ISSN-0976-0245 (Print) • ISSN-0976-5506 (Electronic)

Volume 10 / Number 9 / September 2019



Indian Journal of Public Health Research & Development

An International Journal

SCOPUS IJPHRD CITATION SCORE

Indian Journal of Public Health Research and Development Scopus coverage years: from 2010 till present Publisher: R.K. Sharma, Institute of Medico-Legal Publications ISSN:0976-0245E-ISSN: 0976-5506 Subject area: Medicine: Public Health, Environmental and Occupational Health

Cite Score 2017- 0.03 SJR 2017- 0.108 SNIP 2017- 0.047



Website: www.ijphrd.com

Indian Journal of Public Health Research & Development

EXECUTIVE EDITOR

Vidya Surwade

Associate Professor, Dr Baba Saheb Ambedkar, Medical College & Hospital Rohinee, Delhi

INTERNATIONAL EDITORIAL ADVISORY BOARD

- Dr Abdul Rashid Khan B. Md Jagar Din, Associate Professor, Department of Public Health Medicine, Penang Medical College, Penang, Malaysia
- 2. Dr V Kumar, Consulting Physician, Mount View Hospital, Las Vegas, USA
- Basheer A. Al-Sum, Botany and Microbiology Deptt, College of Science, King Saud University, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia
- Dr Ch Vijay Kumar, Associate Professor, Public Health and Community Medicine, University of Buraimi, Oman
- Dr VMC Ramaswamy, Senior Lecturer, Department of Pathology, International Medical University, Bukit Jalil, Kuala Lumpur
- Kartavya J. Vyas, Clinical Researcher, Department of Deployment Health Research, Naval Health Research Center, San Diego, CA (USA)
- 7. Prof PK Pokharel, Community Medicine, BP Koirala Institute of Health Sciences, Nepal
- 8. Sajjad Salim Issa AL-Musawi supervisor for student of the Arab board in family medicine
- 9. Prof. Dr. Ayad F. Alkaim, Professor of surface chemistry and applications of nano-materials, Babylon University,Iraq
- **10. Prof. Dr. Imad Hadi Hameed,** Biomedical Science Department,College of Nursing, University of Babylon, Hillah city, Iraq
- 11. Prof. Dr. Amean A Yasir, Department of Community, College of Nursing, University of Babylon, Hillah city, Iraq

NATIONAL EDITORIAL ADVISORY BOARD

- 1. Prof. Sushanta Kumar Mishra, Community Medicine, GSL Medical College – Rajahmundry, Karnataka
- 2. Prof D.K.Srivastava, Medical Biochemistry, Jamia Hamdard Medical College, New Delhi
- 3. Dr Sunil Mehra, Paediatrician & Executive Director, MAMTA Health Institute of Mother & Child, New Delhi
- 4. Prof M.Sriharibabu, General Medicine, GSL Medical College, Rajahmundry, Andhra Pradesh
- 5. Prof Pankaj Datta, Principal & Prosthodentist, Indraprastha Dental College ,Ghaziabad
- 6. Prof Samarendra Mahapatro, Pediatrician, Hi-Tech Medical College, Bhubaneswar, Orissa
- 7. Dr Abhiruchi Galhotra, Additional Professor, Community and Family Medicine,
 - All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Raipur
- 8. Prof Deepti Pruthvi, Pathologist, SS Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Center. Davangere, Kamataka
- 9. Prof G S Meena, Director Professor, Maulana Azad Medical College, New Delhi
- 10. Prof Pradeep Khanna, Community Medicine, Post Graduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Rohtak, Haryana
- **11. Dr Shailendra Handu,** Associate Professor, Phrma , DM (Pharma, PGI Chandigarh)
- 12. Dr. A.C. Dhariwal, Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme,
 - Dte. DGHS, Ministry of Health Services, Govt. of India, Delhi.

NATIONAL SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

- Dr Anju Ade, Professor, Community Medicine Department, SVIMS, Sri Padamavati Medical College, Tirupati. Andhra Pradesh
- Dr. E. Venkata Rao, Associate Professor, Community Medicine, Institute of Medical Sciences & SUM Hospital, Bhubaneswar, Orissa.

- Dr. Amit K. Singh, Associate Professor, Community Medicine, VCSG Govt. Medical College, Srinagar – Garhwal, Uttarakhand
- 4. Dr R G Viveki, Prof n head, Dept of Community Medicine, BIMS Belgavi
- Dr. Santosh Kumar Mulage, Assistant Professor, Anatomy, Raichur Institute of Medical Sciences Raichur(RIMS), Karnataka
- Dr Gouri Ku. Padhy, Associate Professor, Community and Family Medicine, All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Raipur
- Dr Ritu Goyal, Associate Professor, Anaesthesia, Sarswathi Institute of Medical Sciences, Panchsheel Nagar
- 8. Dr. Anand Kalaskar, Associate Professor, Microbiology Prathima Institute of Medical Sciences, AP
- 9. Dr.Md.Amirul Hassan, Associate Professor, Community Medicine Government Medical College, Ambedkar nagar, UP
- 10. Dr.N.Girish, Associate Professor, Microbiology, VIMS&RC, Bangalore
- 11. Dr BR Hungund, Associate Professor Pathology, JNMC ,Belgaum.
- Dr Sartaj Ahmad, Associate Professor, Medical Sociology, Department of Community Medicine, Swami Vivekananda Subharti University, Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India.
- **13. Dr Manoj Kumar Tripathi,** (Associate Professor), Political Science and public administration, Swami Vivekananda Subharti University, Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India.
- 14. Dr Sumeeta Soni, Associate Professor, Microbiology Department, B.J. Medical College, Ahmedabad Gujarat, India

Print ISSN: 0976-0245, Electronic ISSN: 0976-5506, Frequency: Quarterly (Four issue per volume)

Indian Journal of Public Health Research & Development is a double blind peer reviewed international journal. The frequency is half yearly going to be quarterly by 2012. It deals with all aspects of Public Health including Community Medicine, Public Health, Epidemiology, Occupational Health, Environmental Hazards, Clinical Research, and Public Health Laws and covers all medical specialties concerned with research and development for the masses. The journal strongly encourages reports of research carried out within Indian continent and South East Asia.

