

ABSTRAK

Ardiana Meilinawati, 111611133038, Adaptasi Alat Ukur *Positive Youth Development Sustainability Scale* (PYDSS), Skripsi, Fakultas Psikologi Universitas Airlangga, 2020, xviii + 77 Halaman, 49 Lampiran

Penelitian ini ditujukan untuk mengetahui validitas dan reliabilitas adaptasi alat ukur *Positive Youth Development Sustainability Scale* (PYDSS). *Positive Youth Development* adalah suatu pendekatan dalam bentuk sikap peduli, suportif, dan cenderung melihat remaja sebagai sumber yang harus dikembangkan untuk mengurangi terjadinya masalah perilaku (Nystrom, dkk., 2008). Terdapat lima aspek dalam PYD atau disebut dengan *5 Cs Model of PYD* yang terdiri dari *character, competence, connection, caring, dan confidence* (Lerner, 2005). Kelima aspek tersebut yang mendorong munculnya aspek keenam yakni *contribution* (Sieng, dkk., 2018).

Fokus penelitian terletak pada pengembangan alat ukur melalui adaptasi PYDSS sebagai sarana untuk melihat validitas dan reliabilitas aitem-aitem pada alat ukur PYDSS. Penelitian ini melibatkan 242 subjek dengan kategori usia 15-18 tahun. Instrumen penelitian berupa kuesioner yang terdiri dari 29 aitem pernyataan. Teknik analisis data kuantitatif yang digunakan ialah uji validitas menggunakan bukti validitas berdasarkan konten melalui *Content Validity Ratio* (CVR) dan *Content Validity Index* (CVI), bukti validitas berdasarkan struktur internal melalui analisis faktor konfirmatori (CFA), uji reliabilitas berdasarkan homogenitas (*internal consistency*) melalui koefisien *Cronbach's alpha* dan *construct/composite reliability* (CR).

Hasil analisis data menunjukkan nilai CVR hampir memenuhi parameter minimal yakni $0,952 < 0,99$ dimana rata-ratanya (CVI) $> 0,8$; *loading factor* $> 0,5$ kecuali pada aitem CH2, CN4, dan HC1, serta kecocokan model yang cukup *fit* dengan nilai $\chi^2/df > 2$; SRMR $< 0,1$; RMSEA $< 0,1$; CFI $> 0,8$; TLI $> 0,8$; dan *p-value* $< 0,05$. Uji reliabilitas melalui koefisien *Cronbach's alpha* menunjukkan angka $> 0,9$ dan nilai CR $> 0,7$. Hal tersebut menunjukkan bahwa adaptasi alat ukur PYDSS pada remaja SMA di Surabaya memenuhi nilai validitas dan reliabilitas yang baik.

Kata kunci: *Positive youth development*, adaptasi alat ukur, remaja SMA

ABSTRACT

Ardiana Meilinawati, 111611133038, Adaptation of Positive Youth Development Sustainability Scale (PYDSS), Undergraduate Thesis, Faculty of Psychology, Airlangga University, 2020, xviii + 77 pages, 49 Appendices

This study aimed to determine the validity and reliability of the adaptation of Positive Youth Development Sustainability Scale (PYDSS). Positive Youth Development is an approach in the form of caring, supportive attitude, and tends to see adolescents as a source that must be developed to reduce the occurrence of behavioral problems (Nystrom, et al., 2008). There are five aspects of PYD or called the 5 Cs Model of PYD consisting of character, competence, connection, caring, and confidence (Lerner, 2005). The five aspects encourage the emergence of the sixth aspect is contribution (Sieng, et al., 2018).

The focus of this research lies in the development of measuring instruments through the adaptation of PYDSS as a means to see the validity and reliability of the items in the PYDSS measurement tools. This study involved 242 subjects with age categories 15-18 years. The research instrument was in the form of a questionnaire consisting of 29 statement items. Quantitative data analysis techniques used are validity tests based on content using Content Validity Ratio (CVR) and Content Validity Index (CVI), validity tests based on internal structure using confirmatory factor analysis (CFA), and reliability tests based on homogeneity/internal consistency through Cronbach's coefficient alpha and construct/composite reliability (CR).

The results of data analysis showed that the value of CVR almost met the minimum parameters of $0.952 < 0.99$ where the average $(CVI) > 0.8$; loading factor > 0.5 except for items CH2, CN4, and HC1, and the suitability of the model that is quite fit with a value of $\chi^2 / df > 2$; SRMR < 0.1 ; RMSEA < 0.1 ; CFI > 0.8 ; TLI > 0.8 ; and p-value < 0.05 . Reliability test through the Cronbach's alpha coefficient shows a number > 0.9 and a CR value > 0.7 . This shows that the adaptation of PYDSS measurement tools for high school adolescents in Surabaya fulfills good validity and reliability values.

Keywords: *Positive youth development, adaptation of measurement tools, high school youth*