In_3)[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)]}{\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} \\ \Leftrightarrow m_1 + m_2 &= \\ &\quad \frac{(\beta_1\Lambda^2\eta\mu\beta_1 I + \nu)\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\beta_2 I + \Lambda)}{((\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} + \\ &\quad \frac{\Lambda^2\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2 I[(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)]}{((\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} + \\ &\quad \frac{\Lambda\sigma n_1\beta_3\mu n_3 I(\beta_2 I + \Lambda)[(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)]}{((\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} + \\ &\quad \frac{[(\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)][(\beta_2\Lambda(\gamma_2 q\sigma I + \rho In_3)[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)])]}{((\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} \\ \Leftrightarrow m_1 + m_2 &= \\ &\quad \frac{r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4}{((\mu\eta\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1 I + \Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3 I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\beta_2 I + \Lambda)} \end{aligned}$$

dengan

$$\begin{aligned} r_1 &= \Lambda^2\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2\beta_1^2\mu^2\eta I^3 + (\Lambda^3\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2\beta_1\mu^2\eta + \Lambda^3\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2\beta_1\mu\omega_1\eta + \\ &\quad \Lambda^3\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2\beta_1\mu^2 + \Lambda^3\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2\beta_1\mu\omega_2)I^2 + (\Lambda^4\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2\mu^2 + \\ &\quad \Lambda^4\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2\mu\omega_1 + \Lambda^4\sigma n_1\beta_2 n_2\mu\omega_2)I \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
r_2 &= \Lambda \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_2 \beta_1^2 \mu^3 \eta I^4 + (\Lambda^2 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_2 \beta_1 \mu^3 \eta + \Lambda^2 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_2 \beta_1 \mu^2 \omega_1 \eta + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_2 \beta_1 \mu^3 + \Lambda^2 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_2 \beta_1 \mu^2 \omega_2 + \Lambda^2 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_1^2 \mu^3 \eta) I^3 + \\
&\quad (\Lambda^3 \mu^3 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_2 + \Lambda^3 \mu^2 \omega_1 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_2 + \Lambda^3 \mu^2 \omega_2 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_2 + \\
&\quad \Lambda^3 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_1 \mu^3 \eta + \Lambda^3 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_1 \mu^2 \omega_1 \eta + \Lambda^3 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_1 \mu^3 + \\
&\quad \Lambda^3 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_1 \mu^2 \omega_2) I^2 + (\Lambda^4 \mu^3 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 + \Lambda^4 \mu^2 \omega_1 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3 + \\
&\quad \Lambda^4 \mu^2 \omega_2 \sigma n_1 \beta_3 n_3) I \\
r_3 &= \Lambda^2 \beta_3 n_3 \beta_2 \beta_1^2 \mu^3 \eta I^3 + (\Lambda^3 \alpha_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \beta_2 \beta_1^2 \mu^2 \eta + \Lambda^3 \alpha_1 n_3 \beta_2 \beta_1^2 \mu^3 \eta + \\
&\quad \Lambda^3 \gamma_1 n_3^2 \beta_2 \beta_1^2 \mu^2 \eta + \Lambda^3 n_3^2 \beta_3 \beta_1^2 \mu^3 \eta + \Lambda^3 n_3^2 \beta_2 \beta_1^2 \mu^3 \eta + n_3^2 \beta_2 \beta_3 \mu v) I^2 + \\
&\quad (\Lambda^4 \alpha_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \beta_1^2 \mu^2 \eta + \Lambda^4 \alpha_1 n_3 \beta_1^2 \mu^3 \eta + \Lambda^4 \gamma_1 n_3^2 \beta_1^2 \mu^2 \eta + \Lambda^4 n_3^2 \beta_1^2 \mu^3 \eta + \\
&\quad \Lambda \alpha_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \beta_2 \mu v + \Lambda \alpha_1 n_3 \beta_2 \mu^2 v + \Lambda \gamma_1 n_3^2 \beta_2 \mu v + \Lambda n_3^2 \beta_2 \mu^2 v + \\
&\quad \Lambda n_3^2 \beta_3 \mu^2 v) I + (\Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu v + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 n_3 \mu^2 v + \Lambda^2 \gamma_1 n_3^2 \mu v + \Lambda^2 n_3^2 \mu^2 v) \\
r_4 &= (\Lambda \beta_2 \beta_1^2 \beta_3 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^3 q \sigma + \Lambda \beta_2 \beta_1^2 \beta_3 \eta n_3^2 \mu^3 \rho) I^4 + (\Lambda \beta_1^2 \alpha_1 \eta \gamma_2^2 \mu^2 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda \beta_1^2 \alpha_1 \eta \gamma_2 \mu^3 q \sigma + \Lambda \beta_1^2 \gamma_1 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 q \sigma + \Lambda \beta_1^2 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^3 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda \beta_1 \beta_3 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^3 q \sigma + \Lambda \beta_1 \beta_3 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 \omega_1 q \sigma + \Lambda \beta_1^2 \alpha_1 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 \rho + \\
&\quad \Lambda \beta_1^2 \alpha_1 \eta n_3 \mu^3 \rho + \Lambda \beta_1^2 \gamma_1 \eta n_3^2 \mu^2 \rho + \Lambda \beta_1^2 \eta n_3^2 \mu^3 \rho + \Lambda \beta_1 \beta_3 \eta n_3^2 \mu^3 \rho + \\
&\quad \Lambda \beta_1 \beta_3 \eta n_3^2 \mu^2 \omega_1 \rho + \Lambda \beta_1 \beta_3 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^3 q \sigma + \Lambda \beta_1 \beta_3 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 \omega_2 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda \beta_1 \beta_3 n_3^2 \mu^3 \rho + \Lambda \beta_1 \beta_3 n_3^2 \mu^2 \omega_2 \rho) \Lambda \beta_2 I^3 + (\Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2^2 \mu^2 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2 \mu \omega_1 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2 \mu^3 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2 \mu^2 \omega_1 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \gamma_1 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \gamma_1 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu \omega_1 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^3 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 \omega_1 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 \rho + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_2 n_3 \mu \omega_1 \rho + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \eta n_3 \mu^3 \rho + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \eta n_3 \mu^2 \omega_1 \rho + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \gamma_2^2 \mu^2 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \gamma_2^2 \mu \omega_2 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \gamma_2 \mu^3 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \mu^2 \gamma_2 \omega_2 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_1 n_3^2 \mu^2 \rho + \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \eta \gamma_1 n_3^2 \mu \omega_1 \rho + \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \eta n_3^2 \mu^3 \rho + \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \eta n_3^2 \mu^2 \omega_1 \rho + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \gamma_1 \beta_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \gamma_1 \beta_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu \omega_2 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^3 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 \omega_2 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \beta_3 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^3 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \beta_3 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 \omega_1 q \sigma + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \beta_3 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 \omega_2 q \sigma + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu^2 \rho + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 \gamma_2 n_3 \mu \omega_2 \rho + \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 n_3 \mu^3 \rho + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \alpha_1 \beta_1 n_3 \mu^2 \omega_2 \rho + \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \gamma_1 n_3^2 \mu^2 \rho + \Lambda^2 \beta_1 \gamma_1 n_3^2 \mu \omega_2 \rho + \Lambda^2 \beta_1 n_3^2 \mu^3 \rho + \\
&\quad \Lambda^2 \beta_1 n_3^2 \mu^2 \omega_2 \rho + \Lambda^2 \beta_3 n_3^2 \mu^3 \rho + \Lambda^2 \beta_3 n_3^2 \mu^2 \omega_1 \rho + \Lambda^2 \beta_3 n_3^2 \mu^2 \omega_2 \rho) \Lambda \beta_2 I^2 + \\
&\quad (\alpha_1 \gamma_2^2 \mu^2 q \sigma + \alpha_1 \gamma_2^2 \mu \omega_1 q \sigma + \alpha_1 \gamma_2^2 \mu \omega_2 q \sigma + \alpha_1 \gamma_2 \mu^3 q \sigma + \alpha_1 \gamma_2 \mu^2 \omega_1 q \sigma +
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \alpha_1\gamma_2\mu^2\omega_2q\sigma + \gamma_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^2q\sigma + \gamma_1\gamma_2n_3\mu\omega_1q\sigma + \gamma_1\gamma_2n_3\mu\omega_2q\sigma + \\
& \gamma_2n_3\mu^3q\sigma + \gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_1q\sigma + \gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_2q\sigma + \alpha_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^2\rho + \alpha_1\gamma_2n_3\mu\omega_1\rho + \\
& \alpha_1\gamma_2n_3\mu\omega_2\rho + \alpha_1n_3\mu^3\rho + \alpha_1n_3\mu^2\omega_1\rho + \alpha_1n_3\mu^2\omega_2\rho + \gamma_1n_3^2\mu^2\rho + \\
& \gamma_1n_3^2\mu\omega_1\rho + \gamma_1n_3^2\mu\omega_2\rho + n_3^2\mu^3\rho + n_3^2\mu^2\omega_1\rho + n_3^2\mu^2\omega_2\rho) \beta_2\Lambda^4 I.
\end{aligned}$$

Sehingga persamaan (4.o) dapat diuraikan sebagai berikut :

$$\begin{aligned}
m_1 + m_2 &= \frac{\Lambda(\mu+\sigma+\rho)}{\mu} \\
\Leftrightarrow & \frac{r_1+r_2+r_3+r_4}{((\mu\eta\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda(\mu+\omega_1))+\Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3I+\Lambda(\mu+\gamma_1))+\Lambda\alpha_1(\mu+\gamma_2)](\beta_2I+\Lambda)} = \frac{\Lambda(\mu+\sigma+\rho)}{\mu} \\
\Leftrightarrow & \frac{r_1+r_2+r_3+r_4}{((\mu\eta\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda(\mu+\omega_1))+\Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3I+\Lambda(\mu+\gamma_1))+\Lambda\alpha_1(\mu+\gamma_2)](\beta_2I+\Lambda)} - \\
& \frac{\Lambda(\mu+\sigma+\rho)}{\mu} = 0 \\
\Leftrightarrow & \frac{\mu(r_1+r_2+r_3+r_4)-\Lambda(\mu+\sigma+\delta+\rho)((\mu\eta\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda(\mu+\omega_1))+\Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3I+\Lambda(\mu+\gamma_1))+\Lambda\alpha_1(\mu+\gamma_2)](\beta_2I+\Lambda)}{((\mu\eta\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda(\mu+\omega_1))+\Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3I+\Lambda(\mu+\gamma_1))+\Lambda\alpha_1(\mu+\gamma_2)](\beta_2I+\Lambda)} = 0 \\
\Leftrightarrow & \frac{\mu(r_1+r_2+r_3+r_4)-r_5}{((\mu\eta\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda(\mu+\omega_1))+\Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1I+\Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3I+\Lambda(\mu+\gamma_1))+\Lambda\alpha_1(\mu+\gamma_2)](\beta_2I+\Lambda)} = 0 \quad (4.p)
\end{aligned}$$