The journal has been assigned International Standards Serial Number (ISSN)Print ISSN: 0976-0245, Online ISSN: 0976-5506 and is indexed with Index Copernicus (Poland). It is also brought to notice that the journal is being covered by many international databases. The journal is covered by EBSCO (USA), Embase, EMCare & Scopus database. The journal is now part of DST, CSIR, and UGC consortia.

Website: www.ijphrd.com

©All rights reserved. The views and opinions expressed are of the authors and not of the Indian Journal of Public Health Research & Development. The journal does not guarantee directly or indirectly the quality or efcacy of any product or service featured in the advertisement in the journla, which are purely commercial.

Editor

Dr R K Sharma Institute of Medico-Legal Publications Logix Office Tower, Unit No. 1704, Logix City Centre Mall Sector- 32, Noida - 201 301 (Uttar Pradesh)

Printed, Published and Owned by

Institute of Medico-Legal Publications Logix Office Tower, Unit No. 1704, Logix City Centre Mall Sector- 32, Noida - 201 301 (Uttar Pradesh)

Published at

Institute of Medico-Legal Publications Logix Office Tower, Unit No. 1704, Logix City Centre Mall Sector- 32, Noida - 201 301 (Uttar Pradesh)



Alaa Umran Musa

Indian Journal of Public Health Research & Development

www.ijphrd.com ≣Contents≣ Volume 10, Number 9 September 2019 1. Knowledge, Attitude, Practice and Barriers for Self-care among Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus Patients in Rural Tamil Nadu 1 Aliva Jasmine. Ramesh Harihara Iver Bhargab Das 3. Acoustic Analysis of Infant Cry Using Multidimensional Voice Program—A Preliminary Study 12 Deepa N Devadiga, Remyasree T, Aiswarya Liz Varghese, Ananthakrishna T 4. An Analysis of Access to Primary Health Care Services: A Study in Jorhat District of Assam 17 Sampurna Khound 5. Adaptive Signal Enhancement in Clinical Cardiac Care Systems Using Normalized Median LMS Variants 23 Asiya Sulthana, Md. Zia-Ur-Rahman 6. Evaluation of the Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative Programme in Two Hospitals Designated Fakher Abobaker Ahmed Gli, Dale Spence, Linda Johnston, Finoa Lynn, Richard Tubman, Ziad Mohammad Sadiq 7. The Combinatory the Effect of Healthy Educational Programs with Kinect Simulation Device on Mohammed Shihab Ahmed, Mayyadah Khalid Jasim Rudaina Othman Yousif Yaser A.R. Nasser, Riyam Faihan Rashid, Dina Shakir Yasiry, Mohammed Hadi Munshed Al-Osami, Faiq I. Gorial 10. Effect of Using Simulation (Electronic Media) in Learning of Some Basic Skills in Technical Abeer Ali Hussein, Bashaer Hashim Abdul-Wahid, Nidhal Obaid Hamzeh Adraa Hussein Shawq, Eqbal Ghanim Ali Agustina Arundina Triharja Tejoyuwono, Lely Lusmilasari, Toto Sudargo

14.	Building and Applying the Personal Values Measure for the Administrators of Sports Clubs and Clubs for People with Disabilities from the Point of View of the Players of Some Games
15.	Qualitative Study of Family Planning (KB) Village Program's Implementation in East Java Province-Indonesia
16.	Model of Peer Intervention Assessment of Nutritional Educator in the Efforts to Change Behaviour in Decreasing Overweight in Integrated Islamic Elementary Schools at Makassar
17.	Association between Maternal Iron and Vitamin D with Risky Development of Autistic Children
18.	Incidence and Risk Factors of Hypocalcaemia in Post Thyroidectomy Patients in Tikrit Teaching Hospital 95 Ayoub M. Zedan
19.	The correlation between Knowledge and Experience of Nurses toward Triage Decision Making at Lombok Nusa Tenggara Barat
20.	Detection of <i>mecA</i> Gene in Methicillin-Resistant <i>Staphylococcus hemolyticus</i> Isolated from Blood Cultures of Neonates in Baghdad
21.	Oko Mama Culture Betel Nut Consuming Habit in Kupang District and its Effect toward Salivary Ph and Flow Rate
22.	Determination Safe Duration of Exposure to Benzene in Workers of Petrolium Processing Industrial Laboratory in Indonesia by Using Noael of White Mice (<i>Rattus norvegicus</i>)
23.	Assessment the Relevance of Dental Aesthetic Index, Smile and Desire for Orthodontic Treatment among Iraqi Teenagers
24.	Effects of BLS Education Using a Bed on the Quality of Chest Compression
25.	Aerobic and Anaerobic Bacteria in Tonsils of Different Ages with Recurrent Tonsillitis
26.	Estimation of Heritability for Reproductive Traits and Newborn Mortality in Iraqi Buffaloes through the Relationship of Dams with Daughters
27.	Effect of Thyroid Hormone Abnormalities on Hemoglobin A1c in Hemodialysis Patients Taking Erythropoietin

