

Fractional Integrals and Generalized Olsen Inequalities

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ABSTRACT. Let T_ρ be the generalized fractional integral operator associated to a function $\rho : (0, \infty) \rightarrow (0, \infty)$, as defined in [16]. For a function W on \mathbb{R}^n , we shall be interested in the boundedness of the multiplication operator $f \mapsto W \cdot T_\rho f$ on generalized Morrey spaces. Under some assumptions on ρ , we obtain an inequality for $W \cdot T_\rho$, which can be viewed as an extension of Olsen's and Kurata-Nishigaki-Sugano's results.

1. Introduction

For $0 < \alpha < n$, let I_α denote the Riesz potential or the (classical) fractional integral operator, which is given by the formula

$$I_\alpha f(x) := \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{f(y)}{|x-y|^{n-\alpha}} dy.$$

Formally, through its Fourier transform, the operator I_α can be recognized as a multiple of the Laplacian to the power of $-\frac{\alpha}{2}$, that is,

$$I_\alpha f = \kappa(-\Delta)^{-\alpha/2} f,$$

where $\kappa = \kappa(n, \alpha)$ (see, for instance, [2], [13], [22], [24]). A well-known result for I_α is the Hardy-Littlewood-Sobolev inequality, which was proved by Hardy and Littlewood [8], [10] and Sobolev [23] around the 1930's.

Theorem 1.1 (Hardy-Littlewood; Sobolev). *For $1 < p < \frac{n}{\alpha}$, we have the inequality*

$$(1.1) \quad \|I_\alpha f\|_q \leq C_p \|f\|_p,$$

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