dengan,

$$\begin{aligned}
r_5 = & \Lambda\beta_1^2\beta_2\beta_3\eta n_3^2\mu^4 s I^4 + (\beta_1^2\beta_2\alpha_1\eta\gamma_2n_3\mu^3 s + \beta_1^2\beta_2\alpha_1\eta n_3\mu^4 s + \beta_1^2\beta_2\eta\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^3 s + \beta_1^2\beta_2\eta n_3^2\mu^4 s + \\
& \beta_1^2\beta_3\eta n_3^2\mu^4 s + \beta_1\beta_2\beta_3\eta n_3^2\mu^4 s + \beta_1\beta_2\beta_3\eta n_3^2\mu^3\omega_1 s + \beta_1\beta_2\beta_3n_3^2\mu^4 s + \beta_1\beta_2\beta_3n_3^2\mu^3\omega_2 s) \Lambda^2 I^3 + \\
& (\beta_1^2\alpha_1\eta\gamma_2n_3\mu^3 s + \beta_1^2\alpha_1\eta n_3\mu^4 s + \beta_1\beta_2\alpha_1\eta\gamma_2n_3\mu^3 s + \beta_1\beta_2\alpha_1\eta\gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_1 s + \beta_1\beta_2\alpha_1\eta n_3\mu^4 s + \\
& \beta_1\beta_2\alpha_1\eta n_3\mu^3\omega_1 s + \beta_1^2\eta\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^3 s + \beta_1^2\eta n_3^2\mu^4 s + \beta_1\beta_2\eta\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^3 s + \beta_1\beta_2\eta n_3^2\mu^2\omega_1 s + \beta_1\beta_2\eta n_3^2\mu^4 s + \\
& \beta_1\beta_2\eta n_3^2\mu^3\omega_1 s + \beta_1\beta_3\eta n_3^2\mu^4 s + \beta_1\beta_3\eta n_3^2\mu^3\omega_1 s + \beta_1\beta_2\alpha_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^3 s + \beta_1\beta_2\alpha_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_2 s + \beta_1\beta_2\alpha_1n_3\mu^4 s + \\
& \beta_1\beta_2\alpha_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^3\omega_2 s + \beta_1\beta_2n_3^2\mu^3\gamma_1 s + \beta_1\beta_2\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^3\omega_2 s + \beta_1\beta_2n_3^2\mu^4 s + \beta_1\beta_2n_3^2\mu^3\omega_2 s + \beta_1\beta_3n_3^2\mu^4 s + \\
& \beta_1\beta_3n_3^2\mu^3\omega_2 s + \beta_2\beta_3n_3^2\mu^4 s + \beta_2\beta_3n_3^2\mu^3\omega_1 s + \beta_2\beta_3n_3^2\mu^3\omega_2 s) \Lambda^3 I^2 + (\alpha_1\beta_1\eta\gamma_2n_3\mu^3 s + \\
& \alpha_1\beta_1\eta\gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_1 s + \alpha_1\beta_1\eta n_3\mu^4 s + \alpha_1\beta_1\eta n_3\mu^3\omega_1 s + \beta_1\eta\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^3 s + \beta_1\eta\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^2\omega_1 s + \beta_1\eta n_3^2\mu^4 s + \\
& \beta_1\eta n_3^2\mu^3\omega_1 s + \alpha_1\beta_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^3 s + \alpha_1\beta_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_2 s + \alpha_1\beta_1n_3\mu^4 s + \alpha_1\beta_1n_3\mu^3\omega_2 s + \alpha_1\beta_2\gamma_2n_3\mu^3 s + \\
& \alpha_1\beta_2\gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_1 s + \alpha_1\beta_2\gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_2 s + \alpha_1\beta_2n_3\mu^4 s + \alpha_1\beta_2n_3\mu^3\omega_1 s + \alpha_1\beta_2n_3\mu^3\omega_2 s + \beta_1\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^3 s + \\
& \beta_1\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^2\omega_2 s + \beta_1n_3^2\mu^4 s + \beta_1n_3^2\mu^3\omega_2 s + \beta_2\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^3 s + \beta_2\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^2\omega_1 s + \beta_2\gamma_1n_3^2\mu^2\omega_2 s + \beta_2n_3^2\mu^4 s + \\
& \beta_2n_3^2\mu^3\omega_1 s + \beta_2n_3^2\mu^3\omega_2 s + \beta_3n_3^2\mu^4 s + \beta_3n_3^2\mu^3\omega_1 s + \beta_3n_3^2\mu^3\omega_2 s) \Lambda^4 I + \Lambda^5 s (\alpha_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^3 + \alpha_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_1 + \\
& \alpha_1\gamma_2n_3\mu^2\omega_2 + \alpha_1n_3\mu^4 + \alpha_1n_3\mu^3\omega_1 + \alpha_1n_3\mu^3\omega_2 + \gamma_1n_3^2\mu^3 + \gamma_1n_3^2\mu^2\omega_1 + \gamma_1n_3^2\mu^2\omega_2 + n_3^2\mu^4 + n_3^2\mu^3\omega_1 + \\
& n_3^2\mu^3\omega_2)
\end{aligned}$$

$$s = \mu + \sigma + \rho$$

Berdasarkan persamaan (4.p) dapat diketahui bahwa  $((\mu\eta\beta_1I + \Lambda\mu)(\mu\beta_1I + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\mu\beta_1I + \Lambda\mu))\mu n_3[n_3(\mu\beta_3I + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)](\beta_2I + \Lambda) > 0$  maka diperoleh persamaan sebagai berikut :

$$\mu(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4) - r_5 = 0 \quad (4.q)$$

Persamaan (4.q) apabila diuraikan, dapat diperoleh persamaan polinomial berikut:

$$B_1 I^{*4} + B_2 I^{*3} + B_3 I^{*2} + B_4 I^* + B_5 = 0 \quad (4.r)$$

dengan

$$B_1 = -\Lambda\beta_1^2\beta_2\beta_3\eta n_3\mu^5(q\sigma + \mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)$$

$$B_2 = \Lambda^2\sigma n_1\mu^3\beta_1\beta_3n_3(\mu(\beta_2\eta + \beta_1\eta + \beta_2) + \beta_2(\omega_1\eta + \omega_2)) + \Lambda^2\beta_1^2\beta_2\mu^3\eta(\sigma n_1n_2 + \beta_3n_3\mu) + \Lambda^2\beta_1\beta_2\mu^3(\gamma_2q\sigma + n_3(\rho - s))(\beta_1\eta(\alpha_1\gamma_2 + \alpha_1\mu + \gamma_1n_3 + n_3\mu) + \beta_3n_3(\eta\mu + \eta\omega_1 + \mu + \omega_2)) - \Lambda^2\beta_1^2\beta_3\eta n_3^2\mu^4s$$

$$B_3 = \Lambda^3\beta_1\mu^2(\sigma\beta_2n_1n_2 + \beta_3n_3\mu(\sigma n_1 - n_3s))(\eta(\mu + \omega_1) + \mu + \omega_2) + \Lambda^3\beta_2\mu^3\beta_3n_3(q\sigma\gamma_2 + n_3(\rho - s) + \sigma n_1)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2) + \Lambda^3\beta_2\mu^2(q\sigma\gamma_2 + n_3(\rho - s))(\alpha_1\beta_1(\eta\gamma_2\mu + \eta\gamma_2\omega_1 + \eta\mu^2 + \eta\mu\omega_1 + \gamma_2\mu + \gamma_2\omega_2 + \mu^2 + \mu\omega_2) + \beta_1n_3(\eta\gamma_1\mu + \eta\gamma_1\omega_1 + \eta\mu^2 + \eta\mu\omega_1 + \gamma_1\mu + \gamma_1\omega_2 + \mu^2 + \mu\omega_2)) + \Lambda^3\beta_1^2n_3\mu^3\eta(\beta_2 - s)(\alpha_1(\gamma_2 + \mu) + n_3(\gamma_1 + \mu)) + n_3^2\beta_3\mu(\Lambda^3\beta_1^2\mu^3\eta + \beta_2\nu)$$

$$B_4 = \mu^2 \left[ \Lambda^4(\sigma n_1(\beta_2n_2 + \beta_3n_3\mu) + \beta_2(\gamma_2q\sigma + n_3(\rho - s))(\alpha_1(\gamma_2 + \mu) + n_3(\gamma_1 + \mu)) - \beta_3n_3^2\mu s)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2) + \Lambda n_3 \left( (\Lambda^3\beta_1^2\mu\eta + \beta_2\nu - \Lambda^3\beta_1s(\mu + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu + \omega_1))) (\alpha_1(\gamma_2 + \mu) + n_3(\gamma_1 + \mu)) + \Lambda n_3^2\beta_3\mu^2\nu \right) \right]$$

$$B_5 = \Lambda^2n_3\mu^2(\alpha_1\gamma_2 + \alpha_1\mu + \gamma_1n_3 + n_3\mu)(\nu - \Lambda^3s(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2))$$

Berdasarkan sifat polinomial berderajat empat, persamaan (4.r) memiliki satu akar positif jika perkalian semua akarnya kurang dari nol. Misalkan akar-akar dari persamaan (4.r) adalah  $I_1, I_2, I_3$ , dan  $I_4$ , sedangkan perkalian akar-akar dari persamaan (4.r) adalah  $\frac{B_5}{B_1}$ . Jelas bahwa  $B_1 < 0$  karena semua parameter bernilai positif, sehingga akan ditentukan syarat agar  $B_5 > 0$  yaitu sebagai berikut :

$$B_5 > 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \Lambda^2 n_3 \mu^2 (\alpha_1 \gamma_2 + \alpha_1 \mu + \gamma_1 n_3 + n_3 \mu) (\nu - \Lambda^3 s(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)) > 0 .$$

Karena semua parameter bernilai positif, jelas bahwa  $\Lambda^2 n_3 \mu^2 (\alpha_1 \gamma_2 + \alpha_1 \mu + \gamma_1 n_3 + n_3 \mu) > 0$  sehingga didapatkan  $\nu - \Lambda^3 s(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2) > 0$  dan diuraikan sebagai berikut :

$$\nu - \Lambda^3 s(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2) > 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \nu > \Lambda^3 s(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \Lambda^3 \beta_1 (\mu(p + \eta(1-p)) + \eta \omega_1 + \omega_2) > \Lambda^3 (\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \Lambda^3 \left( \beta_1 (\mu(p + \eta(1-p)) + \eta \omega_1 + \omega_2) - (\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2) \right) > 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \Lambda^3 (\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)(R_0 - 1) > 0 .$$

Jelas bahwa  $\Lambda^3 (\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2) > 0$  karena semua parameter positif, sehingga diperoleh syarat yaitu

$$R_0 - 1 > 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow R_0 > 1 .$$

Jadi syarat eksistensi untuk  $I^*$  adalah  $R_0 > 1$ , sehingga titik setimbang endemik eksis jika dan hanya jika  $R_0 > 1$ .