28.	Efficacy of the Health Promotion Model-Based Intervention in Enhancing the Health Responsibility of Middle School Female Student: A Randomized Controlled Trial	
29.	Detection of Rotavirus Genotypes with Conventional PCR in a Group of Iraqi Children with Acute Viral Gastroenteritis	153
30.	Effect of Adding Medicinal Plant Extracts to The Broiler Diets on Productive Performance	159
31.	Structural Behavior Analysis of Building Environment Automation System in Pharmaceutical Industries Jacky Chin, Lin Shu-Chiang, Satria Fadil Persada, Ilma Mufidah, Choesnul Jaqin	164
32.	The Impact of Radiation on Total Thrombocyte of Hospital Radiology Workers in Kupang Jannes Bastian Selly, Andreas Umbu Roga, Noorce Christiani Berek, Luh Putu Ruliaty, Jacob M. Ratu	170
33.	Importance of Collaborative Intervention of Preconception Nutrition in Suppressing the Stunting Case in East Nusa Tenggara, Indonesia Jeffrey Jap, Sri Sumarmi, Nyoman Anita Damayanti	175
34.	Evaluation of Folic Acid Content in the Pregnant Women Jinan Hussein Mutlag	180
35.	Isolation, Identification and Antibiotic Susceptibility Testing of Bacterial Pathogens Causing Seminal Fluid Infection in Human Males Admitted to the Infertility Centers in Najaf Province Jinan Mohammed Hussein, Anaam Jawad Alabbasy, Suhair Abdulkareem Al-Rammahi, Ahmed Abdulridha Ameen Shlash	
36.	Conjecture of TSP Concentration and PM.10 through Measurement Dust Fall (Study of Dust Dispersion from Special Roads for Coal Transport) Junaidi ¹ , Rahmawati, Muhammad Pahruddin, Agnes T Diana Nerawati	192
37.	Development of Cardiovascular Complications in True Polycythemiavera Patients Influenced by Increased Blood Viscosity	
38.	Determination of Safe Concentration of Benzene Exposure in Workers in a Laboratory of Oil Processing Industry in Indonesia Kharina Almira Djalali, Abdul Rohim Tualeka, Pudji Rahmawati, Syamsiar S Russeng, Atjo Wahyu, Ahsan, Dewi Kartikasari	
39.	Functional Gastrointestinal Disorders in Pediatrics	207
40.	Saponin Maintaining and Dose Determining in Carica Papaya Leaf Cookies as a Breast Milk Booster (galactogogue) Krisdiana Wijayanti, Hertanto W. Subagio, Martha Irene Kartasurya, Sri Achadi Nugraheni	212
41.	Factors Related to Competence in Prehospital Care Ns. Kristianto Dwi Nugroho, dr Setyawati Soeharto, Yulian Wiji Utami	217
42.	Empowerment of Coastal Communities Through Systems Approach in the Field of Environmental Health in Kendari City, Southeast Sulawesi Province, Indonesia La Dupai, Nani Yuniar, Ruslan Majid, Arum Dian Pratiwi, Syawal Kamuluddin Saptaputra, Rahman	223

43.	Study the Level of Interlukin-2 During and after Treatment in Sputum of Iraqi Patients with Pulmonary Tuberculosis	228
44.	Warm Footbath Minimize Ostheo-arthritis Joint Pain on the Elderly in Surabaya's Public Health Center Muhamad Ibnu Hasan, Elida Ulfiana, Deni Yasmara	234
45.	5. An Epidemiological Study on Common Types of Tuberculosis in Al-Najaf city Murtadha M. Hameed, Alaa S. Alattabi, Hassan M. Abolmaali	
46.	The Effect of Ammuntuli BijaTianang Na Beja-Beja Model on Knowledge, Motivation, and Attitude of Pregnant Women's Health Services in Jeneponto District, Indonesia <i>Mustamin, Ridwan Amiruddin, Sukri Palutturi, Stang, Risnah</i>	245
47.	A Study on New Frontier of Integrative Medicine on Social Media with Special Reference to Chennai City <i>N. Manivannan, G. Mythili</i>	251
48.	Implementation of Nutrition Education to Knowledge, Behaviour, and Performance of Junior High School Children Nanik Suhartatik, Sri Handayani, Agatha Jumiati	257
49.	IL-18 -137G/C (rs187238) Gene Polymorphisms in Pulmonary Tuberculosis Iraqi Arab Patients Nawal Mohammed Utba	263
50.	Risk Factors Related to Diabetes Mellitus Noor Diani, Dhian Ririn Lestari	269
51.	Association of Hunting Behavior and Malaria Incidence: A Cross Sectional Study on Nuaulu Tribe Community in Mesoendemic Area of Malaria Nur Baharia Marasabessy, Oedojo Soedirham, Yoes Prijatna Dachlan	274
52.	Determination of Ammonia Gas Safe Concentration in Chicken Farm Workers in Lembak Village, South Sumatra Indonesia Putri Arianto, Abdul Rohim Tualeka, Desheila Andarini, Pudji Rahmawati, Syamsiar S Russeng, Atjo Wahyu	
53.	Body Image among Postnatal Primparous Women in Maternity Hospitals in Baghdad City Rafah Raad Abdul-Salam, Suhad Hikmat Khairi	285
54.	 Role of Adropin in Women with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome	
55.	The Alcoholic Extract of Carrot (<i>Daucus carota L.</i>) Seeds as Antioxidant in Male Albino Mice treated with H ₂ O ₂ <i>Roaa M. Al-Saadi, Sabah A.R.Al-Obaidi, Waleed H.Yousif</i>	297
56.	The Ethanolic Extract of Ajwa Fruits Inhibits Nephrotoxicity and Deterioration of Some Blood Biochemical Properties Induced by Gentamicin in Male Rats Saher Mahmood Jwad, Wijdan Kamal Noor, Bushra Abbas ALzubaidi	302
57.	Utilization of Lactobacillus Acidophilus FNCC-0051 Microencapsulation: Potential Benefit of Giving Combination of Sodium Alginate and Gelatin to Attributes and Role of Probiotic Against Staphylococcus Aureus	308

