

ABSTRAK

**PENGEMBANGAN *CLINICAL PATHWAY* KLIEN CVA INFARK:
DIAGNOSIS DAN INTERVENSI KEPERAWATAN BERBASIS SDKI
DAN SIKI TERHADAP MUTU PELAYANAN KEPERAWATAN
DI RUMAH SAKIT**

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Pendahuluan: *Clinical pathway* merupakan konsep perencanaan pelayanan terpadu yang merangkum setiap langkah yang diberikan kepada klien berdasarkan standar pelayanan, standar asuhan keperawatan dan standar pelayanan tenaga kesehatan lainnya. Saat ini masih belum berbasis bukti dan hasil belum dapat diukur. **Tujuan:** Penelitian bertujuan untuk menyusun pengembangan *clinical pathway* klien CVA infark: diagnosis dan intervensi keperawatan berbasis SDKI dan SIKI terhadap mutu pelayanan keperawatan. **Metode:** Desain penelitian adalah *Research and Development* dilaksanakan 2 tahap. Sampel tahap pertama adalah 122 rekam medis dan *clinical pathway* CVA infark dan 17 partisipan untuk kegiatan FGD. Analisis data menggunakan analisis deskriptif, *product moment pearson correlation test*, *Cronbach alpha* dan uji *Mann Whitney*. **Hasil:** Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa standar isi pada instrumen *clinical pathway* CVA Infark belum sesuai standar akreditasi khususnya diagnosis dan intervensi keperawatan. Instrumen *clinical pathway* valid dan reliabel, hasil ujicoba pengisian instrumen *clinical pathway* seluruh responden (100%) memiliki kemampuan baik dan mutu instrumen 100% dinilai baik. Hasil uji *mann whitney* didapatkan perbedaan pelaksanaan asesmen risiko jatuh dan *length of stay* antara kelompok kontrol dengan kelompok intervensi. **Pembahasan:** *Clinical pathway* yang dikembangkan yaitu diagnosis keperawatan berbasis SDKI antara lain gangguan mobilitas fisik, risiko jatuh, gangguan komunikasi verbal dan risiko perfusi serebral tidak efektif dan intervensi keperawatan berbasis SIKI antara lain dukungan mobilisasi, pencegahan jatuh, promosi komunikasi: defisit bicara dan manajemen peningkatan tekanan intrakranial. Penemuan baru yang diteliti adalah pengembangan *clinical pathway* klien CVA infark: diagnosis dan intervensi keperawatan berbasis SDKI dan SIKI.

Kata Kunci: *clinical pathway*, diagnosis dan intervensi keperawatan, mutu pelayanan, CVA infark

ABSTRACT

**THE DEVELOPMENT OF CLINICAL PATHWAY FOR PATIENT WITH
CVA INFARCTION: NURSING DIAGNOSIS AND INTERVENTION
BASED INDS AND INIS ON THE QUALITY OF NURSING SERVICES
IN HOSPITALS**

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Introduction: Clinical pathway is an integrated service-planning concept that summarizes each step given to clients based on service standards, standards of nursing care and other standards of health care services. At present, there is still no evidence-based and results cannot be measured. **Purpose:** This research study aimed to develop a clinical pathway of CVA infarction clients: nursing diagnosis and interventions based on INDS and INIS on the quality of nursing services. **Method:** Research study used Research and Development conducted two stages. The first stage used 122 samples of medical records and clinical pathways of CVA infarction clients and 17 participants for focus group discussion. Analysis of data used descriptive analysis, product moment pearson correlation, cronbach alpha and mann whitney test. **Results:** The results of this research study showed that the standard content of the instrument of clinical pathways of CVA infarction was not in accordance with the accreditation standard, especially in nursing diagnosis and intervention. The clinical pathway instruments was declared valid and reliable, the results of the trial filling of the clinical pathway instruments for all respondents (100%) had good abilities and the quality of the instruments (100%) was considered good. The results of the mann whitney test found differences in the implementation of fall risk assessment and length of stay between the control group and the intervention group **Discussion:**The clinical pathway developed is nursing diagnosis such as impaired physical mobility, the risk of falling, verbal communication disorders and the risk of cerebral perfusion is not effective and nursing intervention such as mobilization support, fall prevention, promotion talk: talk deficit and management of increased intracranial pressure. The new finding is the development of the clinical pathway of CVA infarction clients: nursing diagnosis and intervention based INDS and INIS.

Keywords: *clinical pathway, nursing diagnosis, and interventions, service quality, CVA infarction*