### Lampiran 5. Analisa Kestabilan Titik Setimbang Non Endemik

Berikut model matematika penyalahgunaan narkoba dengan memperhatikan tipe perawatan beserta tingkat resiko :

$$\frac{dS_H}{dt} = p\Lambda - \frac{\beta_1 IS_H}{N} - (\mu + \omega_1)S_H + \omega_2 S_L = f_1 \quad (5.a)$$

$$\frac{dS_L}{dt} = (1-p)\Lambda - \frac{\eta\beta_1 IS_L}{N} - (\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \omega_1 S_H = f_2 \quad (5.b)$$

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = \frac{\beta_1 I(S_H + \eta S_L)}{N} + \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} + \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I = f_3 \quad (5.c)$$

$$\frac{dT_j}{dt} = (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\beta_3 IT_j}{N} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r = f_4 \quad (5.d)$$

$$\frac{dT_r}{dt} = q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j = f_5 \quad (5.e)$$

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I - \frac{\beta_2 IR}{N} - \mu R = f_6 \quad (5.f)$$

Berikut diberikan matriks Jacobian dari model matematika penyalahgunaan narkoba dengan memperhatikan tipe perawatan beserta tingkat resiko adalah sebagai berikut:

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial R} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\mu\beta_1 I}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \omega_1) & \omega_2 & -\frac{\mu\beta_1 S_H}{\Lambda} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -\frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \omega_2) & -\frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 S_L}{\Lambda} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\beta_1 I}{\Lambda} & \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I}{\Lambda} & d_9 - d_1 & \frac{\mu\beta_3 I}{\Lambda} & 0 & \frac{\mu\beta_2 I}{\Lambda} \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma - \frac{\mu\beta_3 T_j}{\Lambda} & -\frac{\mu\beta_3 I}{\Lambda} - d_2 & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho - \frac{\mu\beta_2 R}{\Lambda} & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -\frac{\mu\beta_2 I}{\Lambda} - \mu \end{bmatrix}$$

dengan

$$d_1 = \mu + \sigma + \rho$$

$$d_2 = \mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1$$

$$d_3 = \mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2$$

$$d_9 = \frac{\mu(\beta_1(S_H + \eta S_L) + \beta_2 R + \beta_3 T_j)}{\Lambda}$$

Titik setimbang non endemik dari model matematika penyalahgunaan narkoba yaitu  $E_0 = (S_H^0, S_L^0, I^0, T_j^0, T_r^0, R^0) = \left( \frac{\Lambda(\mu p + \omega_2)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}, \frac{\Lambda(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)}{\mu(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}, 0, 0, 0, 0 \right)$ .

Berikut ini adalah matriks jacobian di sekitar titik setimbang non endemik ( $E_0$ ) :

$$JE_0 = \begin{bmatrix} -(\mu + \omega_1) & \omega_2 & -\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2)}{\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -(\mu + \omega_2) & -\frac{\eta\beta_1(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2)}{\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2} - d_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma & -d_2 & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -\mu \end{bmatrix}$$

Misalkan :

$$d_4 = \mu + \omega_1$$

$$d_5 = \mu + \omega_2$$

$$d_6 = \mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2$$

Dari sini matriks  $JE_0$  dapat dituliskan sebagai berikut :

$$JE_0 = \begin{bmatrix} -d_4 & \omega_2 & -\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2)}{d_6} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -d_5 & -\frac{\eta\beta_1(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2)}{d_6} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{d_6} - d_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma & -d_2 & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -\mu \end{bmatrix}$$

Selanjutnya menentukan nilai eigen dari matriks  $JE_0$  diatas :

$$\det(JE_0 - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\det \left( \begin{bmatrix} -d_4 & \omega_2 & -\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2)}{d_6} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -d_5 & -\frac{\eta\beta_1(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2)}{d_6} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{d_6} - d_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma & -d_2 & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -\mu \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \right) = 0$$

$$\det \left( \begin{bmatrix} -d_4 - \lambda & \omega_2 & -\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2)}{d_6} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -d_5 - \lambda & -\frac{\eta\beta_1(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2)}{d_6} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{d_6} - d_1 - \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma & -d_2 - \lambda & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -\mu - \lambda \end{bmatrix} \right) = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{d_6} - d_1 - \lambda \right) (-\mu - \lambda) \begin{vmatrix} -d_4 - \lambda & \omega_2 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -d_5 - \lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -d_2 - \lambda & \alpha_2 \\ 0 & 0 & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Misalkan :

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} -d_4 - \lambda & \omega_2 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -d_5 - \lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -d_2 - \lambda & \alpha_2 \\ 0 & 0 & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_1 = \begin{pmatrix} -d_4 - \lambda & \omega_2 \\ \omega_1 & -d_5 - \lambda \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -d_2 - \lambda & \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda \end{pmatrix}$$

Maka,

$$\begin{aligned} \det(M) &= \det \begin{pmatrix} A_1 & 0 \\ 0 & A_2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \det(A_1) \cdot \det(A_2) \\ &= ((-d_4 - \lambda)(-d_5 - \lambda) - \omega_1\omega_2)((-d_2 - \lambda)(-d_3 - \lambda) - \alpha_1\alpha_2) \\ &= ((-\mu - \omega_1 - \lambda)(-\mu - \omega_2 - \lambda) - \omega_1\omega_2)((-\mu - \alpha_1 - \gamma_1 - \lambda)(-\mu - \alpha_2 - \gamma_2 - \lambda) - \alpha_1\alpha_2) \\ &= [(-\mu - \lambda)(-\mu - \omega_2 - \lambda) - \omega_1(-\mu - \lambda) + \omega_1\omega_2 - \omega_1\omega_2][(-\mu - \gamma_1 - \lambda)(-\mu - \alpha_2 - \gamma_2 - \lambda) - \alpha_1(-\mu - \gamma_2 - \lambda) + \alpha_1\alpha_2 - \alpha_1\alpha_2] \\ &= [(-\mu - \lambda)(-\mu - \omega_1 - \omega_2 - \lambda)][(-\mu - \gamma_1 - \lambda)(-\mu - \alpha_2 - \gamma_2 - \lambda) - \alpha_1(-\mu - \gamma_2 - \lambda)] \\ &= (-\mu - \lambda)(-\mu - \omega_1 - \omega_2 - \lambda)(\lambda^2 + \lambda(2\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1 + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \mu^2 + \mu\alpha_2 + \mu\gamma_2 + \mu\gamma_1 + \gamma_1\alpha_2 + \gamma_1\gamma_2 + \mu\alpha_1 + \gamma_2\alpha_1) \end{aligned}$$

Misalkan :

$$c_1 = 2\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1 + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2$$

$$c_2 = \mu^2 + \mu\alpha_2 + \mu\gamma_2 + \mu\gamma_1 + \gamma_1\alpha_2 + \gamma_1\gamma_2 + \mu\alpha_1 + \gamma_2\alpha_1$$

maka,

$$\det(M) = (-\mu - \lambda)(-\mu - \omega_1 - \omega_2 - \lambda)(\lambda^2 + c_1\lambda + c_2)$$

sehingga,

$$\det(JE_0 - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{d_6} - d_1 - \lambda \right) (-\mu - \lambda) \det(M) = 0$$

$$\left( \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{d_6} - d_1 - \lambda \right) (-\mu - \lambda)(-\mu - \lambda)(-\mu - \omega_1 - \omega_2 - \lambda)(\lambda^2 + c_1\lambda + c_2) = 0$$

Dari persamaan diatas, diperoleh nilai eigen sebagai berikut :

$$(i) \quad \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{d_6} - d_1 - \lambda = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_1 &= \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{d_6} - d_1 \\ &= \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho) \end{aligned}$$

$$(ii) \quad -\mu - \lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda_2 = -\mu$$

$$(iii) \quad -\mu - \lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda_3 = -\mu$$

$$(iv) \quad -\mu - \omega_1 - \omega_2 - \lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda_4 = -\mu - \omega_1 - \omega_2$$

serta sisanya adalah persamaan karakteristik berikut :

$$\lambda^2 + c_1\lambda + c_2 = 0 \tag{5.g}$$

Titik setimbang non endemik stabil asimtotis jika dan hanya jika  $Re(\lambda_i) < 0$ .

Pada persamaan (ii),(iii) dan (iv) jelas bahwa  $\lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4 < 0$  karena semua parameter bernilai positif. Berdasarkan kriteria Routh-Hurwitz, persamaan (5.g) mempunyai akar-akar dengan bagian real negatif jika dan hanya jika  $c_1 > 0$  dan  $c_2 > 0$ .

$$i. \quad c_1 = 2\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1 + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2$$

Jelas bahwa  $c_1 > 0$  karena semua parameter bernilai positif

$$ii. \quad c_2 = \mu^2 + \mu\alpha_2 + \mu\gamma_2 + \mu\gamma_1 + \gamma_1\alpha_2 + \gamma_1\gamma_2 + \mu\alpha_1 + \gamma_2\alpha_1$$

Jelas bahwa  $c_2 > 0$  karena semua parameter bernilai positif.

Berdasarkan i dan ii diatas maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa persamaan karakteristik (5.g) memiliki akar-akar dengan bagian real negatif.

Sebelumnya diperoleh  $\lambda_1 = \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2} - (\mu + \sigma + \delta + \rho)$ . Agar titik setimbang non endemik stabil asimtotis maka :

$$\lambda_1 < 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho) < 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\mu + \sigma + \rho) \left( \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_2))}{(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)(\mu + \sigma + \rho)} - 1 \right) < 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (\mu + \sigma + \rho)(R_0 - 1) < 0$$

Jelas bahwa  $\mu + \sigma + \rho > 0$  sehingga diperoleh syarat sebagai berikut :

$$R_0 - 1 < 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow R_0 < 1 \quad (5.h)$$

Berdasarkan (5.h) diperoleh syarat kestabilan yaitu  $R_0 < 1$ . Jadi, titik setimbang non endemik stabil asimtotis jika dan hanya jika  $R_0 < 1$ .