58.	The Correlation of Sleep Quality Factors in Overweight Adolescents in a Developing Country	. 314
59.	Carbon Emission Disclosure in Manufacturing Companies in Indonesia Bangun Tri Saputro, Basuki	. 320
60.	The Effectivity of Brain Gym and Memory Games Therapy for Improving Cognitive Function in Elderly People with Dementia	. 326
61.	Effects of Intensity of Reading Short Stories Activites and Retelling the Story on Elderly Cognitive Impairment Devi Ayu Kumalasari, Hanik Endang Nihayati, Elida Ulfiana, Rista Fauziningtyas	. 332
62.	The Influence of Dhakonan Games to Impede Dementia in Elders Mita Nur Lathifah, Joni Haryanto, Rista Fauziningtyas	. 338
63.	The Effect of Indomethacin and Ambon Banana Stem Extract (<i>Musa paradisiaca var. sapientum</i>) on Ileum Histopathology of Indomethacin-induced Rats (<i>Rattus novergicus</i>) <i>Dian Afikasari, Kadek Rachmawati, Romziah Sidik</i>	. 343
64.	Attenuation of <i>Eimeria tenella</i> with Immersion Various Concentration of Formaldehyde in Inducing Protective Immunity after Challenge Test by Featuring Macroscopic and Microscopic Caecum <i>Rizki Rohmah Armiani, Muchammad Yunus, Chairul Anwar Nidom</i>	349
65.	The Potential of Immune Response Improvement through <i>Brucella abortus</i> Outer Membrane Protein a Whole <i>Brucella abortus</i> S19 Vaccinations on White Pulp Diameter of <i>Lepus nigricollis</i>	
66.	The Effect of Adding Moringa Leave (Moringa oleifera) to Male Broiler Feed Mien Qurrati A'yuni Muis, Kadek Rachmawati, Mohammad Anam Al Arif	. 360
67.	The Effect of Vitamin on Wistar Rats' Testicle s Exposed to Lethal Insecticide Gabriella Ayu Pitaloka, Kusnoto, Thomas Valentinus Widiyatno	. 365
68.	The Potency of Formalin in Atenuation of Pathogenicity in <i>Eimeria Tenella</i> at the Caecum of Broiler Chicken <i>Enik Setyowati, Muchammad Yunus, Dadik Rahardjo</i>	. 370
69.	Fasciolosis Prevalence on Several Cattle Breeds Kurnia Winda Pratiwi, Setiawan Koesdarto, Nenny Harijani	. 376
70.	BPJS Kesehatan Patients Satisfaction on Pharmaceutical Services in Community Health Center (PUSKESMAS)—South Surabaya Area Assyifa Ilmi Auliya, I Nyoman Wijaya, Catur Dian Setiawan, Gesnita Nugraheni	. 380
71.	The Effect of Lower Extremity Massage with Lavender Essential Oil on Decreasing Blood Pressure in Elderly with Hypertension in UPTD Griya Werdha Surabaya Fatih Haris Maulana, Joni Haryanto, Elida Ulfiana	. 386
72.	Fine Motor Skill and Cognition Development in Children with Autism Using Finger Painting Method Okgi Tiara, Ah Yusuf, Rr. Dian Tristiana	392

V

73.	The Effectiveness of Afternoon Sunbath in Improving Elderly Sleep Quality Zaenal Abidin, Harmayetty, Deni Yasmara	398
74.	Family Burden and Coping in Family Caregivers of Patients with Schizophrenia	404
75.	Antibacterial Activities of Extract n-Butanol-Methanol (1:1) Filtrat of the Fermentation Results of <i>Streptomyces sp.</i> B10 Against <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> H37Rv: An Experimental Study	. 409
76.	The Correlation between Goat Maintenance Management to the Incidence of Gastrointestinal Parasite Infections Zahrotul Hurriyyah, Nunuk Dyah Retno Lastuti, Lianny Nangoi	415
77.	Histopathology of Esophagus and Crop of Pigeon (Columbia livia) Infected by Trichomonas gallinae Aprilia Eva Widiawati, Muchamad Yunus, Thomas V Widijatno	420
78.	The Effectiveness of Back Exercise for the Reduction of Low Back Pain Prevalence on the Emergency Room Nurses Dinda Nur Fajri Hidayati Bunga, Harmayetty, Candra Panji Asmoro	427
79.	The Effect of Breeding Management on the Prevalence and Trematode Infection Degree in Calves Haris Setiawan, Kusnoto, Mas'ud Hariadi	433
80.	The Effectiveness of <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> Leaf Extract as Hepatoprotector in Liver Damage of Hyperglycemic <i>Mus musculus</i>	439
81.	The Relationship between the Forms of Social Interactions and the Life Quality of the Elderly Muthmainnah, Elida Ulfiana, Setho Hadisuyatmana	445
82.	Educational Game Methods of Attaching Images to Slide Calendar towards School-Age Children's Knowledge and Attitudes on Choosing Healthy Snacks	451
83.	The Correlation between Dementia Severity and Caregiver Burden Level in Community Eryin Sulistyani, Joni Haryanto, Makhfudli	457
84.	An Exploratory Study in the Indonesian Archipelago: Are There Influenza B Virus (B-Victoria Sub-Type) in the Bat's Respiratory Organs?	462

Importance of Collaborative Intervention of Preconception Nutrition in Suppressing the Stunting Case in East Nusa Tenggara, Indonesia

Jeffrey Jap¹, Sri Sumarmi², Nyoman Anita Damayanti³

¹Doctoral Student, Program of Public Health, ²Lecturer, Department of Health Nutrition, ³Lecturer, Department of Health Administration and Policy, Faculty of Public Health, Universitas Airlangga, Surabaya, Indonesia

ABSTRACT

The result of Basic Health Research (Riskesdas) in 2013 on stunting case (short stature) in Indonesia reaches 37.2%. The basic cause of this stunting is due to anemia on women in pregnancy (37.1%). Malnutrition cases become one essential threat for women in pregnancy in Indonesia and East Nusa Tenggara in particular. In East Nusa Tenggara province, this stunting case is still a problem that requires immediate treatment. This can be seen from the proportion of stunted toddlers which is more than 50%. The purpose of this research was to find a form of collaborative intervention in order to cope with the stunting issues with specific targets for preconception mothers.

The type of descriptive research was literature study with qualitative approach.

The result indicated that the collaborative intervention related to preconception nutrition was to prevent the occurrence of anemia on women in pregnancy which endedup in stunting. Therefore, it was necessary to collaborate on all parties to intervene, especially during the preconception period.

Keywords: Collaboration, Preconception Nutrition, Stunting, Malnutrition

Introduction

Nutrition is a very important thing in life. Humans can perform all the works optimally if all the nutritional needs are fulfilled. Nutrition becomes the determinant of the quality of Human Resources (HR) of a nation.¹ Indonesia itself has been dealing with nutritional problems for a long time and has been included in 17 countries out of 117 countries with high prevalence of stunting (37.2%), wasting (12.1%) and overweight (11.9%) on toddlers.²

Corresponding Author: Jeffrey Jap Doctoral Student, Program of Public Health, Faculty of Public Health, Universitas Airlangga, Surabaya, Indonesia Jl. Mulyorejo Surabaya, Indonesia Email: japjeffrey@yahoo.com

Basic Health Research Results (Riskesdas) in 2013 shows that the most case of nutritional problems on toddlers in Indonesia is stunting (short stature) that reaches 37.2%. This is in line with the number of anemia case on women in pregnancy that reaches 37.1%. Stunting case becomes one threat for women in pregnancy in Indonesia and East Nusa Tenggara in particular. In East Nusa Tenggara Province, the number of stunted children is even higher, which is 51.77%. In fact, one of the districts in East Nusa Tenggara, namely South Central Timor (TTS) has stunting prevalence of 70.5%.³ This figure is above Afghanistan, which ranks highest in the world with the stunting prevalence of 59%.⁴ This is directly proportional to the economic condition of East Nusa Tenggara which is in the order of the three respectively poorest provinces in Indonesia; Papua 28.40 percent, West Papua 25.73 percent, and East Nusa Tenggara 22.58 percent.²

In other words, the quality of the baby born depends on the mother's nutritional status before and during pregnancy or preconception.⁵ A pregnant woman will give birth to a healthy baby if the level of health and nutrition are in good status. However, there are still many pregnant women who have nutritional problems, especially malnutrition such as Chronic Energy Deficiency (CED) and nutrition anemia.⁶

Pregnant women who suffer from CED and anemia have greater risk of illness, especially in the third trimester of pregnancy compared with normal pregnant women.⁶ As a result, they have a greater risk of having a baby with Low Birth Weight (LBW), death during bleeding, laborious postpartum delivery for being weak and they are also vulnerable to have health problems. Generally, infants born with Low Birth Weight (LBW) cannot absorb new environmental stresses optimally, which may result in stunted growth and development, and it is considered as stunting.⁵

Material and Method

This research was a descriptive research type of literature study with qualitative approach. The use of qualitative method aimed to obtain data not only measured mathematically but explored its meaning. The main data sources in qualitative research were documents and journals.⁷ Journals taken based on titles with keywords; collaboration between LBW preconception nutrition. Inclusion criteria; 1) Related to collaboration, LBW and preconception nutrition, 2) International journals indexed by schopus. Exclusion criteria; 1) Year published from 2013 - 2018, 2) Having complete journal access. The number of journals can be as many as 75 journals and after passing the inclusion and exclusion criteria of 35 filtered journals.

Findings

Stunting and Nutrition Issues in the Preconception Period: The cause of nutritional problems was very complex. Mothers' preconception nutrition had a significant contribution in cases of malnutrition and stunting in children. The table 1 shows that Chronic Energy Deficiency (CED) in those who are pregnant tends to be higher than those who are not pregnant. This condition will affect the growth and development of the fetus in the womb.⁸ Therefore, the mother should be prepared as well as possible in order not to encounter CED during the pregnancy. If it is not anticipated as early as possible, then it will end up in Low Birth Weight (LBW) as in the table 2.