### Lampiran 6. Perhitungan kestabilan titik setimbang endemik

Berikut model matematika penyalahgunaan narkoba dengan memperhatikan tipe perawatan beserta tingkat resiko :

$$\frac{dS_H}{dt} = p\Lambda - \frac{\mu\beta_1 IS_H}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \omega_1)S_H + \omega_2 S_L = f_1 \quad (6.a)$$

$$\frac{dS_L}{dt} = (1-p)\Lambda - \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 IS_L}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \omega_2)S_L + \omega_1 S_H = f_2 \quad (6.b)$$

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = \frac{\mu\beta_1 I(S_H + \eta S_L)}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_2 IR}{\Lambda} + \frac{\mu\beta_3 IT_j}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \sigma + \rho)I = f_3 \quad (6.c)$$

$$\frac{dT_j}{dt} = (1-q)\sigma I - \frac{\mu\beta_3 IT_j}{\Lambda} - (\mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1)T_j + \alpha_2 T_r = f_4 \quad (6.d)$$

$$\frac{dT_r}{dt} = q\sigma I - (\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)T_r + \alpha_1 T_j = f_5 \quad (6.e)$$

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = \gamma_1 T_j + \gamma_2 T_r + \rho I - \frac{\mu\beta_2 IR}{\Lambda} - \mu R = f_6 \quad (6.f)$$

Berikut diberikan matriks Jacobian dari persamaan (6.a) – (6.f) sebagai berikut :

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_4}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_5}{\partial R} \\ \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial S_H} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial S_L} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial I} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial T_j} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial T_r} & \frac{\partial f_6}{\partial R} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\mu\beta_1 I}{\Lambda} - d_4 & \omega_2 & -\frac{\mu\beta_1 S_H}{\Lambda} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -\frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I}{\Lambda} - d_5 & -\frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 S_L}{\Lambda} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\beta_1 I}{\Lambda} & \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I}{\Lambda} & d_9 - d_1 & \frac{\mu\beta_3 I}{\Lambda} & 0 & \frac{\mu\beta_2 I}{\Lambda} \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma - \frac{\mu\beta_3 T_j}{\Lambda} & -\frac{\mu\beta_3 I}{\Lambda} - d_2 & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho - \frac{\mu\beta_2 R}{\Lambda} & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -\frac{\mu\beta_2 I}{\Lambda} - \mu \end{bmatrix}$$

dengan

$$d_1 = \mu + \sigma + \rho$$

$$d_2 = \mu + \alpha_1 + \gamma_1$$

$$d_3 = \mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2$$

$$d_4 = \mu + \omega_1$$

$$d_5 = \mu + \omega_2$$

$$d_9 = \frac{\mu(\beta_1 I(S_H + \eta S_L) + \beta_2 IR + \beta_3 IT_j)}{\Lambda}$$

Diberikan titik setimbang endemik ( $E_1$ ) sebagai berikut :

$$S_H^* = \frac{\Lambda^2(\mu p(\eta\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \Lambda\omega_2)}{\mu((\eta\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda)(\mu\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda))}$$

$$S_L^* = \frac{\Lambda^2(\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \omega_1 \Lambda)}{\mu((\eta\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda)(\mu\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda))}$$

$$T_j^* = \frac{\Lambda\sigma I^*((\mu + \gamma_2)(1-q) + \alpha_2)}{(\mu\beta_3 I^* + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1))(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)}$$

$$T_r^* = \frac{\sigma I^*[q(\mu\beta_3 I^* + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1)) + \Lambda\alpha_1]}{(\mu\beta_3 I^* + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1))(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2)}$$

$$R^* = \frac{\Lambda(\gamma_1 T_j^*(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \gamma_2(q\sigma I^* + \alpha_1 T_j^*) + \rho I^*(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2))}{\mu(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2)(\beta_2 I^* + \Lambda)}.$$

Berikut ini adalah matriks jacobian di sekitar titik setimbang endemik ( $E_1$ ) :

$$J_{E_1} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\mu\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} - d_4 & \omega_2 & -\frac{\beta_1\Lambda(\mu p(\eta\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \Lambda\omega_2)}{d_7} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -\frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} - d_5 & -\frac{\eta\beta_1\Lambda(\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \omega_1 \Lambda)}{d_7} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} & \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} & \frac{\mu(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4)}{\Lambda r_6} - d_1 & \frac{\mu\beta_3 I^*}{\Lambda} & 0 & \frac{\mu\beta_2 I^*}{\Lambda} \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma - \frac{\mu\beta_3\sigma I^*((\mu + \gamma_2)(1-q) + \alpha_2)}{d_8} & -\frac{\mu\beta_3 I^*}{\Lambda} - d_2 & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho - \frac{\beta_2(\gamma_1 T_j^* d_3 + \gamma_2(q\sigma I^* + \alpha_1 T_j^*) + \rho I^* d_3)}{d_3(\beta_2 I^* + \Lambda)} & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -\frac{\mu\beta_2 I^*}{\Lambda} - \mu \end{bmatrix}$$

dengan :

$$d_7 = (\eta\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda)(\mu\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda(\mu + \omega_1)) + \Lambda\omega_2(\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda)$$

$$d_8 = (\mu\beta_3 I^* + \Lambda(\mu + \gamma_1))(\mu + \alpha_2 + \gamma_2) + \Lambda\alpha_1(\mu + \gamma_2).$$

Selanjutnya menentukan nilai eigen dari matriks  $J_{E_1}$  diatas :

$$\det(J_{E_1} - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \det \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\mu\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} - d_4 & \omega_2 & -\frac{\beta_1\Lambda(\mu p(\eta\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \Lambda\omega_2)}{d_7} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -\frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} - d_5 & -\frac{\eta\beta_1\Lambda(\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \omega_1\Lambda)}{d_7} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} & \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} & \frac{\mu(r_1+r_2+r_3+r_4)}{\Lambda r_6} - d_1 & \frac{\mu\beta_3 I^*}{\Lambda} & 0 & \frac{\mu\beta_2 I^*}{\Lambda} \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma - \frac{\mu\beta_3\sigma I^*((\mu+\gamma_2)(1-q)+\alpha_2)}{d_8} & -\frac{\mu\beta_3 I^*}{\Lambda} - d_2 & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho - \frac{\beta_2(\gamma_1 T_j^* d_3 + \gamma_2(q\sigma I^* + \alpha_1 T_j^*) + \rho I^* d_3)}{d_3(\beta_2 I^* + \Lambda)} & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -\frac{\mu\beta_2 I^*}{\Lambda} - \mu \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\mu\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} - d_4 - \lambda & \omega_2 & -\frac{\beta_1\Lambda(\mu p(\eta\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \Lambda\omega_2)}{d_7} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -\frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} - d_5 - \lambda & -\frac{\eta\beta_1\Lambda(\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \omega_1\Lambda)}{d_7} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\mu\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} & \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} & \frac{\mu(r_1+r_2+r_3+r_4)}{\Lambda r_6} - d_1 - \lambda & \frac{\mu\beta_3 I^*}{\Lambda} & 0 & \frac{\mu\beta_2 I^*}{\Lambda} \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma - \frac{\mu\beta_3\sigma I^*((\mu+\gamma_2)(1-q)+\alpha_2)}{d_8} & -\frac{\mu\beta_3 I^*}{\Lambda} - d_2 - \lambda & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho - \frac{\beta_2(\gamma_1 T_j^* d_3 + \gamma_2(q\sigma I^* + \alpha_1 T_j^*) + \rho I^* d_3)}{d_3(\beta_2 I^* + \Lambda)} & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -\frac{\mu\beta_2 I^*}{\Lambda} - \mu - \lambda \end{pmatrix} = 0.$$

Misalkan

$$y_1 = \frac{\mu\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} + d_4$$

$$y_2 = \frac{\mu\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda}$$

$$y_3 = \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda} + d_5$$

$$y_4 = \frac{\mu\eta\beta_1 I^*}{\Lambda}$$

$$y_5 = \frac{\beta_1\Lambda(\mu p(\eta\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \Lambda\omega_2)}{d_7}$$

$$y_6 = \frac{\eta\beta_1\Lambda(\mu(1-p)(\beta_1 I^* + \Lambda) + \omega_1\Lambda)}{d_7}$$

$$y_7 = \frac{\mu(r_1+r_2+r_3+r_4)}{\Lambda r_6}$$

$$y_8 = \frac{\mu\beta_3\sigma I^*((\mu+\gamma_2)(1-q)+\alpha_2)}{d_8}$$

$$y_9 = \frac{\beta_2(\gamma_1 T_j^* d_3 + \gamma_2(q\sigma I^* + \alpha_1 T_j^*) + \rho I^* d_3)}{d_3(\beta_2 I^* + \Lambda)}$$

$$y_{10} = \frac{\mu\beta_3 I^*}{\Lambda}$$

$$y_{11} = \frac{\mu\beta_3 I^*}{\Lambda} + d_2$$

$$y_{12} = \frac{\mu\beta_2 I^*}{\Lambda}$$

$$y_{13} = \frac{\mu\beta_2 I^*}{\Lambda} + \mu$$

Dengan demikian,  $\det(J_{E_1} - \lambda I) = 0$  dapat dituliskan sebagai berikut :

$$\det(J_{E_1} - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{vmatrix} -y_1 - \lambda & \omega_2 & -y_5 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -y_3 - \lambda & -y_6 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ y_2 & y_4 & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_{10} & 0 & y_{12} \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma - y_8 & -y_{11} - \lambda & \alpha_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \rho - y_9 & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 & -y_{13} - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \Leftrightarrow (-y_{13} - \lambda) \begin{vmatrix} -y_1 - \lambda & \omega_2 & -y_5 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -y_3 - \lambda & -y_6 & 0 & 0 \\ y_2 & y_4 & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_{10} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma - y_8 & -y_{11} - \lambda & \alpha_2 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} - \\
 & y_{12} \begin{vmatrix} -y_1 - \lambda & \omega_2 & -y_5 & 0 & 0 \\ \omega_1 & -y_3 - \lambda & -y_6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & (1-q)\sigma - y_8 & -y_{11} - \lambda & \alpha_2 \\ 0 & 0 & q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda \\ 0 & 0 & \rho - y_9 & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \\
 & \Leftrightarrow (-y_{13} - \lambda) \left( (-d_3 - \lambda) \left( (-y_{11} - \lambda) \begin{vmatrix} -y_1 - \lambda & \omega_2 & -y_5 & -y_6 \\ \omega_1 & -y_3 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda \\ y_2 & y_4 & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} - \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. y_{10}((1-q)\sigma - y_8)((-y_1 - \lambda)(-y_3 - \lambda) - \omega_1\omega_2) \right) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \alpha_2 \left( \alpha_1 \begin{vmatrix} -y_1 - \lambda & \omega_2 & -y_5 & -y_6 \\ \omega_1 & -y_3 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda \\ y_2 & y_4 & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} - y_{10}q\sigma((-y_1 - \lambda)(-y_3 - \lambda) - \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \omega_1\omega_2) \right) \right) - y_{12}((-y_1 - \lambda)(-y_3 - \lambda) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \omega_1\omega_2) \begin{vmatrix} (1-q)\sigma - y_8 & -y_{11} - \lambda & \alpha_2 \\ q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda \\ \rho - y_9 & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \right. \\
 & \text{Untuk } \begin{vmatrix} -y_1 - \lambda & \omega_2 & -y_5 & -y_6 \\ \omega_1 & -y_3 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda \\ y_2 & y_4 & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} \text{ diperoleh hasil sebagai berikut :} \\
 & \begin{vmatrix} -y_1 - \lambda & \omega_2 & -y_5 & -y_6 \\ \omega_1 & -y_3 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda \\ y_2 & y_4 & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda & y_7 - d_1 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = -\lambda^3 - \lambda^2(d_1 + y_1 + y_3 - y_7) - \lambda(d_1y_1 + \\
 & \quad d_1y_3 + y_1y_3 + y_4y_6 + \omega_1\omega_2 + y_2y_5 - y_1y_7 - \\
 & \quad y_3y_7) - (d_1y_1y_3 - y_1y_3y_7 + y_1y_4y_6 + \\
 & \quad \omega_1\omega_2y_7 - \omega_1\omega_2d_1 + \omega_1y_4y_5 + \omega_2y_2y_6 + \\
 & \quad y_2y_3y_5)
 \end{aligned}$$