A 50	CED proportion	
Age	Pregnant	Not pregnant
15-19	38.5	46.6
20-24	30.1	30.6
25-29	20.9	19.3
30-34	21.4	13.6
35-39	17.3	11.3
40-44	17.6	10.7
45-49	20.7	11.6

Table 1: Figure of CED on Mothers

Source: Riskesdas 2013

Deby?g weight	LBW percentage	
Baby's weight	2010	2013
< 2500 g	11.1	10.2
2500-399 g	82.	85.0
> 4000 g	6.4	6.8

Source: Riskesdas 2013

The central and local governments have made many breakthroughs to fix this problem, and after tracing it turned out that the intervention was much more focused at the time of conception and afterwards, such as; with PMT program, complementary feedinng, improvement of posyandu service and community empowerment. PMT program denotes a program done by the government to improve children's nutrition status by giving additional food to the children with malnutrition status or less nutrition status. Posyandu constitutes a regular program for family planning and integrated health, to give optimal health service for children under 5 years old. The result indicated that the stunting prevalence was still high and tendency of reduction was still very slowly. Basic Health Research (Riskesdas) results in 2013 put East Nusa Tenggara in the position far above the national average with 51.77% of stunting prevalence. Not to mention, one of the districts in East Nusa Tenggara which is South Central Timor (TTS) has 70.5% of stunting prevalence. This figure is above Afghanistan which ranks highest in the world with 59% of Stunting prevalence.³

Discussion

The relationship between Micronutrients and Maternal Nutrition Status in Preconception will be presented below. Micronutrients are the nutrients needed by the humans' body in small amounts, but have a very important role in the formation of hormones, enzyme activity and regulate the function of the immune system and reproductive system¹¹. Micronutrients are vitamins (both water soluble and fat soluble) and minerals. Minerals are divided into two groups: macro-minerals and micro-minerals. Macro-minerals are minerals that the body needs at least 100 mg per day (e.g. calcium, phosphorus), whereas micro-minerals (trace elements) are minerals that the body needs which less than 100 mg per day (e.g. zinc, iron).¹⁰

There are also micro-minerals which are needed only a few micrograms per day, such as cuprum and molybdenum. Micronutrients are obtained from outside the body such as from food or supplements, because the body is unable to produce it in sufficient amount in accordance with the needs of the body. Micronutrients are extremely needed by the body, even though the body only needs very small amount of it.¹¹

For breastfeeding mothers, micronutrient status will determine the health, growth and development of infants who are breastfed, especially at the age of the first 6 months after the baby was born. Therefore, it is necessary to prepare before the conception period.¹² The things which are prepared include preparing the prospective mother by providing nutritious nutritional intake so that there will be no micronutrients deficiency during the conception.¹³

Here are some essential micronutrients that must be met during preconception; 1) Vitamin A; Vitamin A has really important roles in the preconception period, such as, boosting immunity, cell differentiation (cell shape and function changes), reproduction (keeping fertility to enter the conception), preparation of embryo growth, and growth and development of cells, including bones and teeth.¹¹ 2) Iron; Iron is an essential mineral for the formation of haemoglobin which serves to carry oxygen from the lungs to all body tissues, electrons into cells, and form the necessary iron nutrient enzymes for cellular energy production, immune system, and brain function. During this preconception, iron has extremely important role to prevent iron deficiency during pregnancy and birth6. If this is done, then there will be no baby stunting 3) Zinc; This is very important to be noticed by prospective mothers especially during the preconception period.¹² 4) Iodine; Iodine is an important component in thyroid hormone synthesis, a hormone that regulates

body temperature, basic metabolism, reproduction, growth and development, red blood cell formation and muscle and nerve function.¹⁴

The results of research conducted by Sumarmi et al (2017) provide an illustration that there is a relationship between the mother's body mass-index with micronutrient intake. So, the intake is necessary to prevent the occurrence of anemia on the mothers.¹⁵

Solutions directly, nutrition problems are caused by low nutrient intake and health problems.¹⁶ In addition, nutrient intake and health problems are two things that affect each other.¹⁷ The indirect effect is the availability of food, the pattern of care and the availability of clean water, sanitation and health services.

Actually, East Nusa Tenggara already has the authorized capital to make a total revolution both for the micro and macro level. At the micro level, East Nusa Tenggara has REVOLUSI KIA program, which is a program to decrease the number of both mother andbaby's death during childbirth. This program has clearly decreased maternal mortality from 330 deaths (2008) to 128 (2015) and infant mortality from 1274 (2008) to 965 (2015). However, this program has not pressed the number of stunting.¹⁸

One thing that causes why the mentioned figures is difficult to decrease because there is no maximum intervention in preconception.¹⁹ Preconception must be intervened not only by all health workers but all parties within the range of human life.5 Health workers should be the leaders in this matter. Quality nutrition services to women in preconception can be realized if all the existing professions in the Community Health Center (Puskesmas) and their networks and the public are able to perform collaborative health services by implementing six strategic steps as stated by Previous study describes the role of each health worker in the hospital is an effort to overcome the problem of nutrition through six things, namely; 1) creating work culture in the workplace, 2) affirming the role of nutrition in health, 3) determining diagnosis, 4) doing quick and precise intervention, and follow-up monitoring; 5) communicating and planning related nutrition issues well, 6) developing further handling of post-intervention and continuing education related to nutrition. In addition, collaboration is also needed from other parties outside the health sector.¹⁶ Collaboration with all other related sectors, either directly or indirectly, can provide a positive contribution.²⁰ The Community Health Center (puskesmas) is necessary to create a preconception period that is fully prepared and well-done towards conception.²¹

REFERENCES

- Azétsop J, Joy TR. Access to nutritious food, socioeconomic individualism and public health ethics in the USA: a common good approach. Philosophy, Ethics, and Humanities in Medicine. 2013 Dec;8(1):16.
- 2. Hanandita W, Tampubolon G. The double burden of malnutrition in Indonesia: Social determinants and geographical variations. SSM-population health. 2015 Dec 1;1:16-25.
- 3. Indonesia KK. Basic Health Research 2013. Jakarta: Health Research and Development Agency RI. 2013.
- 4. Akseer N, Salehi AS, Hossain SM, Mashal MT, Rasooly MH, Bhatti Z, Rizvi A, Bhutta ZA. Achieving maternal and child health gains in Afghanistan: a Countdown to 2015 country case study. The Lancet Global Health. 2016 Jun 1;4(6):e395-413.
- De Onis M, Branca F. Childhood stunting: a global perspective. Maternal & child nutrition. 2016 May;12:12-26.
- Abu-Ouf NM, Jan MM. The impact of maternal iron deficiency and iron deficiency anemia on child's health. Saudi medical journal. 2015;36(2):146.
- 7. Yilmaz K. Comparison of quantitative and qualitative research traditions: Epistemological, theoretical, and methodological differences. European Journal of Education. 2013 Jun;48(2):311-25.
- De Alencar Britto RP, Florêncio TM, Silva AA, Sesso R, Cavalcante JC, Sawaya AL. Influence of maternal height and weight on low birth weight: a cross-sectional study in poor communities of northeastern Brazil. PLoS One. 2013 Nov 11;8(11):e80159.
- 9. Allen LH, De Benoist B, Dary O, Hurrell R, World Health Organization. 2006. Guidelines on food fortification with micronutrients.
- Quattrini S, Pampaloni B, Brandi ML. Natural mineral waters: chemical characteristics and health effects. Clinical Cases in Mineral and Bone Metabolism. 2016 Sep;13(3):173.

Another factor that should be well considered is the state of the family itself, one of them is the level of education. An improved level of education will have an opportunity to get better jobs where income is also more regular and in greater amount.²² In addition, if low levels of education do not improve the socioeconomic conditions, that will end up in stunting (short stature) and malnutrition.²³ Then the intervention of the government and all the people is necessary, especially the environment in which the mother lives. Another study on 115 families with toddlers in 2014 with householdlevel food diversity. The result shows that there is a relationship between food diversity and income (number and type).²⁴ The poor are often able to survive and even rise again, especially when they have a network or social order that protects and saves them.²²

The role of government in community empowerment becomes one of the alternative solutions. The bottom line is on improving the family economy.²⁵ Government through various policies should pay more attention to improve family nutrition. With the presence of village funds and village-focused development, it is expected to boost the improvement of specialized micro-nutrients in the preconception period.¹⁵

Conclusions

Based on the exposure in the analysis and discussion in the preceding section, here are the main conclusions of the study. That preconception nutrition was very important to prevent stunting in children in East Nusa Tenggara. Therefore, it is necessary to have collaboration among the health professions and other related sectors to improve nutrition in the preconception period.

Conflict of Interest: There is no conflict of interest for every author.

Source of Funding: This research funded by self-funded

Ethical Clearance: There are no human participants involved in this research. However the procedure of this research had already gotten ethical approval of Health Research Ethics Committee, Faculty of Public Health, Univeritas Airlangga.

Informed Consent: This research used secondary data. No informed consent needed.

- 11. Godfrey KM, Cutfield W, Chan SY, Baker PN, Chong YS. Nutritional Intervention Preconception and During Pregnancy to Maintain Healthy Glucose Metabolism and Offspring Health ("NiPPeR"): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials. 2017 Dec;18(1):131.
- 12. Nguyen PH, Young M, Gonzalez-Casanova I, Pham HQ, Nguyen H, Truong TV, Nguyen SV, Harding KB, Reinhart GA, Martorell R, Ramakrishnan U. Impact of preconception micronutrient supplementation on anemia and iron status during pregnancy and postpartum: a randomized controlled trial in rural Vietnam. PloS one. 2016 Dec 5;11(12):e0167416.
- Gonzalez-Casanova I, Nguyen P, Hao W, Pham H, Truong T, Nguyen S, Martorell R, Ramakrishnan U. Preconception anemia and birth outcomes in Vietnam (804.6). The FASEB Journal. 2014 Apr;28(1_supplement):804-6.
- Ízaltin E, Hill K, Subramanian SV. Association of maternal stature with offspring mortality, underweight, and stunting in low-to middle-income countries. Jama. 2010 Apr 21;303(15):1507-16.
- Hoddinott J, Alderman H, Behrman JR, Haddad L, Horton S. The economic rationale for investing in stunting reduction. Maternal & Child Nutrition. 2013 Sep;9:69-82.
- 16. Tappenden KA, Quatrara B, Parkhurst ML, Malone AM, Fanjiang G, Ziegler TR. Critical role of nutrition in improving quality of care: an interdisciplinary call to action to address adult hospital malnutrition. Journal of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition. 2013 Jul;37(4):482-97.
- 17. Caswell JA, Yaktine AL, National Research Council. Individual, Household, and Environmental Factors Affecting Food Choices and Access. InSupplemental Nutrition Assistance Program: Examining the Evidence to Define

Benefit Adequacy 2013 Apr 23. National Academies Press (US).