Sedangkan untuk  $\begin{vmatrix} (1-q)\sigma - y_8 & -y_{11} - \lambda & \alpha_2 \\ q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda \\ \rho - y_9 & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 \end{vmatrix}$  diperoleh hasil sebagai berikut :

$$\begin{vmatrix} (1-q)\sigma - y_8 & -y_{11} - \lambda & \alpha_2 \\ q\sigma & \alpha_1 & -d_3 - \lambda \\ \rho - y_9 & \gamma_1 & \gamma_2 \end{vmatrix} = \lambda^2(\rho - y_9) + \lambda(\rho y_{11} + \rho d_3 + (1-q)\sigma\gamma_1 + q\sigma\gamma_2 - y_9y_{11} - y_9d_3 - y_8\gamma_1) + (1-q)\sigma\alpha_1\gamma_2 + (1-q)\sigma\gamma_1d_3 - y_8\alpha_1\gamma_2 - y_8\gamma_1d_3 + q\sigma\gamma_2y_{11} + q\sigma\alpha_2\gamma_1 + \rho y_{11}d_3 - \rho\alpha_1\alpha_2 - y_9y_{11}d_3 + y_9\alpha_1\alpha_2$$

Sehingga  $\det(J_{E_1} - \lambda I) = 0$  dapat dituliskan sebagai berikut :

$$\det(J_{E_1} - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (-y_{13} - \lambda) \left( (-d_3 - \lambda) \left( (-y_{11} - \lambda) [ -\lambda^3 - \lambda^2(d_1 + y_1 + y_3 - y_7) - \lambda(d_1y_1 + d_1y_3 + y_1y_3 + y_4y_6 + \omega_1\omega_2 + y_2y_5 - y_1y_7 - y_3y_7) - (d_1y_1y_3 - y_1y_3y_7 + y_1y_4y_6 + \omega_1\omega_2y_7 - \omega_1\omega_2d_1 + \omega_1y_4y_5 + \omega_2y_2y_6 + y_2y_3y_5) ] - y_{10}((1-q)\sigma - y_8)((-y_1 - \lambda)(-y_3 - \lambda) - \omega_1\omega_2) \right) - \alpha_2 \left( \alpha_1 [ -\lambda^3 - \lambda^2(d_1 + y_1 + y_3 - y_7) - \lambda(d_1y_1 + d_1y_3 + y_1y_3 + y_4y_6 + \omega_1\omega_2 + y_2y_5 - y_1y_7 - y_3y_7) - (d_1y_1y_3 - y_1y_3y_7 + y_1y_4y_6 + \omega_1\omega_2y_7 - \omega_1\omega_2d_1 + \omega_1y_4y_5 + \omega_2y_2y_6 + y_2y_3y_5) ] - y_{10}q\sigma((-y_1 - \lambda)(-y_3 - \lambda) - \omega_1\omega_2) \right) - y_{12}((-y_1 - \lambda)(-y_3 - \lambda) - \omega_1\omega_2)(\lambda^2(\rho - y_9) + \lambda(\rho y_{11} + \rho d_3 + (1-q)\sigma\gamma_1 + q\sigma\gamma_2 - y_9y_{11} - y_9d_3 - y_8\gamma_1) + (1-q)\sigma\alpha_1\gamma_2 + (1-q)\sigma\gamma_1d_3 - y_8\alpha_1\gamma_2 - y_8\gamma_1d_3 + q\sigma\gamma_2y_{11} + q\sigma\alpha_2\gamma_1 + \rho y_{11}d_3 - \rho\alpha_1\alpha_2 - y_9y_{11}d_3 + y_9\alpha_1\alpha_2) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \lambda^6 + G_1\lambda^5 + G_2\lambda^4 + G_3\lambda^3 + G_4\lambda^2 + G_5\lambda + G_6 = 0$$

Dengan uraian sebagai berikut :

$$G_1 = d_1 + d_3 + y_{13} + y_1 + y_3 + y_{11} - y_7$$

$$G_2 = d_1y_{13} + d_3y_{13} + y_{13}y_1 + y_{13}y_3 + y_{13}y_{11} - y_{13}y_7d_1y_1 + d_1y_3 + y_1y_3 + y_4y_6 + \omega_1\omega_2 + y_2y_5 + d_1y_{11} + y_1y_{11} + y_3y_{11} - y_7y_{11} - y_1y_7 - y_3y_7 - (1-q)\sigma y_{10} + y_8y_{10} + d_1d_3 + d_3y_1 + d_3y_3 + d_3y_{11} - d_3y_7 - \alpha_1\alpha_2 - y_{12}\rho + y_9y_{12}$$

$$G_3 = d_1y_{13}y_1 + d_1y_{13}y_3 + y_{13}y_1y_3 + y_{13}y_4y_6 + y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2 + y_{13}y_2y_5 + d_1y_{13}y_{11} + y_{13}y_1y_{11} + y_{13}y_3y_{11} - y_{13}y_7y_{11} - y_{13}y_1y_7 - y_{13}y_3y_7 - (1-q)\sigma y_{13}y_{10} + y_{13}y_8y_{10} + d_1d_3y_{13} + d_3y_{13}y_1 + d_3y_{13}y_3 + d_3y_{13}y_{11} - d_3y_{13}y_7 + d_1y_1y_3 - y_1y_3y_7 + y_1y_4y_6 + \omega_1\omega_2y_7 - \omega_1\omega_2d_1 + \omega_1y_4y_5 + \omega_2y_2y_6 + y_2y_3y_5 + d_1y_1y_{11} + d_1y_3y_{11} + y_1y_3y_{11} + y_4y_6y_{11} + \omega_1\omega_2y_{11} + y_2y_5y_{11} - y_1y_7y_{11} - y_3y_7y_{11} - (1-q)\sigma y_1y_{10} - (1-q)\sigma y_3y_{10} + y_1y_8y_{10} + y_3y_8y_{10} + d_1d_3y_1 + d_1d_3y_3 + d_3y_4y_6 + d_3\omega_1\omega_2 + d_3y_2y_5 + d_3d_1y_{11} + d_3y_1y_{11} + d_3y_3y_{11} - d_3y_7y_{11} - d_3y_1y_7 - d_3y_3y_7 - (1-q)\sigma d_3y_{10} + d_3y_8y_{10} - [\alpha_1\alpha_2d_1 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_1 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_3 + \alpha_2y_{10}q\sigma + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13} - \alpha_1\alpha_2y_7 + \rho y_{11}y_{12} + \rho d_3y_{12} + (1-q)\sigma y_1y_{12} + q\sigma y_2y_{12} - y_9y_{11}y_{12} - y_9d_3y_{12} - y_8y_1y_{12} + y_1y_{12}\rho + y_3y_{12}\rho - y_1y_9y_{12} - y_3y_9y_{12}]$$

$$G_4 = d_1y_{13}y_1y_3 - y_{13}y_1y_3y_7 + y_{13}y_1y_4y_6 + y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_7 - \omega_1\omega_2d_1y_{13} + y_{13}\omega_1y_4y_5 + y_{13}\omega_2y_2y_6 + y_{13}y_2y_3y_5 + d_1y_{13}y_1y_{11} + d_1y_{13}y_3y_{11} + y_{13}y_1y_3y_{11} + y_{13}y_4y_6y_{11} + y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_{11} + y_{13}y_2y_5y_{11} - y_{13}y_1y_7y_{11} - y_{13}y_3y_7y_{11} - (1-q)\sigma y_{13}y_1y_{10} - (1-q)\sigma y_{13}y_3y_{10} + y_{13}y_1y_8y_{10} + y_{13}y_3y_8y_{10} + d_1d_3y_{13}y_1 + d_1d_3y_{13}y_3 + d_3y_{13}y_1y_3 + d_3y_{13}y_4y_6 + d_3y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2 + d_3y_{13}y_2y_5 + d_3d_1y_{13}y_{11} + d_3y_{13}y_1y_{11} + d_3y_{13}y_3y_{11} - d_3y_{13}y_7y_{11} - d_3y_{13}y_1y_7 - d_3y_{13}y_3y_7 - (1-q)\sigma d_3y_{13}y_{10} + d_3y_{13}y_8y_{10} + d_1y_1y_3y_{11} - y_1y_3y_7y_{11} + y_1y_4y_6y_{11} + \omega_1\omega_2y_7y_{11} - \omega_1\omega_2d_1y_{11} + \omega_1y_4y_5y_{11} + \omega_2y_2y_6y_{11} + y_2y_3y_5y_{11} - (1-q)\sigma y_1y_3y_{10} - \omega_1\omega_2y_8y_{10} + (1-q)\sigma\omega_1\omega_2y_{10} + y_1y_3y_8y_{10} + d_1d_3y_1y_3 - d_3y_1y_3y_7 + d_3y_1y_4y_6 + d_3\omega_1\omega_2y_7 - \omega_1\omega_2d_1d_3 + d_3\omega_1y_4y_5 + d_3\omega_2y_2y_6 + d_3y_2y_3y_5 + d_1d_3y_1y_{11} + d_1d_3y_3y_{11} + d_3y_1y_3y_{11} + d_3y_4y_6y_{11} + d_3\omega_1\omega_2y_{11} + d_3y_2y_5y_{11} - d_3y_1y_7y_{11} - d_3y_3y_7y_{11} - (1-q)\sigma d_3y_1y_{10} - (1-q)\sigma d_3y_3y_{10} + d_3y_1y_8y_{10} + d_3y_3y_8y_{10} - [\alpha_1\alpha_2d_1y_1 + \alpha_1\alpha_2d_1y_3 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_1y_3 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_4y_6 + \alpha_1\alpha_2\omega_1\omega_2 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_2y_5 + \alpha_2y_1y_{10}q\sigma + \alpha_2y_3y_{10}q\sigma + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}d_1 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}y_1 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}y_3 + \alpha_2y_{13}y_{10}q\sigma - \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}y_7 - \alpha_1\alpha_2y_1y_7 - \alpha_1\alpha_2y_3y_7 + (1-q)\sigma\alpha_1\gamma_2y_{12} + (1-q)\sigma\gamma_1d_3y_{12} - y_8y_{12}\alpha_1\gamma_2 - y_8y_{12}\gamma_1d_3 + q\sigma y_2y_{11}y_{12} + q\sigma\alpha_2\gamma_1y_{12} + \rho y_{11}y_{12}d_3 - \rho\alpha_1\alpha_2y_{12} - y_9y_{11}y_{12}d_3 + y_9y_{12}\alpha_1\alpha_2 + (y_1y_{12} + y_3y_{12})(\rho y_{11} +$$

$$\rho d_3 + (1-q)\sigma\gamma_1 + q\sigma\gamma_2 - y_9y_{11} - y_9d_3 - y_8\gamma_1) + y_1y_3y_{12}\rho - \omega_1\omega_2y_{12}\rho - y_1y_3y_{12}y_9 + \omega_1\omega_2y_9y_{12}]$$