- East Nusa Tenggara Health Profile 2015. Dinas Kesehatan Provinsi NTT; 2015. Kupang.
- Tuomainen H, Cross-Bardell L, Bhoday M, Qureshi N, Kai J. Opportunities and challenges for enhancing preconception health in primary care: qualitative study with women from ethnically diverse communities. BMJ open. 2013 Jul 1;3(7):e002977.
- 20. Sinha B, Taneja S, Chowdhury R, Mazumder S, Rongsen-Chandola T, Upadhyay RP, Martines J, Bhandari N, Bhan MK. Low-birthweight infants born to short-stature mothers are at additional risk of stunting and poor growth velocity: Evidence from secondary data analyses. Maternal & child nutrition. 2018 Jan;14(1):e12504.
- Stutsky BJ, Spence Laschinger HK. Development and testing of a conceptual framework for interprofessional collaborative practice. Health and Interprofessional Practice. 2014;2(2):7.
- Magnuson K, Shager H. Early education: Progress and promise for children from low-income families. Children and Youth Services Review. 2010 Sep 1;32(9):1186-98.
- 23. Prendergast AJ, Humphrey JH. The stunting syndrome in developing countries. Paediatrics and international child health. 2014 Nov 1;34(4):250-65.
- 24. Amugsi DA, Mittelmark MB, Oduro A. Association between maternal and child dietary diversity: an analysis of the Ghana demographic and health survey. PloS one. 2015 Aug 25;10(8):e0136748.
- Yang Z, Huffman SL. Nutrition in pregnancy and early childhood and associations with obesity in developing countries. Maternal & child nutrition. 2013 Jan;9:105-19.

Call for Papers/Article Submission

The editor invites scholarly articles that contribute to the development and understanding of all aspects of Public Health and all medical specialties. All manuscripts are double blind peer reviewed. If there is a requirement, medical statistician review statistical content. Invitation to submit paper; A general invitation is extended to authors to submit papers for publication in IJPHRD.

The following guidelines should be noted:

- The article must be submitted by e-mail only. Hard copy not needed. Send article an attachment in e-mail.
- The article should be accompanied by a declaration from all authors that it is an original work and has not been sent to any other journal for publication.
- As a policy matter, journal encourages articles regarding new concepts and new information.
- Article should have a Title
- Names of authors
- Your affiliation (designations with college address)
- Abstract
- Keywords
- Introduction or background
- Material and Method
- Findings
- Discussion
- Conclusion
- Interest of conflict
- Source of Funding
- Ethical Clearance
- References in Vancouver style.
- Please quote references in text by superscripting
- Word limit 2500-3000 words, MSWORD Format, single file.

All articles should be sent to: editor.ijphrd@gmail.com

Our Contact Info:

Institute of Medico-Legal Publications

Logix Office Tower, Unit No. 1704, Logix City Centre Mall, Sector-32, Noida-201 301 (Uttar Pradesh) Mob.: 09971888542, E-mail: editor,ijphrd@gmail.com Website: www.ijphrd.com



Indian Journal of Public Health Research & Development

CALL FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS

About the Journal

Print-ISSN: 0976-0245 Electronic-ISSN: 0976-5506, Frequency: Monthly

Indian Journal of Public Heath Research & Development is a double blind peer reviewed international Journal. The frequency is Monthly. It deals with all aspects of Public Health including Community Medicine, Public Health, Epidemiology, Occupational Health, Environmental Hazards, Clinical Research, Public Health Laws and covers all medical specialties concerned with research and development for the masses. The Journal strongly encourages reports of research carried out within Indian continent and South East Asia.

The journal has been assigned international standards (ISSN) serial number and is indexed with Index Copernicus (Poland). It is also brought to notice that the journal is being covered by many international databases.

Subscription Information

Journal Title	Print Only
Indian Journal of Public Health Research & Development	₹ 9,000/=

Note for Subscribers

- Advance payment required by cheque/demand draft/bank Transfer in the name of "Institute of Medico-Legal Publications" payable at New Delhi.
- Cancellation not allowed except for duplicate payment.
- Claim must be made within six months from issue date.
- A free copy can be forwarded on request.

Bank Details

Name of Account: Institute of Medico-Legal Publications Pvt Ltd

Bank: HDFC Bank

Branch: Sector-50, Noida-201 301

Account Number: 09307630000146

Type of Account: Current Account

MICR Code: 110240113

RTGS/NEFT code: HDFC0000728

Our Contact Info: Institute of Medico-Legal Publications

Logix Office Tower, Unit No. 1704, Logix City Centre Mall, Sector- 32, Noida-201 301 (Uttar Pradesh) Phone: +91 120 429 4015; Mobile: +91 997 188 8542 Email: editor.ijphrd@gmail.com | Website: www.ijphrd.com

Published, Printed and Owned: Dr. R. K. Sharma Printed: Printpack Electrostat, G-2, Eros Apartment, 56-Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019 Published at: Institute of Medico-Legal Publications, Logix Office Tower, Unit No. 1704, Logix City Centre Mall Sector-32, Noida-201 301 (Uttar Pradesh) Editor: Dr. R. K. Sharma, Mobile: +91 997 188 8542