$$G_5 = d_1y_{13}y_1y_3y_{11} - y_{13}y_1y_3y_7y_{11} + y_{13}y_1y_4y_6y_{11} + y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_7y_{11} - \omega_1\omega_2d_1y_{13}y_{11} + y_{13}\omega_1y_4y_5y_{11} + y_{13}\omega_2y_2y_6y_{11} + y_{13}y_2y_3y_5y_{11} - (1-q)\sigma y_{13}y_1y_3y_{10} - y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_8y_{10} + (1-q)\sigma y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_{10} + y_{13}y_1y_3y_8y_{10} + d_1d_3y_{13}y_1y_3 - d_3y_{13}y_1y_3y_7 + d_3y_{13}y_1y_4y_6 + d_3y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_7 - \omega_1\omega_2d_1d_3y_{13} + d_3y_{13}\omega_1y_4y_5 + d_3y_{13}\omega_2y_2y_6 + d_3y_{13}y_2y_3y_5 + d_1d_3y_{13}y_1y_{11} + d_1d_3y_{13}y_3y_{11} + d_3y_{13}y_1y_3y_{11} + d_3y_{13}y_4y_6y_{11} + d_3y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_{11} + d_3y_{13}y_2y_5y_{11} - d_3y_{13}y_1y_7y_{11} - d_3y_{13}y_3y_7y_{11} - (1-q)\sigma d_3y_{13}y_1y_{10} - (1-q)\sigma d_3y_{13}y_3y_{10} + d_3y_{13}y_1y_8y_{10} + d_3y_{13}y_3y_8y_{10} + d_1d_3y_1y_3y_{11} - d_3y_1y_3y_7y_{11} + d_3y_1y_4y_6y_{11} + d_3\omega_1\omega_2y_7y_{11} - \omega_1\omega_2d_1d_3y_{11} + d_3\omega_1y_4y_5y_{11} + d_3\omega_2y_2y_6y_{11} + d_3y_2y_3y_5y_{11} - (1-q)\sigma d_3y_1y_3y_{10} - d_3\omega_1\omega_2y_8y_{10} + (1-q)\sigma d_3\omega_1\omega_2y_{10} + d_3y_1y_3y_8y_{10} - [\alpha_1\alpha_2d_1y_1y_3 - \alpha_1\alpha_2y_1y_3y_7 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_1y_4y_6 + \alpha_1\alpha_2\omega_1\omega_2y_7 - \alpha_1\alpha_2\omega_1\omega_2d_1 + \alpha_1\alpha_2\omega_1y_4y_5 + \alpha_1\alpha_2\omega_2y_2y_6 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_2y_3y_5 + y_{10}\alpha_2q\sigma y_1y_3 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}d_1y_1 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}d_1y_3 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}y_1y_3 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}y_4y_6 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}y_2y_5 + \alpha_2y_{13}y_1y_{10}q\sigma + \alpha_2y_{13}y_3y_{10}q\sigma - \alpha_2y_{13}\alpha_1y_1y_7 - \alpha_2y_{13}\alpha_1y_3y_7 - \alpha_2y_{10}q\sigma\omega_1\omega_2 + ((1-q)\sigma\alpha_1\gamma_2 + (1-q)\sigma\gamma_1)d_3 - y_8\alpha_1\gamma_2 - y_8\gamma_1d_3 + q\sigma\gamma_2y_{11} + q\sigma\alpha_2\gamma_1 + \rho y_{11}d_3 - \rho\alpha_1\alpha_2 - y_9y_{11}d_3 + y_9\alpha_1\alpha_2](y_1y_{12} + y_3y_{12}) + (y_1y_3y_{12} - \omega_1\omega_2y_{12})(\rho y_{11} + \rho d_3 + (1-q)\sigma\gamma_1 + q\sigma\gamma_2 - y_9y_{11} - y_9d_3 - y_8\gamma_1)]$$

$$G_6 = d_1d_3y_{13}y_1y_3y_{11} - d_3y_{13}y_1y_3y_7y_{11} + d_3y_{13}y_1y_4y_6y_{11} + d_3y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_7y_{11} - \omega_1\omega_2d_1d_3y_{13}y_{11} + d_3y_{13}\omega_1y_4y_5y_{11} + d_3y_{13}\omega_2y_2y_6y_{11} + d_3y_{13}y_2y_3y_5y_{11} - (1-q)\sigma d_3y_{13}y_1y_3y_{10} - d_3y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_8y_{10} + (1-q)\sigma d_3y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_{10} + d_3y_{13}y_1y_3y_8y_{10} - [\alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}d_1y_1y_3 - \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}y_1y_3y_7 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}y_1y_4y_6 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2y_7 - \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}\omega_1\omega_2d_1 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}\omega_1y_4y_5 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}\omega_2y_2y_6 + \alpha_1\alpha_2y_{13}y_2y_3y_5 + \alpha_2y_{13}y_{10}q\sigma y_1y_3 - \alpha_2y_{13}y_{10}q\sigma\omega_1\omega_2 + ((1-q)\sigma\alpha_1\gamma_2 + (1-q)\sigma\gamma_1)d_3 - y_8\alpha_1\gamma_2 - y_8\gamma_1d_3 + q\sigma\gamma_2y_{11} + q\sigma\alpha_2\gamma_1 + \rho y_{11}d_3 - \rho\alpha_1\alpha_2 - y_9y_{11}d_3 + y_9\alpha_1\alpha_2](y_1y_3y_{12} - \omega_1\omega_2y_{12})]$$

### Lampiran 7. Perhitungan Indeks Sensitivitas Parameter

Diberikan *basic reproduction number* ( $R_0$ ) model matematika penyalahgunaan narkoba dengan memperhatikan tipe perawatan beserta tingkat resiko sebagai berikut :

$$R_0 = \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}.$$

Terdapat 9 parameter yang mempengaruhi  $R_0$  diatas yaitu  $\beta_1, \mu, p, \omega_1, \omega_2, \eta, \sigma, \delta$ , dan  $\rho$ . Indeks sensitivitas menurut **Chitnis, dkk (2008)** dirumuskan sebagai berikut:

$$e_m = \left( \frac{\partial R_0}{\partial m} \right) \frac{m}{R_0}$$

dengan,

$m$  : parameter yang akan dianalisis

$e_m$  : indeks sensitivitas parameter  $m$ .

Setelah mendapatkan indeks sensitivitas yang dihitung dengan rumus diatas, kemudian mensubstitusikan nilai parameter pada Tabel 4.3 kedalam indeks sensitivitas yang diperoleh. Berikut uraian perhitungan masing-masing indeks sensitivitas parameter yang telah disebutkan sebelumnya :

- Untuk parameter  $\beta_1$

$$\begin{aligned} e_{\beta_1} &= \left( \frac{\partial R_0}{\partial \beta_1} \right) \frac{\beta_1}{R_0} \\ e_{\beta_1} &= \left( \frac{\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)} \right) \frac{\beta_1}{\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}} \\ e_{\beta_1} &= \left( \frac{\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)} \right) \frac{\beta_1(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))} \\ e_{\beta_1} &= \left( \frac{\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)} \right) \frac{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}{\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1)} \\ e_{\beta_1} &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

2. Untuk parameter  $\sigma$

$$e_\sigma = \left( \frac{\partial R_0}{\partial \sigma} \right) \frac{\sigma}{R_0}$$

$$e_\sigma = \left( -\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)^2(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)} \right) \frac{\sigma}{\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}}$$

$$e_\sigma = \left( -\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)^2(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)} \right) \frac{\sigma(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}$$

$$e_\sigma = -\frac{\sigma}{\mu + \sigma + \rho}$$

$$e_\sigma = -\frac{0.02827}{0.02 + 0.02827 + 0.0082}$$

$$e_\sigma = -\frac{0.02827}{0.05647}$$

$$e_\sigma = -0.50$$

3. Untuk parameter  $\omega_2$

$$e_{\omega_2} = \left( \frac{\partial R_0}{\partial \omega_2} \right) \frac{\omega_2}{R_0}$$

$$e_{\omega_2} = \left( \frac{\beta_1}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)} - \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)^2} \right) \frac{\omega_2}{\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}}$$

$$e_{\omega_2} = \left( \frac{\beta_1(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2 - \mu p - \omega_2 - \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)^2} \right) \frac{\omega_2(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}$$

$$e_{\omega_2} = \left( \frac{\omega_2(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2 - \mu p - \omega_2 - \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)^2(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))} \right)$$

$$e_{\omega_2} = \frac{0.65(0.87 - 0.6762064)(0.05647)(0.87)}{(0.05647)(0.87)^2(0.6762064)}$$

$$e_{\omega_2} = 0.21$$

4. Untuk parameter  $\omega_1$

$$e_{\omega_1} = \left( \frac{\partial R_0}{\partial \omega_1} \right) \frac{\omega_1}{R_0}$$

$$e_{\omega_1} = \left( \frac{\eta \beta_1}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)} - \frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)^2} \right) \frac{\omega_1}{\frac{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}}$$

$$e_{\omega_1} = \left( \frac{\beta_1(\eta(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2) - \mu p - \omega_2 - \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)^2} \right) \frac{\omega_1(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)}{\beta_1(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}$$

$$e_{\omega_1} = \frac{\omega_1(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)(\eta(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2) - \mu p - \omega_2 - \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}{(\mu + \sigma + \rho)(\mu + \omega_1 + \omega_2)^2(\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p) + \omega_1))}$$

$$e_{\omega_1} = \frac{0.2(0.05647)(0.87)(0.09(0.87) - 0.6762064)}{(0.05647)(0.87)^2(0.6762064)}$$

$$e_{\omega_1} = -0.20$$

5. Untuk parameter  $\mu$

$$\begin{aligned}
 e_\mu &= \left( \frac{\partial R_0}{\partial \mu} \right)_{R_0} \frac{\mu}{R_0} \\
 e_\mu &= \left( \frac{\beta_1(\eta(1-p)+p)}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} - \frac{\beta_1(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)^2} - \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \frac{\beta_1(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)^2(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} \right) \frac{\mu}{\frac{\beta_1(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)}} \\
 e_\mu &= \frac{\mu[(\eta(1-p)+p)(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2) - (\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))((\mu+\sigma+\rho)+(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2))]}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))} \\
 e_\mu &= \frac{0.02[0.41032(0.05647)(0.87) - 0.6762064(0.05647+0.87)]}{(0.05647)(0.87)(0.6762064)} \\
 e_\mu &= -0.37
 \end{aligned}$$

6. Untuk parameter  $\rho$

$$\begin{aligned}
 e_\rho &= \left( \frac{\partial R_0}{\partial \rho} \right)_{R_0} \frac{\rho}{R_0} \\
 e_\rho &= \left( -\frac{\beta_1(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)^2(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} \right) \frac{\rho}{\frac{\beta_1(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)}} \\
 e_\rho &= \left( -\frac{\beta_1(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)^2(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} \right) \frac{\rho(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)}{\beta_1(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))} \\
 e_\rho &= -\frac{\rho}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)} \\
 e_\rho &= -\frac{0.0082}{0.05647} \\
 e_\rho &= -0.15
 \end{aligned}$$

7. Untuk parameter  $\eta$

$$\begin{aligned}
 e_\eta &= \left( \frac{\partial R_0}{\partial \eta} \right)_{R_0} \frac{\eta}{R_0} \\
 e_\eta &= \left( \frac{\beta_1(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1)}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} \right) \frac{\eta}{\frac{\beta_1(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)}} \\
 e_\eta &= \left( \frac{\beta_1(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1)}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} \right) \frac{\eta(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)}{\beta_1(\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))} \\
 e_\eta &= \frac{\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1)}{\mu p+\omega_2+\eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1)} \\
 e_\eta &= \frac{0.09(0.21296)}{0.6762064} \\
 e_\eta &= 0.03
 \end{aligned}$$

8. Untuk parameter  $p$

$$e_p = \left( \frac{\partial R_0}{\partial p} \right) \frac{p}{R_0}$$

$$e_p = \left( \frac{\beta_1 \mu (1-\eta)}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} \right) \frac{p}{\frac{\beta_1 (\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)}}$$

$$e_p = \left( \frac{\beta_1 \mu (1-\eta)}{(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)} \right) \frac{p(\mu+\sigma+\rho)(\mu+\omega_1+\omega_2)}{\beta_1 (\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1))}$$

$$e_p = \frac{\mu p (1-\eta)}{\mu p + \omega_2 + \eta(\mu(1-p)+\omega_1)}$$

$$e_p = \frac{0.02(0.352)(1-0.09)}{0.6762064}$$

$$e_p = 0.01$$

## **Lampiran 8. Kode Program Bidang Fase $I - T_j$**

### **1. Kode Program Pendefinisian Model**

```

function xdot=barusimulasinarkoba(t,x)
global p q lambda beta1 beta2 beta3 mu omega1 omega2 eta sigma
rho gamma1 gamma2 alpha1 alpha2;

xdot=zeros(6,1);
xdot(1)=p*lambda-beta1*x(3)*x(1)*mu/lambda-
(mu+omega1)*x(1)+omega2*x(2);
xdot(2)=(1-p)*lambda-eta*beta1*x(3)*x(2)*mu/lambda-
(mu+omega2)*x(2)+omega1*x(1);
xdot(3)=beta1*x(3)*(x(1)+eta*x(2))*mu/lambda+beta2*x(3)*x(6)*mu
/lambda+beta3*x(3)*x(4)*mu/lambda-(mu+sigma+rho)*x(3);
xdot(4)=(1-q)*sigma*x(3)-beta3*x(3)*x(4)*mu/lambda-
(mu+alpha1+gamma1)*x(4)+alpha2*x(5);
xdot(5)=q*sigma*x(3)-(mu+alpha2+gamma2)*x(5)+alpha1*x(4);
xdot(6)=gamma1*x(4)+gamma2*x(5)+rho*x(3)-
beta2*x(3)*x(6)*mu/lambda-mu*x(6);

end

```

### **2. Kode Program Utama**

```

clc;
close all;
clear all;

global p q lambda beta1 beta2 beta3 mu omega1 omega2 eta
sigma rho gamma1 gamma2 alpha1 alpha2;

p=0.352;
q=0.352;
lambda=5000;
beta1=0.3;
beta2=0.15;
beta3=0.1;
mu=0.02;
omega1=0.2;
omega2=0.65;
eta=0.09;
sigma=0.02827;
rho=0.0082;
gamma1=0.01;
gamma2=0.3142;
alpha1=0.02961;
alpha2=0.003;

Ro=beta1*(eta*(omega1+mu*(1-p))+omega2+mu*p)/
((mu+omega1+omega2)*(mu+sigma+rho))

```

```
[t1,x1]=ode45(@barusimulasinarkoba,[0 500],[200 250 100  
85 70 60]);  
[t2,x2]=ode45(@barusimulasinarkoba,[0 500],[1000 3000  
800 600 700 100]);  
[t3,x3]=ode45(@barusimulasinarkoba,[0 500],[9000 8000  
5000 7000 6000 500]);  
  
plot(x1(:,1),x1(:,3),x2(:,1),x2(:,3),x3(:,1),x3(:,3),'Li  
neWidth',1.5);  
xlabel('Populasi Sh');  
ylabel('Populasi I');  
legend('Nilai Awal 1','Nilai Awal 2','Nilai Awal 3');
```

**Lampiran 9. Kode Program Analisis Sensitivitas**

```
clc;
close all;
clear all;

global p mu omegal omega2 delta rho sigma1 sigma2 sigma3 eta;
sigma1=0.002827;
sigma2=0.02827;
sigma3=0.2827;
beta1=[0.1 0.8];

p=0.352;
omegal=0.2;
omega2=0.65;
mu=0.02;
eta=0.09;
rho=0.0082;

Ro1=beta1*(eta*(omegal+mu*(1-
p))+omega2+mu*p) / ((mu+omegal+omega2)*(mu+sigma1+rho));
Ro2=beta1*(eta*(omegal+mu*(1-
p))+omega2+mu*p) / ((mu+omegal+omega2)*(mu+sigma2+rho));
Ro3=beta1*(eta*(omegal+mu*(1-
p))+omega2+mu*p) / ((mu+omegal+omega2)*(mu+sigma3+rho));

plot(beta1,Ro1,beta1,Ro2,beta1,Ro3,'LineWidth',2)
xlabel('\beta_1')
ylabel('R_0')
legend('\sigma=0.002827','\sigma=0.02827','\sigma=0.2827')
```

**Lampiran 10. Kode Program Simulasi Model Matematika Penyalahgunaan Narkoba dengan Memperhatikan Tipe Perawatan beserta Tingkat Resiko Tanpa Adanya Kontrol**

```
% A MATLAB example described in detail in the technical report
% %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% DOTcvp - Dynamic Optimization Toolbox with CVP approach for
% handling continuous and mixed-integer dynamic optimization problems %
% Copyright (C) 2007-2010 %
% Tomas Hirmajer et al., thirmajer@gmail.com %
%
% The DOTcvp toolbox is completely free of charge under the creative %
% commons license. The conditions of the license can be found on the %
% following web page:
% http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/3.0/
% %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
clear mex; clear all; close all;
% -----
% Initialization:
% -----
data.name          = 'narkobatankontrol';
data.compiler      = 'None'; %['None' | 'FORTRAN']

% -----
% Settings for IVP (ODEs, sensitivities):
% -----
data.odes.Def_FORTRAN    = {};%this option is needed only for FORTRAN
parameters definition, e.g. {'double precision k10, k20, ...'}
data.odes.parameters     = {};%constant parameters before ODE {'T=300',...}
data.odes.Def_MATLAB     = {};%this option is needed only for MATLAB
parameters definition
data.odes.res(1)         = {'0.352*5000-0.3*y(3)*y(1)*0.02/5000-
(0.02+0.2)*y(1)+0.65*y(2)'};
data.odes.res(2)         = {'(1-0.352)*5000-
0.09*0.3*y(3)*y(2)*0.02/5000-(0.02+0.65)*y(2)+0.2*y(1)'};
data.odes.res(3)         =
{'0.3*y(3)*(y(1)+0.09*y(2))*0.02/5000+0.15*y(3)*y(6)*0.02/5000+0.1
*y(3)*y(4)*0.02/5000-(0.02+0.02827+0.0082)*y(3)'};
data.odes.res(4)         = {'(1-0.352)*0.02827*y(3)-
0.1*y(3)*y(4)*0.02/5000-(0.02+0.02961+0.01)*y(4)+0.003*y(5)'};
data.odes.res(5)         = {'0.352*0.02827*y(3)-
(0.02+0.003+0.3142)*y(5)+0.02961*y(4)'};
data.odes.res(6)         = {'0.01*y(4)+0.3142*y(5)+0.0082*y(3)-
0.15*y(3)*y(6)*0.02/5000-0.02*y(6)'};
data.odes.res(7)         = {'y(3)'};
data.odes.black_box      = {'None','1','FunctionName'};
%['None'|'Full'],[penalty coefficient for all constraints],[a
black box model function name]
data.odes.ic            = [20000 25000 15000 5000 10000 3000 0];
data.odes.NUMs          = size(data.odes.res,2); %number of
state variables (y)
data.odes.t0             = 0.0; %initial time
data.odes.tf             = 100.0; %final time
```

```

data.odes.NonlinearSolver = 'Newton'; %['Newton'|'Functional']
/Newton for stiff problems; Functional for non-stiff problems
data.odes.LinearSolver    = 'Dense'; %direct ['Dense'|'Diag'|'Band'];
iterative ['GMRES'|'BiCGStab'|'TFQMR'] /for the Newton NLS
data.odes.LMM             = 'Adams'; %['Adams'|'BDF'] /Adams for
non-stiff problems; BDF for stiff problems
data.odes.MaxNumStep      = 500; %maximum number of steps
data.odes.RelTol          = 1*10^(-7); %IVP relative tolerance level
data.odes.AbsTol          = 1*10^(-7); %IVP absolute tolerance level
data.sens.SensAbsTol     = 1*10^(-7); %absolute tolerance for
sensitivity variables
data.sens.SensMethod      = 'Simultaneous';
%['Staggered'|'Staggered1'|'Simultaneous']
data.sens.SensErrorControl= 'on'; %['on'|'off']

% ----- %
% NLP definition:
% -----
data.nlp.RHO              = 20; %number of time intervals
data.nlp.problem           = 'min'; %['min'|'max']
data.nlp.J0                = 'y(7)'; %cost function: min-max(cost function)
data.nlp.u0                = [0]; %initial value for control values
data.nlp.lb                = [0]; %lower bounds for control values
data.nlp.ub                = [1]; %upper bounds for control values
data.nlp.p0                = []; %initial values for time-
independent parameters
data.nlp.lbp               = []; %lower bounds for time-independent parameters
data.nlp.ubp               = []; %upper bounds for time-independent parameters
data.nlp.solver             = 'FMINCON';
%['FMINCON'|'IPOPT'|'SRES'|'DE'|'ACOMI'|'MISQP'|'MITS']
data.nlp.SolverSettings    = 'None'; %insert the name of the file that
contains settings for NLP solver, if does not exist use ['None']
data.nlp.NLPtol            = 1*10^(-5); %NLP tolerance level
data.nlp.GradMethod         = 'SensitivityEq';
%['SensitivityEq'|'FiniteDifference'|'None']
data.nlp.MaxIter           = 1000; %Maximum number of iterations
data.nlp.MaxCPUTime        = 60*60*0.50; %Maximum CPU time of the
optimization (60*60*0.25) = 15 minutes
data.nlp.approximation     = 'PWL'; %['PWC'|'PWL'] PWL only for:
FMINCON & without the free time problem
data.nlp.FreeTime          = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] set 'on' if free
time is considered
data.nlp.t0Time             = [data.odes.tf/data.nlp.RHO]; %initial
size of the time intervals, e.g. [data.odes.tf/data.nlp.RHO] or
for the each time interval separately [dt1 dt2 dt3]
data.nlp.lbTime             = 0.01; %lower bound of the time intervals
data.nlp.ubTime             = data.odes.tf; %upper bound of the time intervals
data.nlp.NUMc               = size(data.nlp.u0,2); %number of
control variables (u)
data.nlp.NUMi               = 0; %number of integer variables (u)
taken from the last control variables, if not equal to 0 you need
to use some MINLP solver ['ACOMI'|'MISQP'|'MITS']
data.nlp.NUMp               = size(data.nlp.p0,2); %number of time-
independent parameters (p)

% -----

```

```
% Equality constraints (ECs):
% -----
data.nlp.eq.status      = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] ECs
data.nlp.eq.NEC         = 1; %number of active ECs
data.nlp.eq.eq(1)        = {''};
data.nlp.eq.time(1)     = data.nlp.RHO;
data.nlp.eq.PenaltyFun  = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] ECs penalty function
data.nlp.eq.PenaltyCoe   = [1.0];
%J0=J0+data.nlp.eq.PenaltyCoe*ViolationOfEqualityConstraint /* 
only for stochastic solvers */

% -----
% Inequality /path/ constraints (INECs):
% -----
data.nlp.ineq.status    = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] INECs
data.nlp.ineq.NEC        = 2; %number of active INECs
data.nlp.ineq.InNUM       = 1; %how many inequality constraints
are '>' else '<'
data.nlp.ineq.eq(1)       = {''};
data.nlp.ineq.eq(2)       = {''};
data.nlp.ineq.Tol         = 0.0005; %tolerance level of violation of INECs
data.nlp.ineq.PenaltyFun  = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] INECs penalty
function
data.nlp.ineq.PenaltyCoe = [1.0 1.0];
%J0=J0+data.nlp.ineq.PenaltyCoe*ViolationOfInequalityConstraint /* 
for every inequality constraint one parameter */

% -----
% Options for setting of the final output:
% -----
data.options.intermediate = 'off'; %['on'|'off'|'silent'] display
of the intermediate results
data.options.display       = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the figures
data.options.title         = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the figure title
data.options.state          = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the
state trajectory
data.options.control        = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the
control trajectory
data.options.ConvergCurve  = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the
convergence curve
data.options.Pict_Format   = 'eps'; %['eps'|'wmf'|'both'] save figures as
data.options.report          = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] save data in the dat file
data.options.commands        = {''}; %additional commands, e.g. 'figure(1),... '
data.options.trajectories    = data.odes.NUMs-1; %how many state
trajectories will be displayed
data.options.profiler        = 'off'; %['on'|'off']
data.options.multistart      = 1; %set 1 if the multistart is off,
otherwise you have to put here some integer value

data.options.action          = 'single-optimization'; %['single-
optimization'|'re-optimization'|'hybrid-strategy'|'simulation']

% -----
% Call of the main function (you do not change this!):
% -----
[data]=dotcsv_main(data);
```

**Lampiran 11. Kode Program Simulasi Model Matematika Penyalahgunaan Narkoba dengan Memperhatikan Tipe Perawatan beserta Tingkat Resiko dengan Adanya Kontrol**

```
% A MATLAB example described in detail in the technical report
% %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% DOTcvp - Dynamic Optimization Toolbox with CVP approach for
% handling continuous and mixed-integer dynamic optimization problems
% Copyright (C) 2007-2010
% Tomas Hirmajer et al., thirmajer@gmail.com
%
% The DOTcvp toolbox is completely free of charge under the creative
% commons license. The conditions of the license can be found on the
% following web page:
% http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/3.0/
% %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
clear mex; clear all; close all;
% -----
% Initialization:
% -----
data.name          = 'narkobatankontrol';
data.compiler      = 'None'; %['None' | 'FORTRAN']

% -----
% Settings for IVP (ODEs, sensitivities):
% -----
data.odes.Def_FORTRAN = {};%this option is needed only for FORTRAN
parameters definition, e.g. {'double precision k10, k20, ...'}
data.odes.parameters = {};%constant parameters before ODE {'T=300',...}
data.odes.Def_MATLAB = {};%this option is needed only for MATLAB
parameters definition
data.odes.res(1)    = {'0.352*5000-(1-
u(1))*0.3*y(3)*y(1)*0.02/5000-(0.02+0.2)*y(1)+0.65*y(2)'};
data.odes.res(2)    = {'(1-0.352)*5000-(1-
u(1))*0.09*0.3*y(3)*y(2)*0.02/5000-(0.02+0.65)*y(2)+0.2*y(1)'};
data.odes.res(3)    = {(1-
u(1))*'0.3*y(3)*(y(1)+0.09*y(2))*0.02/5000+0.15*y(3)*y(6)*0.02/500
0+0.1*y(3)*y(4)*0.02/5000-(0.02+0.02827+0.0082)*y(3)'};
data.odes.res(4)    = {'(1-0.352)*0.02827*y(3)-
0.1*y(3)*y(4)*0.02/5000-(0.02+0.02961+0.01)*y(4)+0.003*y(5)'};
data.odes.res(5)    = {'0.352*0.02827*y(3)-
(0.02+0.003+0.3142)*y(5)+0.02961*y(4)'};
data.odes.res(6)    = {'0.01*y(4)+0.3142*y(5)+0.0082*y(3)-
0.15*y(3)*y(6)*0.02/5000-0.02*y(6)'};
data.odes.res(7)    = {'y(3)+0.5*10*(u(1)^2)'};
data.odes.black_box = {'None','1','FunctionName'};
%['None'|'Full'],[penalty coefficient for all constraints],[a
black box model function name]
data.odes.ic        = [20000 25000 15000 5000 10000 3000 0];
data.odes.NUMs       = size(data.odes.res,2); %number of
state variables (y)
data.odes.t0         = 0.0; %initial time
data.odes.tf         = 100.0; %final time
```

```

data.odes.NonlinearSolver = 'Newton'; %['Newton'|'Functional']
/Newton for stiff problems; Functional for non-stiff problems
data.odes.LinearSolver    = 'Dense'; %direct ['Dense'|'Diag'|'Band'];
iterative ['GMRES'|'BiCGStab'|'TFQMR'] /for the Newton NLS
data.odes.LMM             = 'Adams'; %['Adams'|'BDF'] /Adams for
non-stiff problems; BDF for stiff problems
data.odes.MaxNumStep      = 500; %maximum number of steps
data.odes.RelTol          = 1*10^(-7); %IVP relative tolerance level
data.odes.AbsTol          = 1*10^(-7); %IVP absolute tolerance level
data.sens.SensAbsTol     = 1*10^(-7); %absolute tolerance for
sensitivity variables
data.sens.SensMethod      = 'Simultaneous';
%['Staggered'|'Staggered1'|'Simultaneous']
data.sens.SensErrorControl= 'on'; %['on'|'off']

% ----- %
% NLP definition:
% -----
data.nlp.RHO              = 20; %number of time intervals
data.nlp.problem           = 'min'; %['min'|'max']
data.nlp.J0                = 'y(7)'; %cost function: min-max(cost function)
data.nlp.u0                = [0]; %initial value for control values
data.nlp.lb                = [0]; %lower bounds for control values
data.nlp.ub                = [1]; %upper bounds for control values
data.nlp.p0                = []; %initial values for time-
independent parameters
data.nlp.lbp               = []; %lower bounds for time-independent parameters
data.nlp.ubp               = []; %upper bounds for time-independent parameters
data.nlp.solver             = 'FMINCON';
%['FMINCON'|'IPOPT'|'SRES'|'DE'|'ACOMI'|'MISQP'|'MITS']
data.nlp.SolverSettings    = 'None'; %insert the name of the file that
contains settings for NLP solver, if does not exist use ['None']
data.nlp.NLPtol             = 1*10^(-5); %NLP tolerance level
data.nlp.GradMethod         = 'SensitivityEq';
%['SensitivityEq'|'FiniteDifference'|'None']
data.nlp.MaxIter            = 1000; %Maximum number of iterations
data.nlp.MaxCPUTime         = 60*60*0.50; %Maximum CPU time of the
optimization (60*60*0.25) = 15 minutes
data.nlp.approximation      = 'PWL'; %['PWC'|'PWL'] PWL only for:
FMINCON & without the free time problem
data.nlp.FreeTime           = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] set 'on' if free
time is considered
data.nlp.t0Time              = [data.odes.tf/data.nlp.RHO]; %initial
size of the time intervals, e.g. [data.odes.tf/data.nlp.RHO] or
for the each time interval separately [dt1 dt2 dt3]
data.nlp.lbTime              = 0.01; %lower bound of the time intervals
data.nlp.ubTime              = data.odes.tf; %upper bound of the time intervals
data.nlp.NUMc                = size(data.nlp.u0,2); %number of
control variables (u)
data.nlp.NUMi                = 0; %number of integer variables (u)
taken from the last control variables, if not equal to 0 you need
to use some MINLP solver ['ACOMI'|'MISQP'|'MITS']
data.nlp.NUMp                = size(data.nlp.p0,2); %number of time-
independent parameters (p)

% -----

```

```
% Equality constraints (ECs):
% -----
data.nlp.eq.status      = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] ECs
data.nlp.eq.NEC         = 1; %number of active ECs
data.nlp.eq.eq(1)        = {''};
data.nlp.eq.time(1)     = data.nlp.RHO;
data.nlp.eq.PenaltyFun  = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] ECs penalty function
data.nlp.eq.PenaltyCoe   = [1.0];
%J0=J0+data.nlp.eq.PenaltyCoe*ViolationOfEqualityConstraint /* 
only for stochastic solvers */

% -----
% Inequality /path/ constraints (INECs):
% -----
data.nlp.ineq.status    = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] INECs
data.nlp.ineq.NEC        = 2; %number of active INECs
data.nlp.ineq.InNUM      = 1; %how many inequality constraints
are '>' else '<'
data.nlp.ineq.eq(1)       = {''};
data.nlp.ineq.eq(2)       = {''};
data.nlp.ineq.Tol        = 0.0005; %tolerance level of violation of INECs
data.nlp.ineq.PenaltyFun = 'off'; %['on'|'off'] INECs penalty
function
data.nlp.ineq.PenaltyCoe = [1.0 1.0];
%J0=J0+data.nlp.ineq.PenaltyCoe*ViolationOfInequalityConstraint /* 
for every inequality constraint one parameter */

% -----
% Options for setting of the final output:
% -----
data.options.intermediate = 'off'; %['on'|'off'|'silent'] display
of the intermediate results
data.options.display       = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the figures
data.options.title         = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the figure title
data.options.state          = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the
state trajectory
data.options.control        = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the
control trajectory
data.options.ConvergCurve = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] display of the
convergence curve
data.options.Pict_Format   = 'eps'; %['eps'|'wmf'|'both'] save figures as
data.options.report         = 'on'; %['on'|'off'] save data in the dat file
data.options.commands        = {''}; %additional commands, e.g. 'figure(1),... '
data.options.trajectories   = data.odes.NUMs-1; %how many state
trajectories will be displayed
data.options.profiler        = 'off'; %['on'|'off']
data.options.multistart      = 1; %set 1 if the multistart is off,
otherwise you have to put here some integer value

data.options.action          = 'single-optimization'; %['single-
optimization'|'re-optimization'|'hybrid-strategy'|'simulation']

% -----
% Call of the main function (you do not change this!):
% -----
[data]=dotcvp_main(data);
```